

Measuring Battery Quality

Cells - Modules - Packs

Quality Testing
Maintenance
Inspections
R & D

3561,3561-01



BT3561A



BT3562A



BT3563A



BT3562-01, BT3563-01



BT3564



BT4560



BT3554-50, BT3554-51, BT3554-52



Measuring Battery Quality

A variety of processes must be completed before a battery becomes a finished product and each process level requires an appropriate testing measurement method.

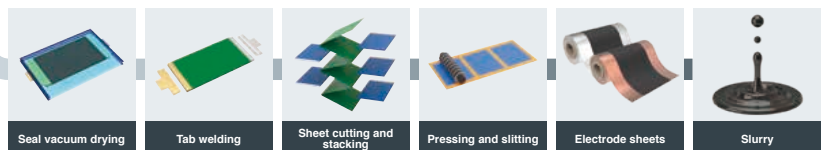
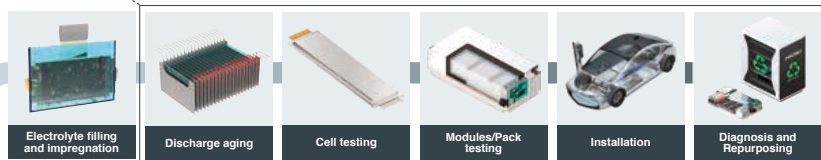
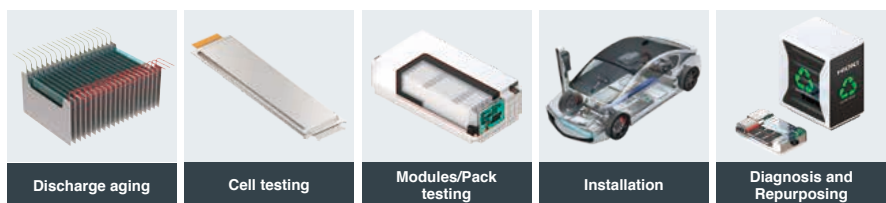
HIOKI battery testers are ideal for use in testing, development and inspections after cell completion.

Quality
Testing

Maintenance
Inspections

R & D

Processes after cell completion



Lithium-ion Battery Production Processes

Acceptance/shipping inspections

Inspect the quality of completed cells, modules, and packs on production lines. Measure internal resistance (AC-IR) and open-circuit voltage (OCV) to check battery quality.



Quality
Testing
P.6 to P.16

Measuring open-circuit voltage with a high degree of precision

Learn more
P.9

High-precision OCV measurement makes it possible to detect defects earlier in the production process.



Increasing the number of test channels

Learn more
P.14, P.15

Increase the number of test channels and automatically switch between them while measuring.



Diagnosing degradation in batteries

Diagnose whether batteries embedded in a UPS or other system have degraded.

Maintenance
Inspections
P.17



Analyzing batteries

Analyze the battery characteristics by frequency sweep impedance measurement and equivalent circuit analysis.



Analyzing fuel cells (FCs)

Measure the internal resistance (1 kHz) of fuel cells during cycle testing.



R & D
P.18 - P.21

Measuring impedance over a broader frequency band

Learn more
P.19

Broaden the measurement frequency range.







Performing dynamic impedance measurement

Learn more
P.20, P.21





Measure the impedance of fuel cells or LIBs during cycle testing.



Battery tester lineup

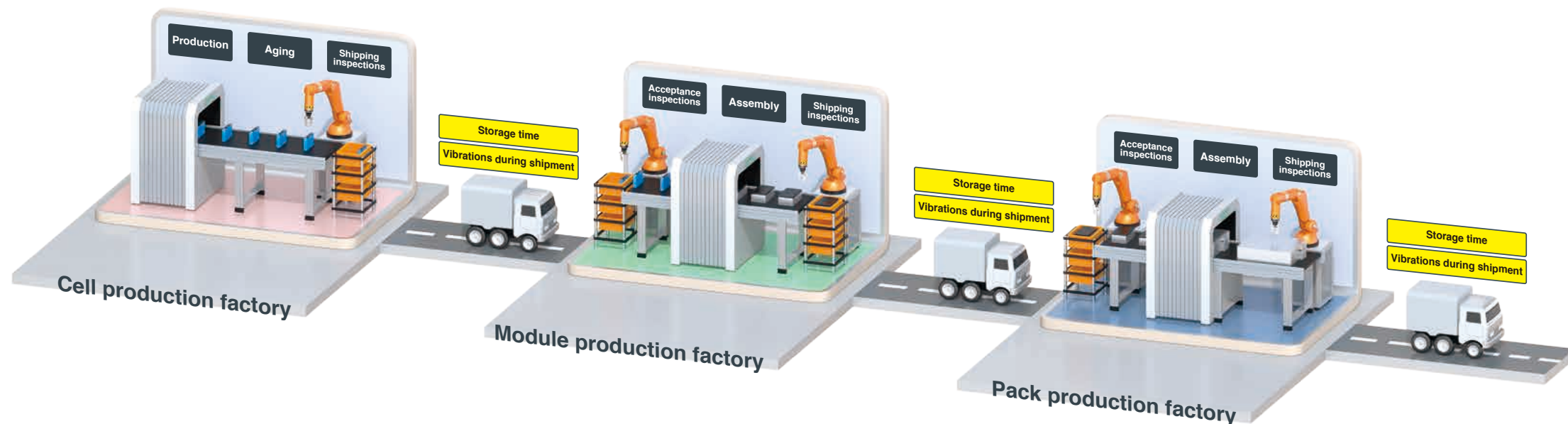
Application		Acceptance/shipping inspections					
		Small cells for general purpose High speed sorting	Small cells for power motors Small packs of up to 60 V	Large cells for xEVs Mid-sized packs of up to 100 V	Large packs for xEVs Large packs of up to 300 V		
Model		3561, 3561-01	BT3561A	BT3562A	BT3563A		
Appearance			NEW 	NEW 	NEW 		
Measurement method		AC four-terminal method	AC four-terminal method	AC four-terminal method	AC four-terminal method		
Measurement frequency		1 kHz ±0.2 Hz	1 kHz ±0.2 Hz	1 kHz ±0.2 Hz	1 kHz ±0.2 Hz		
Rated input voltage		±22 V DC	±60 V DC	±100 V DC	±300 V DC		
Maximum rated voltage to earth		±60 V DC	±60 V DC	±100 V DC	±300 V DC		
Measurement parameters	Resistance measurement ranges	3 mΩ	N/A	N/A	3.1000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 100 mA	3.1000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 100 mA	
		30 mΩ	N/A	31.000 mΩ, 1 μΩ, 100 mA	31.000 mΩ, 1 μΩ, 100 mA	31.000 mΩ, 1 μΩ, 100 mA	
		300 mΩ	310.00 mΩ, 10 μΩ, 10 mA	310.00 mΩ, 10 μΩ, 10 mA	310.00 mΩ, 10 μΩ, 10 mA	310.00 mΩ, 10 μΩ, 10 mA	
		3 Ω	3.1000 Ω, 100 μΩ, 1 mA	3.1000 Ω, 100 μΩ, 1 mA	3.1000 Ω, 100 μΩ, 1 mA	3.1000 Ω, 100 μΩ, 1 mA	
		30 Ω	N/A	31.000 Ω, 1 mΩ, 100 μA	31.000 Ω, 1 mΩ, 100 μA	31.000 Ω, 1 mΩ, 100 μA	
	Max. display, resolution, measurement current	300 Ω	N/A	310.00 Ω, 10 mΩ, 10 μA	310.00 Ω, 10 mΩ, 10 μA	310.00 Ω, 10 mΩ, 10 μA	
		3 kΩ	N/A	3.1000 kΩ, 100 mΩ, 10 μA	3.1000 kΩ, 100 mΩ, 10 μA	3.1000 kΩ, 100 mΩ, 10 μA	
		Basic accuracy	3 mΩ range	N/A	N/A	±0.5% rdg ±10 dgt	±0.5% rdg ±10 dgt
			30 mΩ range or more	±0.5% rdg ±5 dgt	±0.5% rdg ±5 dgt	±0.5% rdg ±5 dgt	±0.5% rdg ±5 dgt
			6 V	N/A	6.000 0 V, 10 μV	6.000 0 V, 10 μV	6.000 0 V, 10 μV
	Voltage measurement ranges	20 V	19.999 9 V, 100 μV	N/A	N/A	N/A	
		60 V	N/A	60.000 0 V, 100 μV	60.000 0 V, 100 μV	60.000 0 V, 100 μV	
		100 V	N/A	N/A	100.000 V, 1 mV	N/A	
		Max. display, resolution	300 V	N/A	N/A	N/A	300.000 V, 1 mV
			1000 V	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Basic accuracy	±0.01% rdg ±3 dgt		±0.01% rdg ±3 dgt	±0.01% rdg ±3 dgt	±0.01% rdg ±3 dgt		
Response time ^{*1}		3 ms	10 ms	10 ms	10 ms		
Sampling period ^{*2}		Ω or V	4 ms, 12 ms, 35 ms, 150 ms	4 ms, 12 ms, 35 ms, 150 ms	4 ms, 12 ms, 35 ms, 150 ms		
EX FAST, FAST, MEDIUM, SLOW		QV	7 ms, 23 ms, 69 ms, 252 ms	8 ms, 24 ms, 70 ms, 253 ms	8 ms, 24 ms, 70 ms, 253 ms		
Allowable total line resistance ^{*1,3} (error detection) Ranges: 3 mΩ, 30 mΩ, 300 mΩ, 3 Ω		SENSE line	N/A, N/A, 20 Ω, 20 Ω	N/A, 6.5 Ω, 30 Ω, 30 Ω	6.5 Ω, 6.5 Ω, 30 Ω, 30 Ω	6.5 Ω, 6.5 Ω, 30 Ω, 30 Ω	
		SOURCE line	N/A, N/A, 50 Ω, 500 Ω	N/A, 5.5 Ω, 15 Ω, 150 Ω	5.5 Ω, 5.5 Ω, 15 Ω, 150 Ω	5.5 Ω, 5.5 Ω, 15 Ω, 150 Ω	
Open terminal voltage Ranges: 30 mΩ or less, 300 mΩ, 3 Ω or more		N/A, 7 V, 7 V peak	25 V, 7 V, 4 V peak	25 V, 7 V, 4 V peak	25 V, 7 V, 4 V peak		
Interface	LAN (TCP/IP, 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX)	N/A	YES	YES	YES		
	RS-232C ^{*4} (Max. 38400 bps)	YES	YES	YES	YES		
	USB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	GP-IB	YES (3561-01 Only)	N/A	N/A	N/A		
	EXT I/O (37-pin Handler interface)	YES (36-pin)	YES	YES	YES		
	Analog output (DC 0 V to 3.1 V)	N/A	YES	YES	YES		
	Contact check	YES	YES	YES	YES		
Function	Zero adjustment (±1000 counts)	YES	YES	YES	YES		
	Measurement current pulse output	N/A	YES	YES	YES		
	Comparator	Hi/ IN/ Lo	Hi/ IN/ Lo	Hi/ IN/ Lo	Hi/ IN/ Lo		
	Statistical calculations	Max. 30,000	Max. 30,000	Max. 30,000	Max. 30,000		
	Delay	YES	YES	YES	YES		
	Average	2 to 16 times	2 to 16 times	2 to 16 times	2 to 16 times		
	Panel saving/loading	126	126	126	126		
	Memory storage	400	400	400	400		
	LabVIEW [®] driver ^{*5}	YES	YES	YES	YES		
	Applicable standards		Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A	
Effect of radiated radio-frequency electromagnetic field		Resistant ^{*6}	Resistant ^{*6}	Resistant ^{*6}	Resistant ^{*6}		
		N/A	Resistant	Resistant	Resistant		
Effect of conducted radiofrequency electromagnetic field		3 V	Resistant	Resistant	Resistant		
CE		YES	YES	YES	YES		
CSA ^{*7}		N/A	YES	YES	YES		
Dimensions • Weight		215W × 80H × 295D mm (8.46W × 3.15H × 11.61D in) 2.4 kg (84.66 oz)	215W × 80H × 295D mm (8.46W × 3.15H × 11.61D in) 2.4 kg (84.66 oz)	215W × 80H × 295D mm (8.46W × 3.15H × 11.61D in) 2.4 kg (84.66 oz)	215W × 80H × 295D mm (8.46W × 3.15H × 11.61D in) 2.4 kg (84.66 oz)		

