

# Measure Everything from AC, DC and 3-Phase Power Sources to Standby Power

The optimal power meter lineup for all applications

POWER METER PW3337/PW3336



POWER METER PW3335



AC/DC POWER HiTESTER 3334



POWER HiTESTER 3333



# Advancing the Standard for Power Measurement

The best performing instruments for power measurement on production lines, in laboratories, and in research facilities.

Hioki delivers the optimal power testing solutions based on use case conditions, practical application, and accuracy.

## Three-phase Power Meter

The PW3337 and PW3336 are suitable for a wide variety of connections, such as measuring three-phase circuits and single-phase 2-wire multiple circuits.

There is little internal resistance for the current input, and large currents up to 65 A can be measured with great accuracy.



PW3337 (3ch)



PW3336 (2ch)

## Single-phase Power Meter

The PW3335 provides highly accurate measurements for everything from standby power to operating power.

Compliant with the IEC62301 measurement standard for standby power, it is capable of measuring current as low as 10  $\mu$ A.

Designed for power consumption testing, the 3334 and 3333 are guaranteed for accuracy for up to 3 years.



PW3335 (1ch)

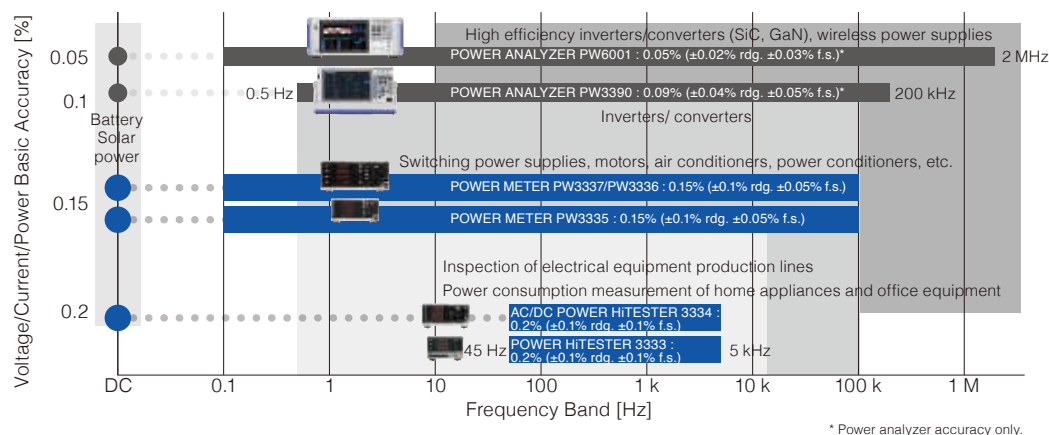


3334 (1ch)

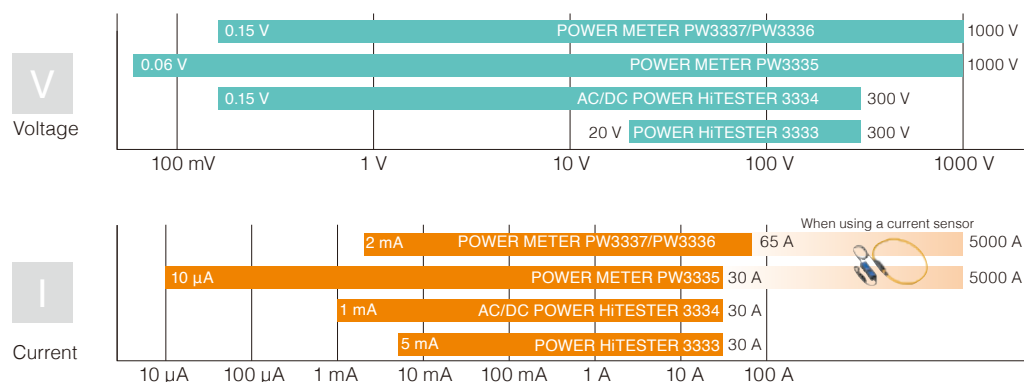


3333 (1ch)