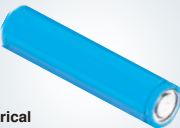
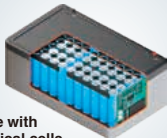
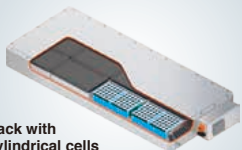

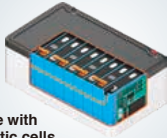
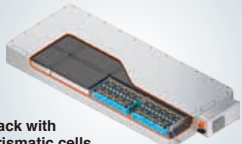

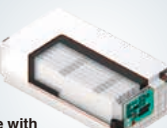
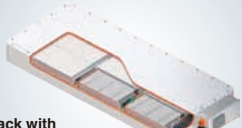
*1: Typical value *2: When the power supply frequency is 60 Hz *3: Total line resistance = wiring resistance + contact resistance + DUT resistance *4: Available as printer I/F
*5: LabVIEW® Driver is a registered trademark of National Instruments Corporation *6: Test conditions were 80 MHz to 1 GHz at 10 V/m and 1 GHz to 6 GHz at 3 V/m, all at 80% AM
*7: Canadian Standards Association

Application		Acceptance/shipping inspections		R & D	Maintenance
		Extra large packs for xEV, ESS 1000 V high voltage model	GP-IB model	Cells or packs up to 20 V Degree of deterioration for reuse	Large-scale UPS
Model		BT3564	BT3562-01 BT3563-01	BT4560	BT3554-50 ^{*10} BT3554-51 ^{*10} BT3554-52 ^{*10}
Appearance		Special specifications for FCs available 		Special specifications for 10 kHz available (Refer to P.19) 	NEW 
Measurement method		AC four-terminal method	AC four-terminal method	AC four-terminal pair method	AC four-terminal method
Measurement frequency		1 kHz ±0.2 Hz	1 kHz ±0.2 Hz	0.10 Hz to 1050 Hz	1 kHz ±80 Hz
Rated input voltage		±1000 V DC	BT3562-01: ±70 V DC BT3563-01: ±300 V DC	±5 V DC Special specification supports up to ±20 V DC	±60 V DC
Maximum rated voltage to earth		±1000 V DC	BT3562-01: ±60 V DC BT3563-01: ±300 V DC	SOURCE-H, SENSE-H: ±5 V DC SOURCE-L, SENSE-L: 0 V DC	±60 V DC
Measurement parameters	Resistance measurement ranges	3 mΩ	3.1000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 100 mA	3.1000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 100 mA	Resistance (R) 3.6000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 1.5 A 12.0000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 500 mA 120.000 mΩ, 1 μΩ, 50 mA [The number of waveforms] Frequency: FAST, MEDIUM, SLOW 0.10 Hz to 66 Hz: 1 wave, 2 waves, 8 waves 67 Hz to 1050 Hz: 8 waves, 32 waves, 128 waves Reactance (X) ±3.6000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 1.5 A ±12.0000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 500 mA ±120.000 mΩ, 1 μΩ, 50 mA Impedance (Z) 3.6000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 1.5 A 12.0000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 500 mA 120.000 mΩ, 1 μΩ, 50 mA Phase angle (θ) ±180.000°, 0.001° [Basic accuracy] Refer to P.19 Voltage (V) ±5.10000 V, 10 μV [Basic accuracy] ±0.0035% rdg ±5 dgt [Sampling period] FAST, MEDIUM, SLOW 0.1 s, 0.4 s, 1.0 s Temperature (°C) -10.0°C to 60.0°C, 0.1°C Allowable total line resistance^{*1,3} (error detection) 3 mΩ, 10 mΩ, 100 mΩ SENSE line: 10 Ω, 15 Ω, 50 Ω SOURCE line: 1.5 Ω, 4 Ω, 45 Ω
		30 mΩ	31.000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 100 mA	31.000 mΩ, 0.1 μΩ, 100 mA	
		300 mΩ	310.00 mΩ, 10 μΩ, 10 mA	310.00 mΩ, 10 μΩ, 10 mA	
		3 Ω	3.1000 Ω, 100 μΩ, 1 mA	3.1000 Ω, 100 μΩ, 1 mA	
		30 Ω	31.000 Ω, 1 mΩ, 100 μA	31.000 Ω, 1 mΩ, 100 μA	
	Max. display, resolution, measurement current	300 Ω	310.00 Ω, 10 mΩ, 10 μA	310.00 Ω, 10 mΩ, 10 μA	
		3 kΩ	3.1000 kΩ, 100 mΩ, 10 μA	3.1000 kΩ, 100 mΩ, 10 μA	
		Basic accuracy	3 mΩ range	±0.5% rdg ±10 dgt ^{*9}	±0.5% rdg ±10 dgt
			30 mΩ range or more	±0.5% rdg ±5 dgt ^{*9}	±0.5% rdg ±5 dgt
			6 V	N/A	6.0000 0 V, 10 μV
10 V	9.999 99 V, 10 μV		N/A		
Voltage measurement ranges	60 V	N/A	60.000 0 V, 100 μV		
	100 V	99.999 9 V, 100 μV	N/A		
	300 V	N/A	300.000 V, 1 mV (BT3563-01 only)		
	1000 V	1100.00 V, 1 mV ^{*9}	N/A		
	Basic accuracy	±0.01% rdg ±3 dgt ^{*9}	±0.01% rdg ±3 dgt		
Response time ^{*1}		700 ms	10 ms		1.6 s
Sampling period ^{*2}	Ω or V	N/A, 12 ms, 35 ms, 253 ms	4 ms, 12 ms, 35 ms, 150 ms		N/A
EX FAST, FAST, MEDIUM, SLOW	QV	N/A, 28 ms, 74 ms, 359 ms	8 ms, 24 ms, 70 ms, 253 ms		100 ms
Allowable total line resistance ^{*1,3} (error detection)	SENSE line	3 Ω, 3 Ω, 20 Ω, 20 Ω	2 Ω, 2 Ω, 15 Ω, 15 Ω		N/A
Ranges: 3 mΩ, 30 mΩ, 300 mΩ, 3 Ω	SOURCE line	3 Ω, 3 Ω, 20 Ω, 200 Ω	2 Ω, 2 Ω, 15 Ω, 150 Ω		N/A
Open terminal voltage		25 V, 7 V, 4 V peak	25 V, 7 V, 4 V peak		5 V max
Ranges: 30 mΩ or less, 300 mΩ, 3 Ω or more					
Interface	LAN (TCP/IP, 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX)	N/A	N/A	N/A	• USB • Wireless communications* (*when Z3210 installed)
	RS-232C ^{*4} (Max. 38400 bps)	YES	YES	YES	
	USB	N/A	N/A	YES	
	GP-IB	YES	YES	N/A	
	EXT I/O (37-pin Handler interface)	YES	YES	YES	• Memory function (Up to 6000 data) • Auto memory function • Auto-hold function • Measurement Navigator (When using Z3210, GENNECT Cross ; Voice guide output) • Auto power-off (Tablet app (GENNECT Cross)) • PC app (GENNECT One) • Comparator function (PASS/ WARNING/ FAIL) • Excel® Direct Input function (When using Z3210)
	Analog output (DC 0 V to 3.1 V)	YES	YES	N/A	
	Contact check	YES	YES	YES	
	Zero adjustment (±1000 counts)	YES	YES	YES ^{*11}	
	Measurement current pulse output	YES	YES	YES	
	Comparator	Hi/ IN/ Lo	Hi/ IN/ Lo	Hi/ IN/ Lo	
Function	Statistical calculations	Max. 30,000	Max. 30,000	N/A	
	Delay	YES	YES	YES	
	Average	2 to 16 times	2 to 16 times	1 to 99 times	
	Panel saving/loading	126	126	126	
	Memory storage	400	400	N/A	
	LabVIEW® driver ^{*5}	N/A	YES	YES	
Applicable standards		Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class A	Safety: EN61010 EMC: EN61326 Class B
Effect of radiated radio-frequency electromagnetic field		Resistant ^{*6}	Resistant ^{*6}	Resistant ^{*6}	Resistant (3 V/m)
Effect of conducted radiofrequency electromagnetic field	10 V	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	3 V	Resistant	Resistant	Resistant	N/A
CE		YES	YES	YES	YES
CSA ^{*7}		N/A	YES	N/A	N/A
Dimensions • Weight		215W × 80H × 329D mm (8.46W × 3.15H × 12.95D in) 2.6 kg (91.71 oz)	215W × 80H × 295D mm (8.46W × 3.15H × 11.61D in) 2.4 kg (84.66 oz)	330W × 80H × 293D mm (13.00W × 3.15H × 11.54D in) 3.7 kg (130.51 oz)	199W × 132H × 60.6D mm (7.83W × 5.20H × 2.39D in) 960 g (33.86 oz)