## Basic Accuracy and Frequency Bands



## Effective Measurement Range



## Comparison Chart

	PW3337	PW3336	PW3335	3334	3333
No. of channels	3	2	1	1	1
Supported connections	Three-phase, three-phase + single-phase, single-phase x 3, DC x 3	Three-phase, single-phase x 2, DC x 2	Single-phase, DC	Single-phase, DC	Single-phase
Effective measurement range, voltage	0.15 V to 1000 V		0.06 V to 1000 V	0.15 V to 300 V	20 V to 300 V
Effective measurement range, current	2 mA to 65 A		10 µA to 30 A	1 mA to 30 A	5 mA to 30 A
Frequency band	DC, 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz			DC, 45 Hz to 5 kHz	45 Hz to 5 kHz
Basic accuracy, AC (Voltage, current, power)	±0.1% rdg. ±0.05% f.s.			±0.1% rdg. ±0.1% f.s.	±0.1% rdg. ±0.2% f.s.
Basic accuracy, DC (Voltage, current, power)	±0.1% rdg. ±0.1% f.s.			±0.1% rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	-
Integrated power measurement	Yes			Yes	-
Harmonic measurement	IEC61000-4-7 compliant			-	
Current sensor input	Yes		PW3335-03, -04	-	
Interface	LAN	Yes		-	
	RS-232C	Yes		PW3335, -02, -03, -04	Yes
	GP-IB	PW3337-01, -03	PW3336-01, -03	PW3335-01, -04	3334-01 3333-01
	D/A output	PW3337-03, -04	PW3336-03, -04	PW3335-03, -04	Yes

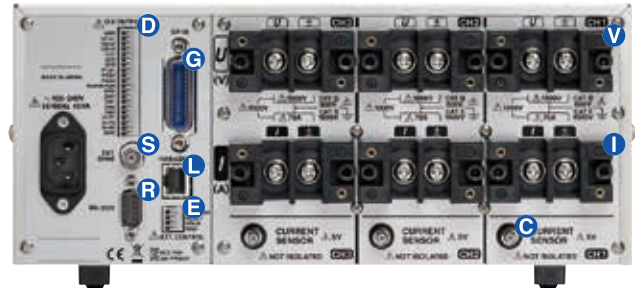
# Features

## POWER METER PW3337/PW3336

Accurate measurement of power for three-phase equipment, through direct input up to 1000 V AC/DC / 65 A.



PW3337-03 Front Panel



PW3337-03 Rear Panel



Maximum 65 A input.  
Cable terminals are fixed securely  
with large screws on the terminal block.

- Voltage/current/power basic accuracy of  $\pm 0.1\%$  \*
- Direct input up to 1000 V AC/DC / 65 A
- Harmonic measurement as standard feature, IEC61000-4-7 compliant
- Little instrument loss, even with large currents. DCCT input with an input resistance of 1 m $\Omega$  or less.
- Power factor effect of  $\pm 0.1\%$  f.s. delivers highly accurate measurements even for no-load testing of transformers with a low power factor
- Measurement of multiple connections in the optimal range for each due to independent ranges for each channel
- Measure up to 5000 A AC with optional current sensor



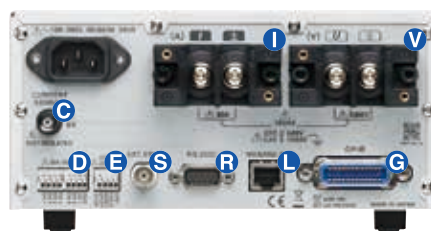
PW3336-03  
Rear Panel

## POWER METER PW3335

Highly accurate AC/DC measurements from standby power to operating power



PW3335-04 Front Panel



PW3335-04 Rear Panel



Half-rack Size to Save Space



For development/production lines for  
electrical equipment

- Voltage/current/power basic accuracy  $\pm 0.1\%$  \*
- Highly accurate AC/DC measurements from standby power to operating power
- Accuracy guaranteed throughout a wide range, from 10  $\mu$ A to 30 A and 60 mV to 1000 V AC/DC
- Harmonic measurement as standard feature, IEC61000-4-7 compliant
- Compliant with the IEC62301 and EN50564 measurement standards for standby power
- Power factor effect of  $\pm 0.1\%$  f.s. delivers highly accurate measurements even for no-load testing of transformers with a low power factor
- Accurate measurement of fluctuating electric power thanks to auto range integration with guaranteed accuracy for measurements while range switching
- Measure up to 5000 A AC with optional current sensor (PW3335-03, -04)

<b>V</b> Voltage input terminal	<b>I</b> Current input terminal	<b>L</b> LAN connector	<b>R</b> RS-232C connector	<b>G</b> GP-IB connector
<b>D</b> D/A output terminal	<b>C</b> Current sensor input terminal	<b>S</b> Synchronous control terminal	<b>E</b> External control terminal	

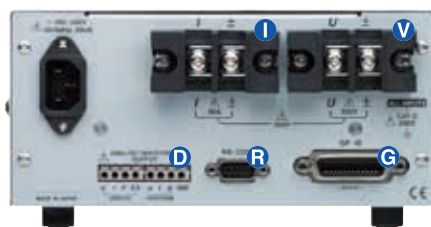


## AC/DC POWER HiTESTER 3334

Measurement of power consumption and integrated power for battery-operated equipment, home appliances, and office equipment



3334-01 Front Panel



3334-01 Rear Panel

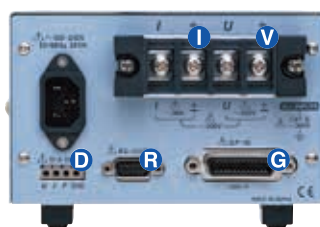
- Accuracy guaranteed up to 3 years
- Compliant with the SPECpower® server power evaluation test

## POWER HiTESTER 3333

Low-price model for measurement of power consumption on production/inspection lines