*8: Average function: When set to ON 4 times *9: Resolution 10 mV for 1000.0 V or more *10: -50: Instrument only, -51: 9465-10 bundle, -52: L2020 bundle
*11: Zero-adjustment range R: ±0.1000 mΩ (3 mΩ range), ±0.3000 mΩ (10 mΩ range), ±3.000 mΩ (100 mΩ range), X: ±1.5000 mΩ (Common for all ranges), V: ±0.10000 V

Measuring battery performance and safety



Cell production plant	Module assembly	Pack assembly
 <p>Cylindrical cell</p>	 <p>Module with cylindrical cells</p>	 <p>Pack with cylindrical cells</p>
 <p>Prismatic cell</p>	 <p>Module with prismatic cells</p>	 <p>Pack with prismatic cells</p>
 <p>Pouch cell</p>	 <p>Module with pouch cells</p>	 <p>Pack with pouch cells</p>

Measuring battery performance and safety using internal resistance (AC-IR) and open-circuit voltage (OCV)

Testing plays an important role in production processes by allowing plants to manufacture safe, high-performance batteries. During shipping and acceptance inspections, technicians assess battery performance by measuring internal resistance and safety by measuring open-circuit voltage.

Our Battery testers meet these needs...

"We want to manufacture batteries with stable performance."

"We want to manufacture highly safe batteries."

Assembly process (from cell batteries to pack batteries)

Cells produced at the cell production factory are shipped to the module production factory after undergoing a shipping inspection. Since factors such as vibrations during shipment and even the passage of time can cause defects, batteries undergo an acceptance inspection before being assembled into modules and packs.

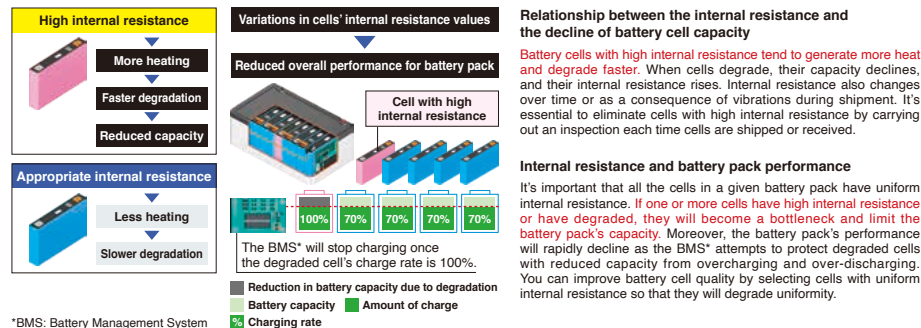
Acceptance/shipping inspections

3561, 3561-01, BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3564, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560

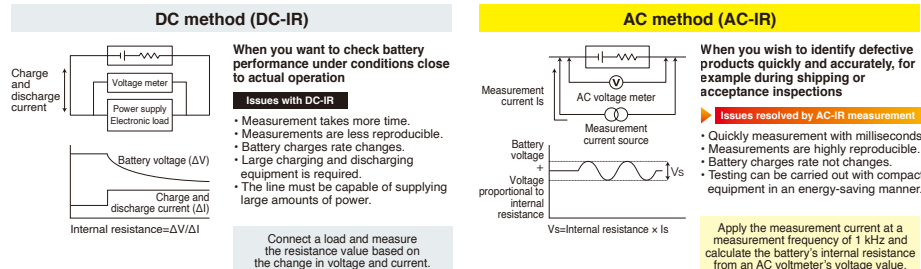
Measuring battery performance and safety

Manufacturing batteries with stable performance

Explanation Battery quality and internal resistance (AC-IR)



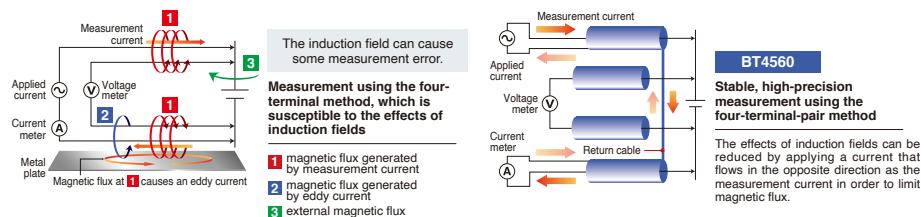
There are two methods for measuring a battery's internal resistance: the AC method and the DC method. Resistance values are known as AC-IR when measured using the AC method, and as DC-IR when measured using the DC method. AC-IR and DC-IR have a complementary relationship, and it's recommended to choose the one that best suits your application, or to carry out both measurements. HIOKI battery testers can perform 4-terminal AC-IR measurement.



Two standards on LIB performance testing, IEC 61960-3/JIS C8711 (for compact equipment) and IEC 62620/JIS C8715-1 (for industrial equipment), describe how to measure internal resistance using the AC method (AC-IR). The method is also used in manufacturing processes for automotive LIB cells, which are required to deliver high levels of performance and safety.

Low-resistance measurement (1 mΩ and lower) for large batteries

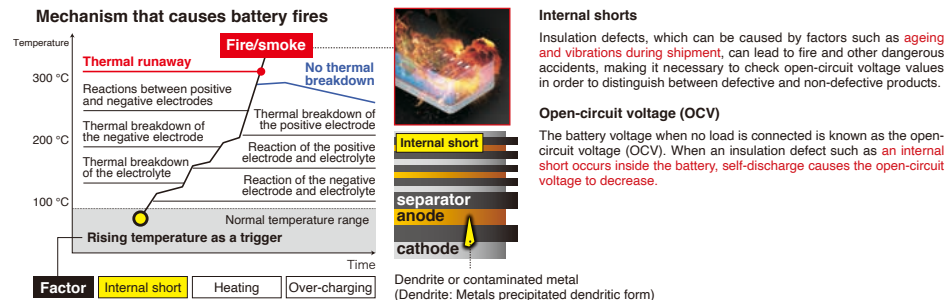
The larger the battery, the lower its internal resistance. Large batteries used in automobiles and infrastructure applications sometimes have internal resistance values of less than 1 mΩ. The BT4560's four-terminal-pair measurement method, which reduces the effects of induction fields, is an optimal solution for accurately measuring such low resistance levels.