3333-01 Front Panel

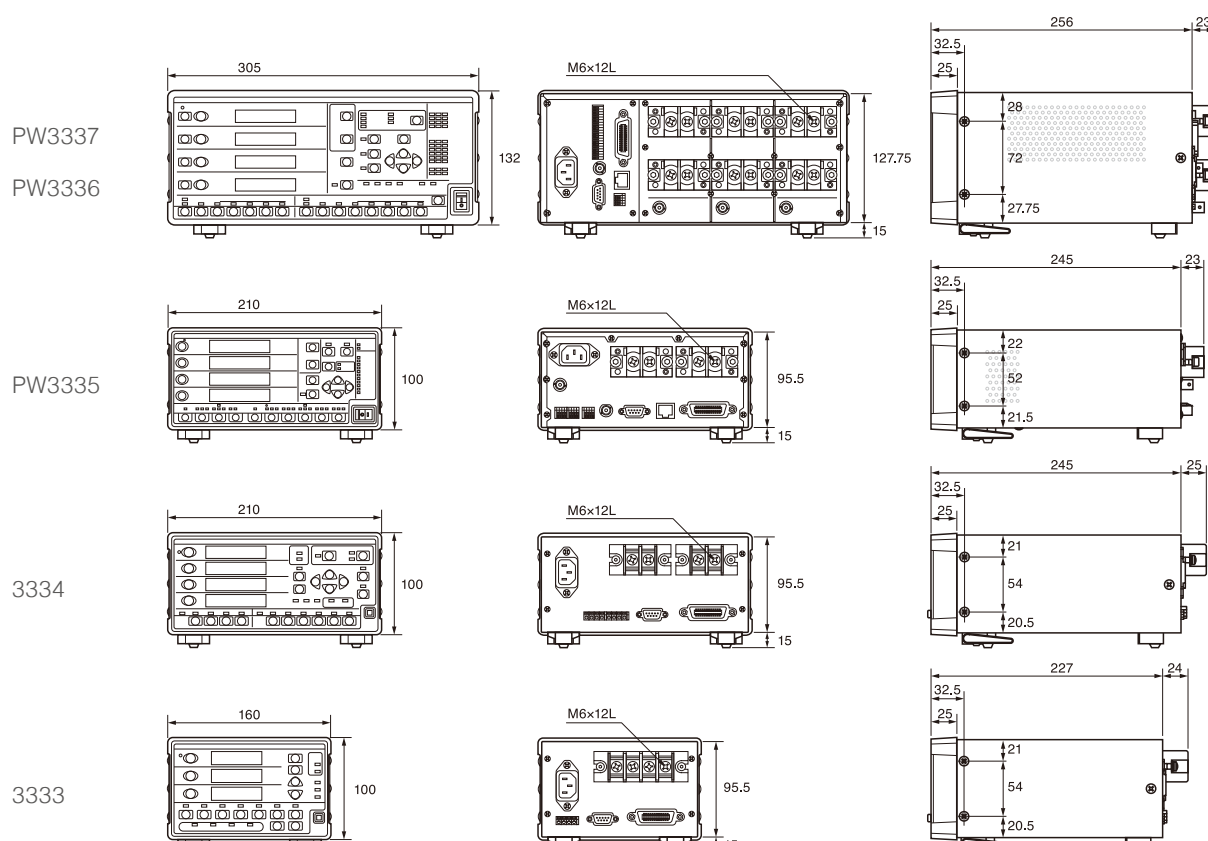


3333-01 Rear Panel

- Compact model for saving space, even when added to a system
- Accuracy guaranteed up to 3 years

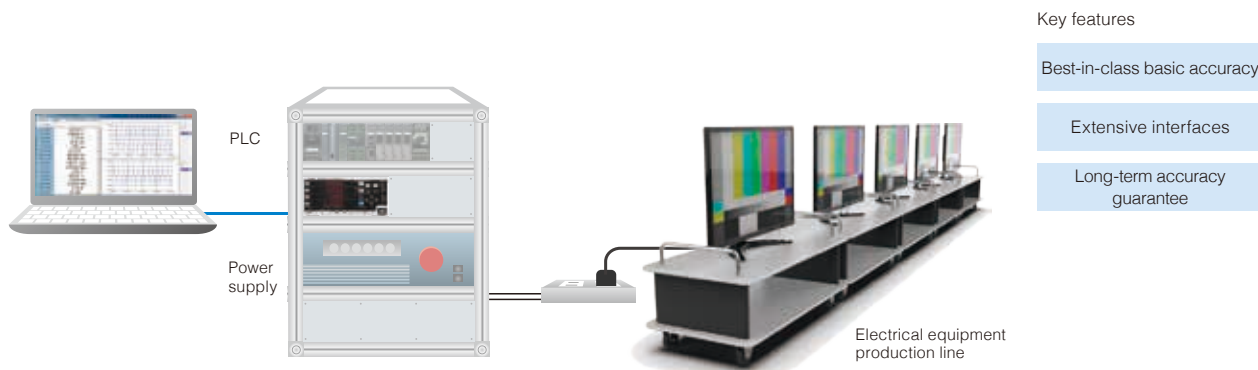
## Dimensional Drawings

Units: mm



# Applications

## Inspection of Electrical Equipment Production Lines



### Best-in-class Accuracy $\pm 0.1\%$ \* 7 6 5

Our lineup provides reliable accuracy for a variety of measurement scenarios. Accurately measure the power consumption of a variety of household appliances, such as liquid crystal displays, refrigerators, and air conditioners.



Basic accuracy, AC

# $\pm 0.1\%$ \*

\* For complete details, please refer to the specifications

### Accuracy Guaranteed Up to 3 Years (Longest in the Industry) 4 3

The 3333 and 3334 are guaranteed for accuracy for 3 years. Even after 3 years, they maintain an accuracy of  $\pm 0.5\%$  rdg. as required for measurements. This 3-year accuracy guarantee, the longest in the industry, helps to save on calibration expenses.



# 3 years

1-year guarantee  
of accuracy  
 $\pm 0.2\%$  rdg.

3-year guarantee  
of accuracy  
 $\pm 0.3\%$  rdg.

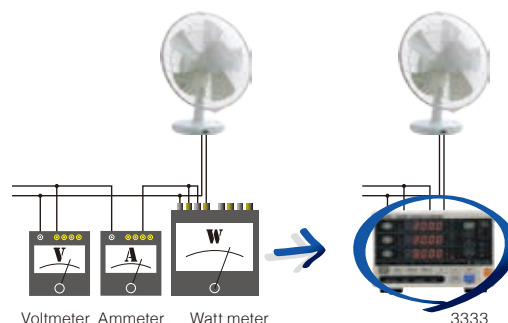
### Extensive Interfaces 7 6 5

The built-in interfaces are convenient for transferring data to a PC and equipping the unit on automated machines. PC communication software can be downloaded free of charge from the HIOKI website. For details about the built-in interfaces, refer to the specifications for each model.

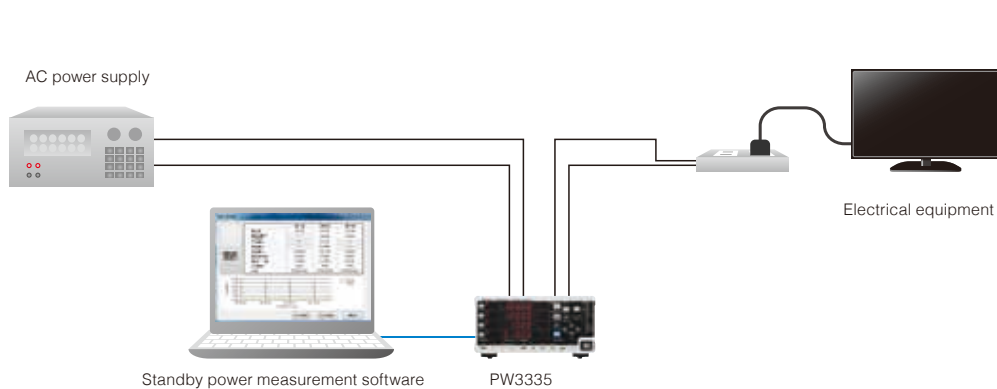


### Replacement for Analog Meters 7 6 5

These models can be used as replacements for analog voltmeters, ammeters, and watt meters. Up to 4 parameters such as voltage, current, and power can be displayed at the same time, allowing 3 measuring devices to be covered with a single unit. The digital display avoids issues such as parallax due to viewing angle and zero shift of the indicator.



# Standby Power Measurement

**PW333** **5**


## Key features

Compliant with standby power standards

Wide dynamic range

Standby power measurement software



AC adapter standby power measurement, for primary AC and secondary DC

## Compliant with IEC62301 and EN50564 Standards

The PW3335 is compliant with measurement standards for standby power, as well as other measurement standards including the ErP Directive and Energy Star. Special parameters required by such standards including THD, CF, and MCR can also be checked with this unit.

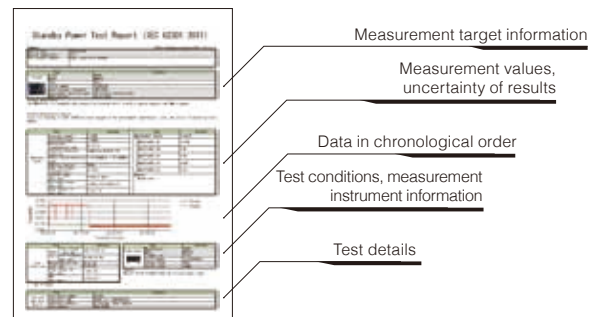
### Requirements for Measurement Instruments for Standby Power Measurements (excerpt)

Requirement	PW3335 Performance
Power resolution of 1 mW or better	✓ Minimum resolution of 0.01 mW (in the 300 V/1 mA range)
Crest factor 3 support	✓ Crest factor 6 support
Harmonic component measurement of up to at least 50th order	✓ Harmonic measurement as standard feature
Data acquisition via interface	✓ LAN (standard feature), RS-232C, GP-IB