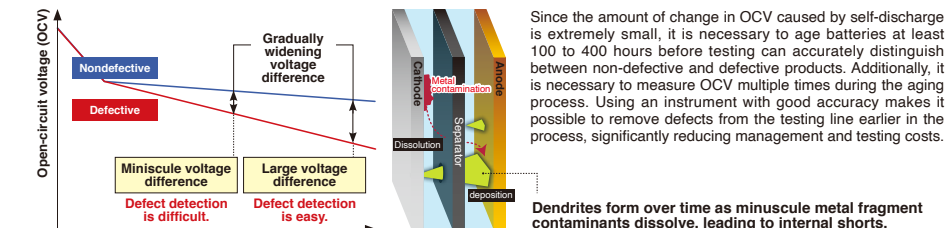
Measuring battery performance and safety

Manufacturing highly safe batteries

Explanation Internal shorts and open-circuit voltage (OCV)



Open-circuit voltage (OCV)



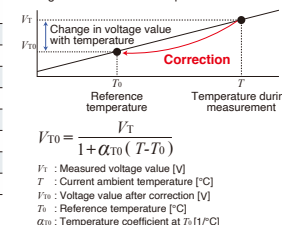
High-accuracy OCV measurement

High-accuracy			
Model	BT356x series	BT4560	DM7276 (DC VOLTMETER)
Appearance			
Recommended range for 4 V measurement	6 V range	5 V range	10 V range
Number of digit, Max. Display	5 1/2 digit, 6,000.00	5 1/2 digit, 5,100.00	7 1/2 digit, 12,000.000
Resolution ¹	10 μV	10 μV	1 μV
Basic accuracy ¹	±0.01% rdg ±3 dgt	±0.0035% rdg ±5 dgt	±0.0009% rdg ±12 μV
Measurement error ^{1,2}	±430 μV	±190 μV	±48 μV
Period of accuracy guarantee	1 year	1 year	1 year
Temperature measurement	N/A	YES	YES
Temperature Compensation Function	N/A	N/A	YES

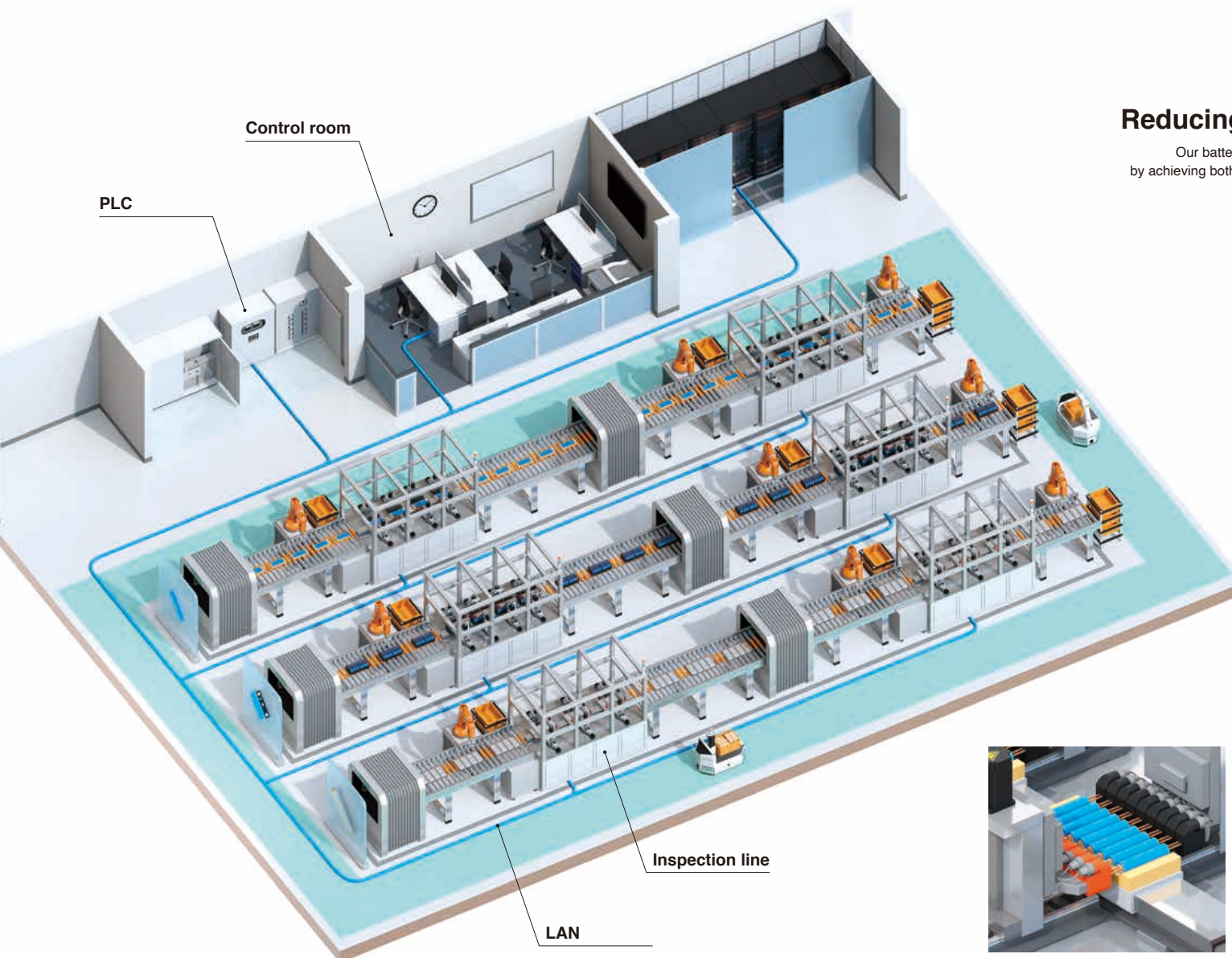
*1: When using recommended range for 4 V measurement *2: When measuring a 4 V LIB cell

OCV fluctuates with the ambient temperature

A battery's OCV value can fluctuate several hundred microvolts with a change of just 1 °C in the ambient temperature. Temperature correction functionality allows the instrument to display a value that has been converted to the voltage at the reference temperature.



Integrate to automatic testing system



Lowering production costs Reducing downtime and shortening test times

Our battery testers resolve issues manufacturers face when they build production systems by achieving both stable, high-precision measurements and reduction of downtime and test times.

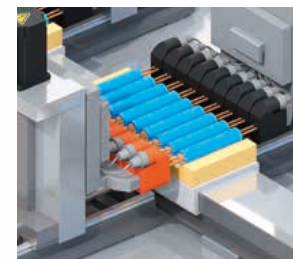
Our Battery testers meet these needs...

"We want to reduce system development cost and management man-hours."

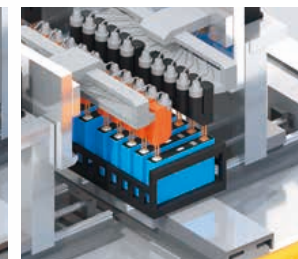
"We want to increase productivity by shortening test times."

Examples

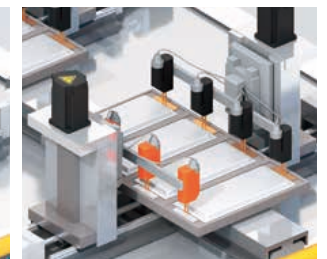
- Reducing downtime caused by measurement errors
- Reducing downtime caused by instrument malfunctions
- Lengthening the probe replacement cycle
- Controlling instruments with embedded relays
- Establishing long measurement cable runs
- Using thinner wires for measurement cables
- Connecting a PLC to a testing line via LAN
- Using multiple instruments simultaneously
- Increasing the number of test channels



Testing of cylindrical cells



Testing of prismatic cells



Testing of pouch cells

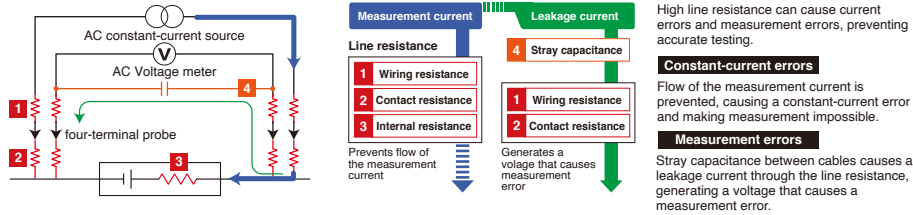
Acceptance/shipping inspections

3561, 3561-01, BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3564, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560

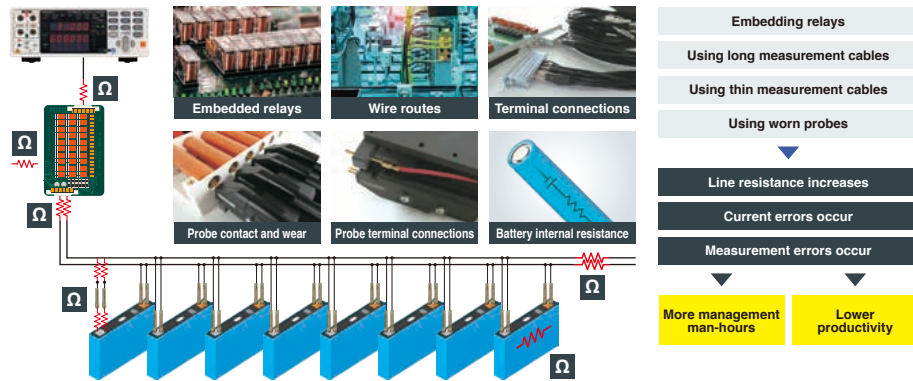
Integrate to automatic testing system

Reducing test system development cost and management man-hours

Explanation Line resistance and measurement current, line resistance and leakage current



Explanation Line resistance: causes and issues

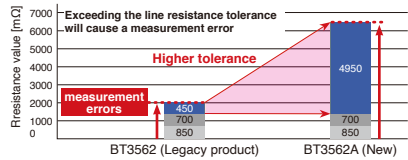


Increasing line resistance tolerances

BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A **NEW**

The new BT356xA has dramatically improved tolerances for line resistance compared to previous models. This improvement makes it easy to build test systems with large numbers of channels using relays. Additionally, a longer maintenance cycle for systems in use means fewer maintenance man-hours. Finally, its capability to handle thinner cables than with previous models³ makes it easier to route cables.