THD (Total Harmonic Distortion): Indicates to what extent harmonic components are present in an AC waveform  
 CF (Crest Factor): Ratio of the peak value to the effective (RMS) value of an AC waveform  
 MCR (Maximum Current Ratio): Current evaluation index, calculated from the crest factor and power factor

## Create Reports with Free Software

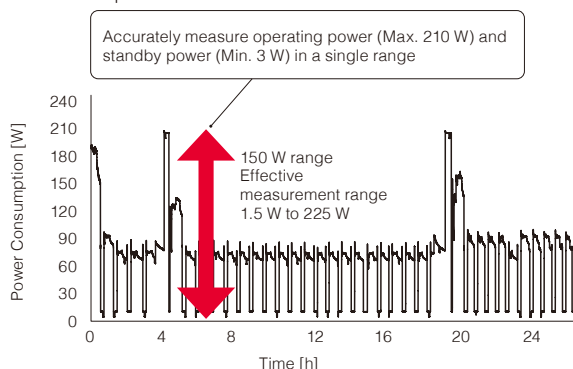
Standby power measurement software can be downloaded free of charge from the HIOKI website. Enter the required information to perform standby power measurements according to standards. Use this software to create reports of measurement results and save test data in CSV format.



Example of Report Output

## Wide Range of Effective Measurement

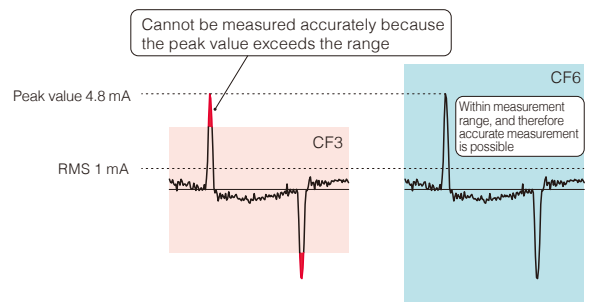
The PW3335 has an effective measurement range of 1% to 150%. Due to this wide range of effective measurement, even equipment with large load fluctuations, such as refrigerators, heaters, and pumps, can be measured accurately under all conditions from no-load to full operation.



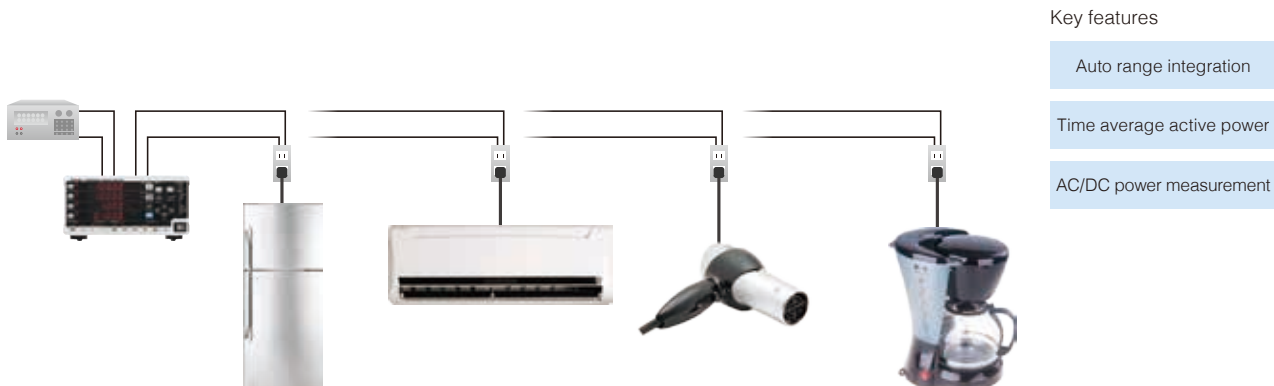
## Support for CF6 (Crest Factor 6)

When an AC adapter or switching power supply operates with no load, the crest factor of the current waveform increases. The PW3335 can measure waveforms that exceed the range of watt meters that support crest factor 3.

In addition, although the power factor is low during no-load operation, the PW3335 is affected very little by power factor and can therefore achieve accurate measurements.