(SENSE side when using 3 mΩ or 30 mΩ range)



Issues resolved by improved tolerance

More relay options
Able to use longer measurement cables ³
Able to use thin measurement cables ³
Fewer probe replacements

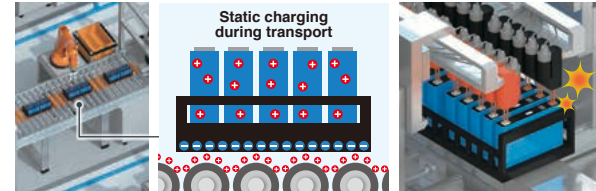
Model	3561, 3561-01				BT3561A				BT3562A, BT3563A				BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT3564			
Range	3 mΩ	30 mΩ	300 mΩ	3 Ω	3 mΩ	30 mΩ	300 mΩ	3 Ω	3 mΩ	30 mΩ	300 mΩ	3 Ω	3 mΩ	30 mΩ	300 mΩ	3 Ω
Measurement current	N/A	N/A	10 mA	1 mA	N/A	100 mA	10 mA	1 mA	100 mA	100 mA	10 mA	1 mA	100 mA	100 mA	10 mA	1 mA
Allowable total line resistance (error detection) ^{1,2}	SENSE line		N/A	N/A	20 Ω	20 Ω	N/A	6.5 Ω	30 Ω	30 Ω	6.5 Ω	6.5 Ω	30 Ω	30 Ω	2 Ω	2 Ω
	SOURCE line		N/A	N/A	50 Ω	500 Ω	N/A	5.5 Ω	15 Ω	150 Ω	5.5 Ω	5.5 Ω	15 Ω	150 Ω	2 Ω	2 Ω

¹: Typical value ²: Total line resistance = (Wiring resistance + Contact resistance + DUT resistance)

³: AWG 29 (0.064 mm²) wire equivalent to 2.2 Ω over an 8 m round trip can be used with the 3 mΩ or 30 mΩ range.

Preventing instrument malfunctions caused by static electricity

BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A **NEW**

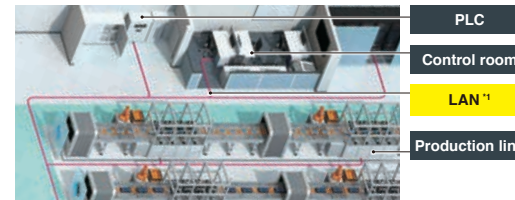


Batteries can become charged on production lines, for example, when being transported on a conveyor belt. When probes are placed in contact with such batteries, the resulting application of static electricity can then damage the instrument. The BT356xA series is designed to withstand contact with ± 30 kV of static electricity*, preventing static-caused malfunctions and reducing testing line downtime.

* ± 30 kV IEC 61000-4-2 contact discharge

LAN interface as standard

BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A **NEW**



The BT356xA series is equipped with a LAN interface as standard equipment, making it easy for the instrument to interoperate with a PLC²-based control system. The ability to use readily accessible LAN cables helps lower costs during system development and maintenance. Furthermore, a design with strong noise and static electricity resistance helps avoid system problems.

^{*1}: Max.30 m

^{*2}: Programmable Logic Controller, a device that automatically controls one or more machines

Contact check

3561, 3561-01, BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3564, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560

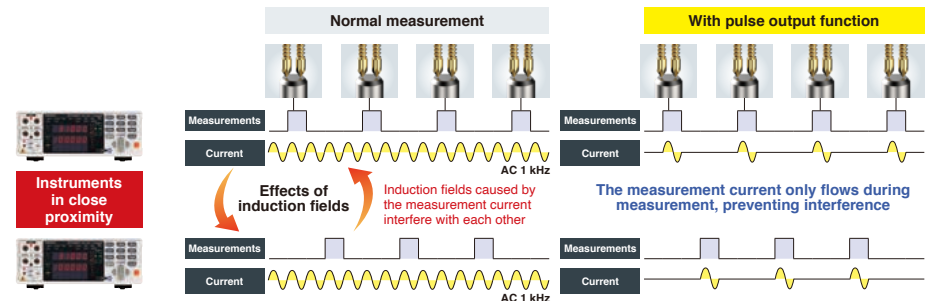


Accurate probing is essential for accurate measurement. Our battery testers are equipped with probe contact monitoring functionality to ensure highly reliable testing.

Using multiple instruments simultaneously

BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3564, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560

When multiple battery testers are used at the same time, their induction fields can interfere with each other, causing measurement errors. Since the instruments' measurement currents flow continuously, such interference can occur even if measurements are timed so that they don't occur simultaneously. The measurement current pulse output function allows the measurement current to flow only during measurement. By using this function to make alternating measurements, you can avoid the effects of interference between induction fields caused by the measurement current.



Acceptance/shipping inspections

3561, 3561-01, BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3564, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560

Integrate to automatic testing system

Improving productivity by reducing test times

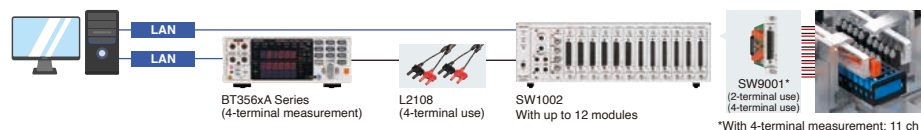
Multiple measurement with scanner

3561, 3561-01, BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3564, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560

You can use the Switch Mainframe SW1001/SW1002 to increase the number of measurement channels. Additionally, you can perform scan measurement by controlling two instruments at once, for example a BT356xA series instrument and a DM7276, or a BT4560 and a DM7276.

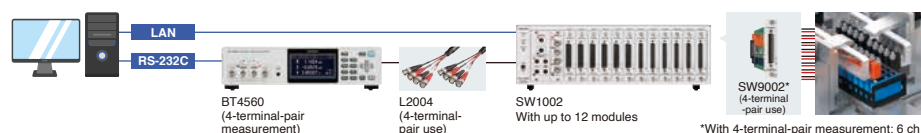
BT356xA 132 ch

AC-IR measurement (1 kHz), OCV measurement



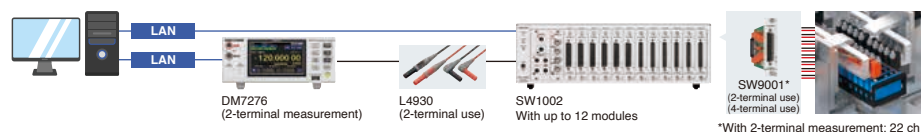
BT4560 72 ch

AC-IR measurement (frequency sweep), OCV measurement



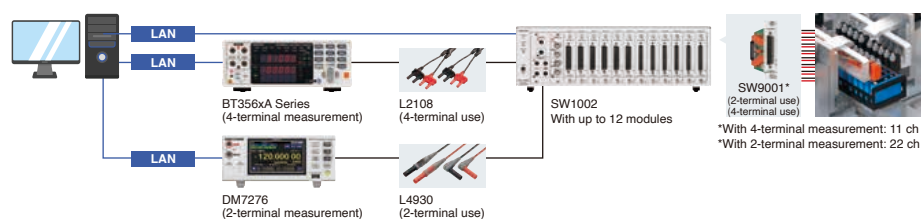
DM7276 264 ch

High-accuracy OCV measurement, Temperature Compensation Function



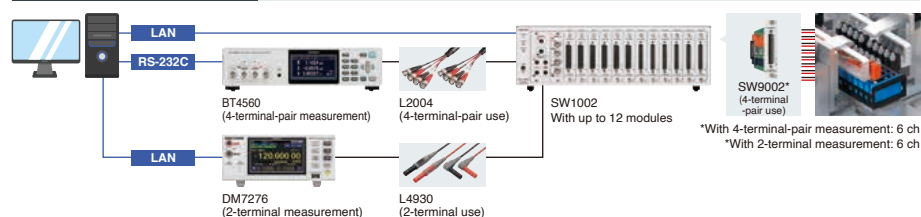
BT356xA + DM7276 132 cells

AC-IR measurement (1 kHz) and High-accuracy OCV measurement, Temperature Compensation Function



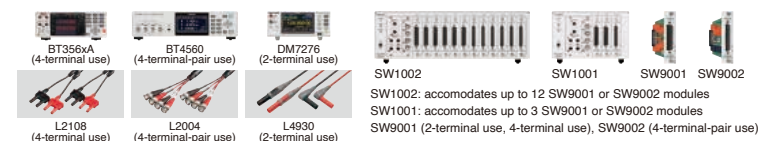
BT4560 + DM7276 72cells

AC-IR measurement and High-accuracy OCV measurement, Temperature Compensation Function



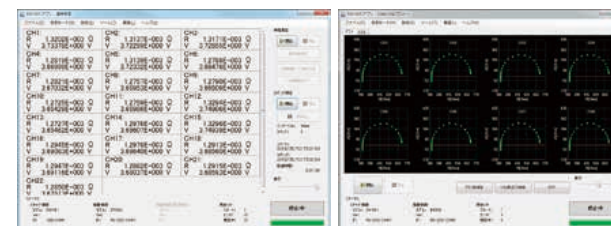
Configuration Example of Multi-channel Battery Testing

Instrument	Number of instruments in use	AC-IR measurement 1 kHz	AC-IR measurement frequency sweep	OCV measurement	High-accuracy OCV measurement Temperature Compensation Function	Connection cable	Switch mainframe	Module	Maximum number of channels
BT356xA	1	YES	N/A	YES	N/A	L2108	SW1002	SW9001	132 ch
BT4560	1	YES	YES	YES	N/A	L2004	SW1002	SW9002	72 ch
DM7276	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	YES	L4930	SW1002	SW9001	264 ch
BT356xA	2 (switched)	YES	N/A	YES	N/A	L2108	SW1002 Switching instrument	SW9001	132 ch
DM7276	2 (switched)	N/A	N/A	N/A	YES	L4930	SW1002 Switching instrument	SW9002	72 ch



Recording results with a dedicated PC application*

3561, 3561-01, BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560, DM7276



Logging function
(Interval setting: 1 second to 60 minutes)

Multichannel Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot

Logging function

Measure and log up to 264 channels.

OCV measurement function

Measure OCVs, and additionally record the initial voltages and change rates as well.

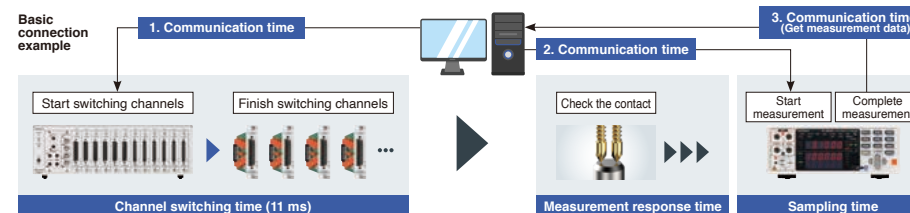
Multichannel Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot

Measure impedance while varying the frequency across up to 72 channels and display the results as a Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot.

*PC application for SW1001/SW1002.

Cycle time for measurement completion

3561, 3561-01, BT3561A, BT3562A, BT3563A, BT3562-01, BT3563-01, BT4560, DM7276



$$\text{Cycle time calculation} \quad \text{Total time} = (\text{Communication time} + \text{Channel switching time} + \text{Measurement response time} + \text{Sampling time}) \times \text{Number of channels}$$

Instrument	Module	Number of channels	Function	Measurement speed	Measurement response time	Total time (All channels)	Conditions
BT3562A	SW9001	11	QV	EX. FAST	10 ms	0.45 s	Communication with BT3562A via RS-232C (38400 bps)
		11		MEDIUM	10 ms	1.1 s	
BT4560	SW9002	6	RX	FAST	0 ms	1.0 s	Communication with BT4560 via USB (9600 bps)
		6		MEDIUM	0 ms	1.2 s	
DM7276	SW9001	22	V	0.02 PLC*	0 ms	0.45 s	Communication with DM7276 via USB
		22		FAST	0 ms	0.85 s	
		22		MEDIUM	0 ms	4.9 s	

*Power Line Cycle 20 ms at 50 Hz, 16.7 ms at 60 Hz

BT3554-50, BT3554-51, BT3554-52

To use GENNECT Cross, you must install the Wireless Adapter Z3210 (sold separately) and the GENNECT Cross app on your device. Profile information can be registered on the BT3554-50 from either GENNECT Cross or the desktop application GENNECT ONE.

Analyzing batteries

BT4560



Assessing battery characteristics with Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot

You can assess battery characteristics by analyzing Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots based on impedance values generated by frequency sweep measurement.

Our Battery testers meet these needs...

"We want to measure impedance using the frequency sweep method."

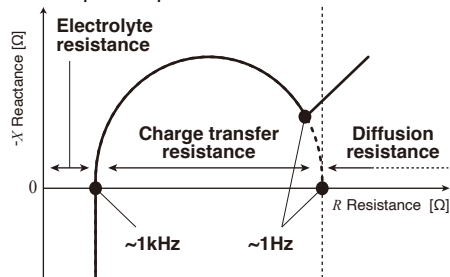
"We want to assess battery characteristics with Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots."

Assessing battery characteristics

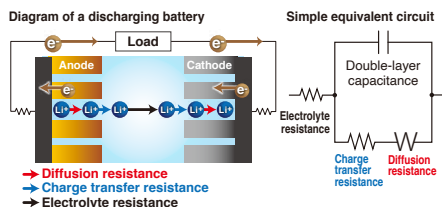
BT4560

The chemical reactions in batteries involve several processes and each process has its own reaction speed. Therefore by sweeping the frequency and measuring the impedance the characteristics of each part can be evaluated separately.

Drawing a Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot with an impedance spectrum

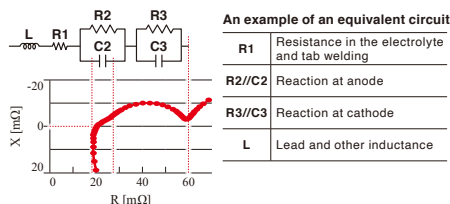


less than 1 Hz	Low frequencies	Li-ion diffusion in the electrode (Diffusion resistance)
1 Hz to several hundred Hz	Intermediate frequencies	Li-ion transfer (Charge transfer resistance)
About 1 kHz	High frequencies	Li-ion transport in electrolyte (electrolyte resistance)



Identify battery deterioration factors

An equivalent circuit analysis software (e.g. ZView®) can provide the parameters of each element of an equivalent circuit model by means of curve fitting. It allows you to see which part of the battery has shown characteristic changes. This serves to identify battery deterioration factors.

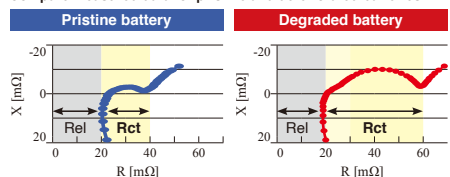


*ZView® is a product of Scribner Associates, Inc.
For more information about ZView®, please contact Scribner Associates, Inc.

Check the battery deterioration level

The resistance of a degraded battery is significantly larger than a pristine one. The degradation of charge transfer resistance is particularly noticeable in the Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot for applications that involve charging/discharging at low temperatures or deep charging/discharging (SOC between 0% and 100%).

Compare measured data for pristine and deteriorated batteries



Rel: Electrolyte resistance Rct: Reaction resistance

Measurement frequencies and low-impedance measurement

BT4560, IM3590

The BT4560 offers measurements in the optimal frequency range for liquid Li-ion batteries. Its unparalleled capability to measure extremely low impedance is ideal for large cells such as ones for xEVs or ESSs. As a complementary instrument, the IM3590 offers impedance measurements across a wider frequency range. It is very capable at measuring larger impedance.

Model	Measurement frequency	Impedance measurement ranges	Max. Voltage
IM3590	1 mHz to 200 kHz	100 mΩ to 100 MΩ	5 V
BT4560 (Special specifications for 10 kHz)	0.01 Hz to 10 kHz	3 mΩ, 10 mΩ, 100 mΩ	5 V
BT4560 (Standard specification)	0.1 Hz to 1050 Hz	3 mΩ, 10 mΩ, 100 mΩ	5 V
BT4560 (Special specifications 1)	0.1 Hz to 1050 Hz	30 mΩ, 300 mΩ	10 V
BT4560 (Special specifications 2)	0.1 Hz to 1050 Hz	30 mΩ, 300 mΩ, 3 Ω	20 V
BT4560 (Special specifications 3)	0.01 Hz to 1050 Hz	3 mΩ, 10 mΩ, 100 mΩ	5 V
BT4560 (Special specifications 4)	0.01 Hz to 1050 Hz	30 mΩ, 300 mΩ	10 V
BT4560 (Special specifications 5)	0.01 Hz to 1050 Hz	30 mΩ, 300 mΩ, 3 Ω	20 V



IM3590
CHEMICAL IMPEDANCE ANALYZER



BT4560
BATTERY IMPEDANCE METER

BT4560 Accuracy specifications

Impedance measurement accuracy

3 mΩ range (0.1 Hz to 100 Hz)
10 mΩ range, 100 mΩ range

3 mΩ range (110 Hz to 1050 Hz)

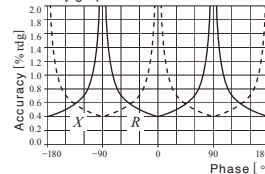
$$R \text{ accuracy} = \pm(0.004 |R| + 0.0017 |X|) [\text{m}\Omega] \pm \alpha$$

$$X \text{ accuracy} = \pm(0.004 |X| + 0.0017 |R|) [\text{m}\Omega] \pm \alpha$$

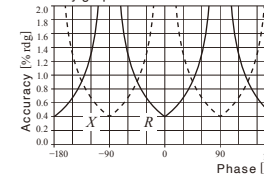
$$Z \text{ accuracy} = \pm 0.4\% \text{ rdg} \pm \alpha (|\sin \theta| + |\cos \theta|)$$

$$\theta \text{ accuracy} = \pm 0.1^\circ \pm 57.3 \frac{\alpha}{\theta} (|\sin \theta| + |\cos \theta|)$$

Accuracy graph



Accuracy graph



Impedance accuracy excluding α
($0.004 |R| + 0.0017 |X|$, $0.004 |X| + 0.0017 |R|$)

Impedance accuracy excluding α
($0.004 |R| + 0.0052 |X|$, $0.004 |X| + 0.0052 |R|$)

The units of R and X are [mΩ], α is as shown below

Range	3 mΩ	10 mΩ	100 mΩ
FAST	25 dgt	60 dgt	60 dgt
MED	15 dgt	30 dgt	30 dgt
SLOW	8 dgt	15 dgt	15 dgt

Temperature coefficient: $R: \pm R \text{ accuracy} \times 0.1 / ^\circ\text{C}$, $X: \pm X \text{ accuracy} \times 0.1 / ^\circ\text{C}$, $Z: \pm Z \text{ accuracy} \times 0.1 / ^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta: \pm \theta \text{ accuracy} \times 0.1 / ^\circ\text{C}$ (Applied in the ranges of 0°C to 18°C and 28°C to 40°C)

Voltage measurement accuracy (when self-calibration is performed)

V	Display range	Resolution
	−5.10000 V to 5.10000 V	10 μV
Voltage accuracy	FAST/MED/SLOW	$\pm 0.0035\% \text{ rdg} \pm 5 \text{ dgt}$
Temperature coefficient		$\pm 0.0005\% \text{ rdg} \pm 1 \text{ dgt} / ^\circ\text{C}$ (applied in the ranges of 0°C to 18°C and 28°C to 40°C)

Temperature measurement accuracy (BT4560 + Z2005 temperature sensor)

Accuracy	$\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$ (measurement temperature: 10.0°C to 40.0°C) $\pm 1.0^\circ\text{C}$ (measurement temperature: -10.0°C to 9.9°C , 40.1°C to 60.0°C)
Temperature coefficient	$\pm 0.01^\circ\text{C}/^\circ\text{C}$ (applied in the ranges of 0°C to 18°C and 28°C to 40°C)

The number of waveforms

	FAST	MED	SLOW
0.10 Hz to 66 Hz	1 wave	2 waves	8 waves
67 Hz to 250 Hz	2 waves	8 waves	32 waves
260 Hz to 1050 Hz	8 waves	32 waves	128 waves

Measurement probes and specialized jigs

Cables are also available on a special-order basis.
Please contact HIOKI for more information.

Convert the BT4560's 4-terminal-pair measurement to 4-terminal measurement

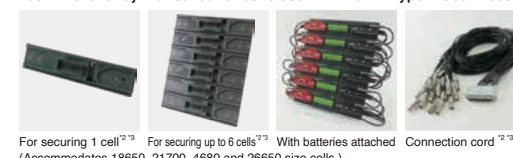


L2000

9500-10

BNC-banana plug adapter^{1,2}

Test fixture for cylindrical batteries to use with the Pin Type Probe L2003

For securing 1 cell^{2,3}
(Accommodates 18650, 21700, 4680 and 26650 size cells.)For securing up to 6 cells^{2,3}

With batteries attached

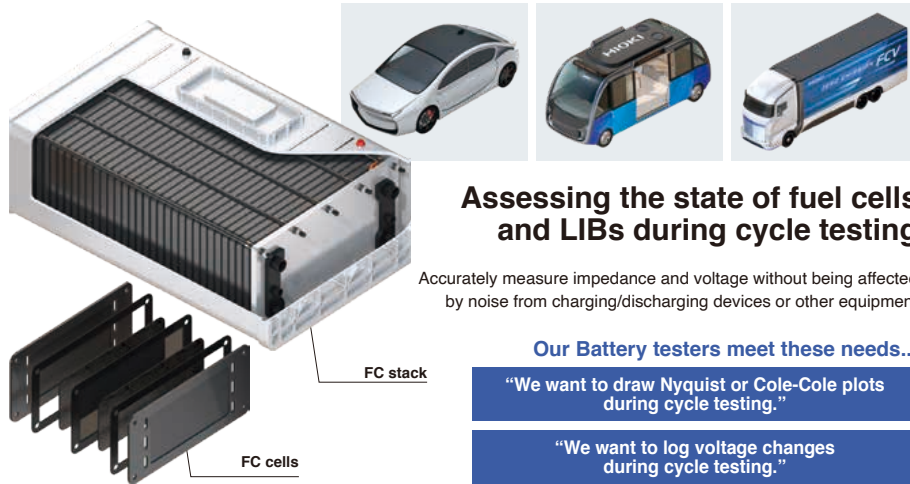
Connection cord^{2,3}

*1: See pages 22 and 23 for compatible probes.

*2: Special-order product. *3: Used when combining the BT4560 with the SW1001/SW1002 and SW9002.

Analyzing fuel cells (FCs)

BT3564-FC (Special specifications) , PW6001



Assessing the state of fuel cells and LIBs during cycle testing

Accurately measure impedance and voltage without being affected by noise from charging/discharging devices or other equipment

Our Battery testers meet these needs...

"We want to draw Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots during cycle testing."

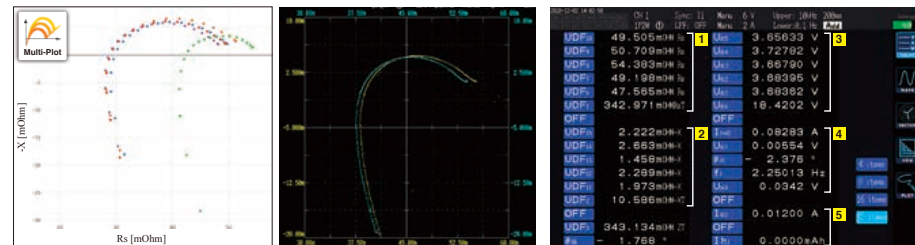
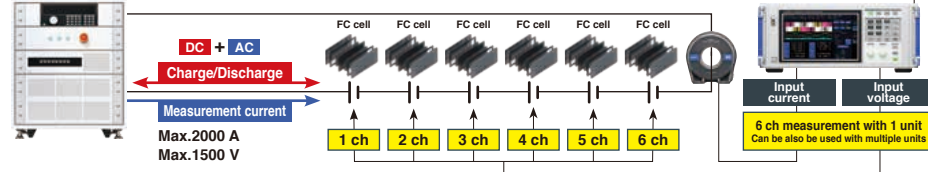
"We want to log voltage changes during cycle testing."

Impedance and voltage measurement

BT3564-FC (Special specifications), PW6001

Enable to draw Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots along with voltage measurement in an operating FC stack for each cells.

Charge/discharge device with ripple superposition function

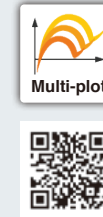


Left: Drawing Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots from data measured using the PW6001 with the "Multi-plot" application.
Right: Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots as seen on the PW6001's display. Plots can be displayed for up to two channels.

Current sensor lineup

Appearance	Model	Rated current	Frequency characteristics	Core diameter
Pass-through type	CT6904-60	800 A	DC to 4 MHz	φ32 mm
	CT6904	500 A	DC to 4 MHz	φ32 mm
	CT6877	2000 A	DC to 1 MHz	φ80 mm
	CT6876	1000 A	DC to 1.5 MHz	φ36 mm
Clamp type	CT6875	500 A	DC to 2 MHz	φ36 mm
	CT6841-05	20 A	DC to 1 MHz	φ20 mm
	CT6843-05	200 A	DC to 500 kHz	φ20 mm
	CT6844-05	500 A	DC to 200 kHz	φ20 mm
	CT6845-05	500 A	DC to 100 kHz	φ50 mm
	CT6846-05	1000 A	DC to 20 kHz	φ50 mm

*1: The number of channels can be increased using the SW1001/SW1002.
(Maximum allowable voltage: 60 V DC) *2: Plans to support 0.01Hz



Web application "Multi-plot"

Converting measurement data into a Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot

web browser link

<https://www.circuitfitting.net/multiplot>

"Multi-plot", a free web application, enables you to draw a Nyquist or Cole-Cole plot simply by loading a file in your web browser.

Supported files: CSV file, ZView* (.z) file

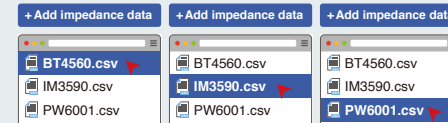
Supported instruments: BT4560, PW6001, IM3536, IM3570, IM3590, IM758x



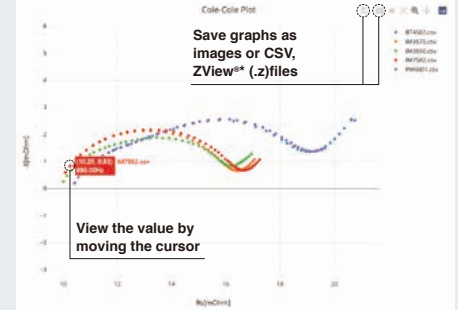
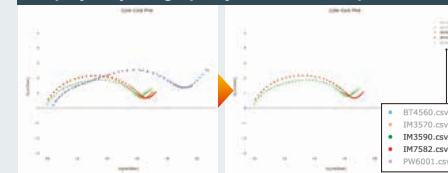
Draw Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots freely, **without any limits** on the number of points that can be rendered from files or the number of graphs that can be superposed. The horizontal and vertical axes are automatically scaled based on the graphs being rendered. You can even superpose, compare, and analyze files acquired using different instruments.

Loading files and superposing Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots

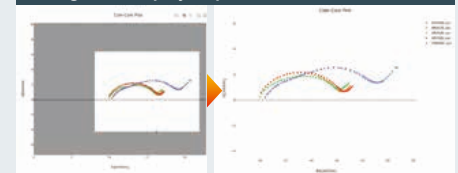
(You can even superpose files acquired using different instruments.)



Display only the graphs you wish to compare

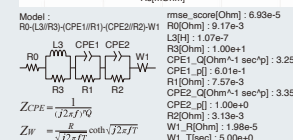
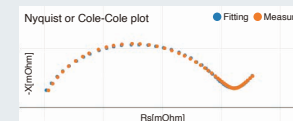


Enlarge and display a specific area



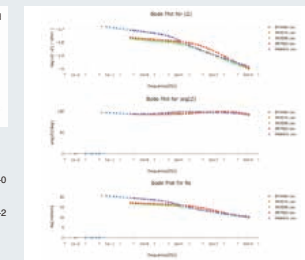
Analysis function

Conduct an equivalent circuit analysis



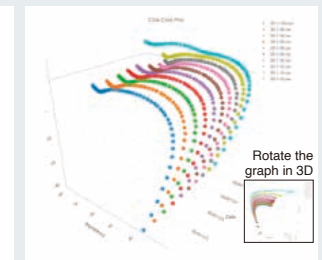
Analyze the data with predefined models. Display analysis results automatically simply by loading a file.

Draw Bode plots to assess phase characteristics



Bode plots are also drawn, enabling to assess phase characteristics.

Analyze characteristics with 3D view



Draw 3D Nyquist or Cole-Cole plots or 3D Bode plots, using the time or date as a third axis. Rotate 3D graphs in any direction as desired and save images.

Measurement lead and measurement probe compatibility chart

YES : Recommended measurement lead or measurement probe listed in brochures.

N/A : Not compatible due to inability to connect.

*1 : Not subject to accuracy guarantee.

*2 : May be susceptible to external noise.
Caution is particularly required when using a measurement current of 10 mA or less.

*3 : BNC – banana plug adapter (See page 19)
Connect the black banana plugs to the HCUR and HPOT terminals to reduce the influence from external noise.

*4 : Temperature sensor cannot be connected.

*5 : It does not use a 4-terminal-pair design, so wiring placement will have a greater effect on measured values.

*6 : Some measurement ranges cannot be used due to rated current limitations.

Appearance	Dimensions (mm) ^{*1}	Model withstand voltage	3561 3561-01	BT3561A BT3562A BT3563A	BT3562-01 BT3563-01 BT3564	BT4560	BT3554-50
Clips	 131 300 56 700 56 70	9467 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	YES	YES	YES	*1 *2 *3 *5	YES
Clips	 106 300 56 1500 56 1200	9460 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*1 *4	*1 *4	*1 *4	*1 *2 *3 *5	YES
Clips	 85 1000 188 35 630 62	L2000 ±42 V peak AC+DC (Hi-to-Lo) ±42 V peak AC+DC (voltage to earth)	N/A	N/A	N/A	*6	N/A
Clips	 110 400 45 820 45 80	L2002 ±30 V peak AC+DC (Hi-to-Lo) ±30 V peak AC+DC (voltage to earth)	N/A	N/A	N/A	YES	N/A
Pins	 110 400 45 820 45 80	L2003 ±30 V peak AC+DC (Hi-to-Lo) ±30 V peak AC+DC (voltage to earth)	N/A	N/A	N/A	YES	N/A
Clips	 84 130 1100 745 85	L2107 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	YES	YES	YES	*1 *2 *3 *5	*1
Pins	 1360 1300	9452 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	YES	*1	*1	*1 *2 *3 *5	*1
Clips + Pins	 1350 280 350 40 1750 45 80	9453 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	YES	YES	YES	*1 *2 *3 *5	*1
Pins	 135.5 260 56 850 250 56 70	9455 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	YES	*1	*1	*1 *2 *3 *5 *6	*1
Pins	 132.5 240 56 250 56 70	9461 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*1	*1	*1	*1 *2 *3 *5	*1

Appearance	Dimensions (mm) ^{*1}	Model withstand voltage	3561 3561-01	BT3561A BT3562A BT3563A	BT3562-01 BT3563-01 BT3564	BT4560	BT3554-50
Pins	 121.5 55 140 56 1500 56 50	9465-10 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*1	*1	*1	*1 *2 *3 *5	YES
Pins	 140 260 46 250 56 50	9770 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	YES	YES	YES	*1 *2 *3 *5	*1
Pins	 138 260 46 250 56 50	9771 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	YES	YES	YES	*1 *2 *3 *5	*1
Pins	 118.2 55 140 56 1500 56 50	9772 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*1	*1	*1	*1 *2 *3 *5	YES
Pins	 164 150 60 1500 60 50	L2020 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*1	*1	*1	*1 *2 *3 *5	YES
Pins	 172 300 53 700 53 70	L2100 1000 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 1000 V DC (voltage to earth)	*1	YES	YES	*2 *3 *5	*2
Pins	 210 1750 53 700 53 70	L2110 1000 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 1000 V DC (voltage to earth)	*1	YES	YES	N/A	N/A

Appearance	Dimensions (mm) ^{*1}	Model withstand voltage	3561 3561-01	BT3561A BT3562A BT3563A	BT3562-01 BT3563-01 BT3564	BT4560	BT3554-50
Clips	 84 250 1500 955 70 73	L2101² 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*2	*2	*2	*2 *3 *5	*2
Pins	 178 250 835 70 73	L2102² 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*2	*2	*2	*2 *3 *5	*2
Pins	 178 250 885 70 73	L2103² 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*2	*2	*2	*2 *3 *5	*2
Pins	 350 280 1500 860 70 73	L2104² 60 V DC (Hi-to-Lo) 60 V DC (voltage to earth)	*2	*2	*2	*2 *3 *5	*2

*1: Dimensions other than overall length include typical values.

*2: HIOKI recommends measurement leads without separate guard terminals: L2101 - L2107, L2102 - 9770, L2103 - 9771, L2104 - 9453

Batteries are a driving force for a variety of innovations as we move towards a sustainable society

Batteries are used in an array of applications, and their performance can be a driving force for a variety of innovations and new lifestyles. The development and production of high-quality batteries will play an essential role as we work to realize a sustainable society. At the same time therefore, growing improvements in battery life cycle assessment have become a major priority. The focus on reducing CO2 emissions throughout the entire life cycle by means of improvements in manufacturing processes and reuse of high-quality batteries is increasing. HIOKI battery testers are helping resolve these issues through an electrical measurement approach.

Stacked battery voltage, Internal resistance of battery cells

 FCV 800 V to 1000 V, 0.2 mΩ	 EV truck 800 V to 1000 V, 0.2 mΩ	 EV bus 800 V to 1000 V, 0.2 mΩ	 EV car 200 V to 400 V, 0.3 mΩ to 1 mΩ
 Storage batteries for home use 200 V to 400 V, 0.3 mΩ to 1 mΩ	 Automatic transfer system 72 V to 96 V, 1 mΩ	 Forklift 72 V to 96 V, 1 mΩ	 5G base station 48 V, < 1 mΩ
 Electric motorcycle 48 V to 96 V, 10 mΩ	 Electric tricycle 48 V to 96 V, < 10 mΩ	 Large drones 24 V to 48 V, 10 mΩ	 Automatic transfer robot 24 V to 48 V, 10 mΩ
 Electric bike 24 V, 10 mΩ	 Power tool 12 V to 24 V, 10 mΩ	 Cleaner 12 V to 24 V, < 10 mΩ	 Laptop 7 V to 12 V, 100 mΩ
 Tablet 3.7 V, 10 mΩ	 Smart phone 3.7 V, 100 mΩ	 Smart watch 3.7 V, 300 mΩ	 Coin cell, All solid-state cell 3.7 V, < 100 mΩ

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