## Measurement of Fluctuating Loads and Power Supply Control



Key features

Auto range integration

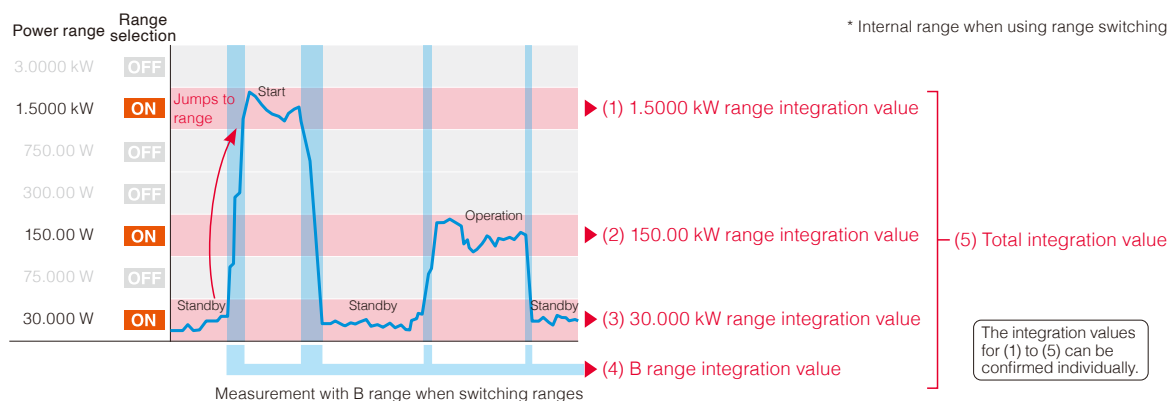
Time average active power

AC/DC power measurement

### Auto Range Integration with Guaranteed Accuracy when Switching Ranges

PW333 5

These models automatically jump to the optimal power range according to current consumption when performing integration measurements. When switching ranges, power is integrated using the B range\*, and therefore there is no loss of integration data. Achieve seamless power integration with guaranteed accuracy, even with loads that experience frequent and repeated fluctuations. In addition, since power integration can be performed for individual ranges, you can measure integrated power for the various conditions of devices that experience power fluctuations.

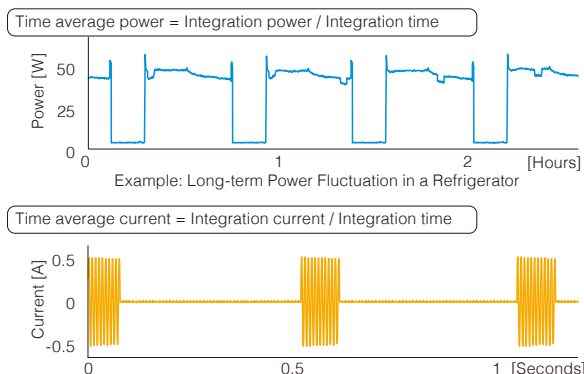


### Intermittent Power Supply

PW333 7 PW333 6 PW333 5

Devices that perform intermittent operation and cycle control repeat a cycle of stopped states and operating states. Therefore, with normal power measurement, it is not possible to determine a value for rated power consumption.

Time average active power (current) is a function that allows the measurement of the time average for power (current) that experiences fluctuations.

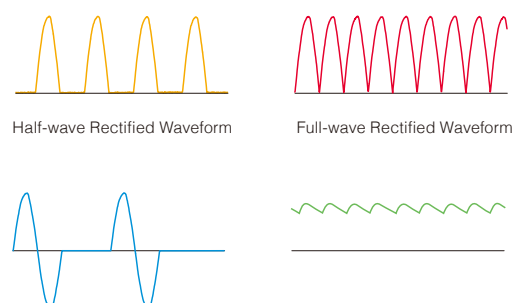


### AC/DC Measurement

PW333 7 PW333 6 PW333 5 333 4

For equipment that uses rectifiers and control devices, it might not be possible to accurately measure voltage or current without an AC/DC power meter.

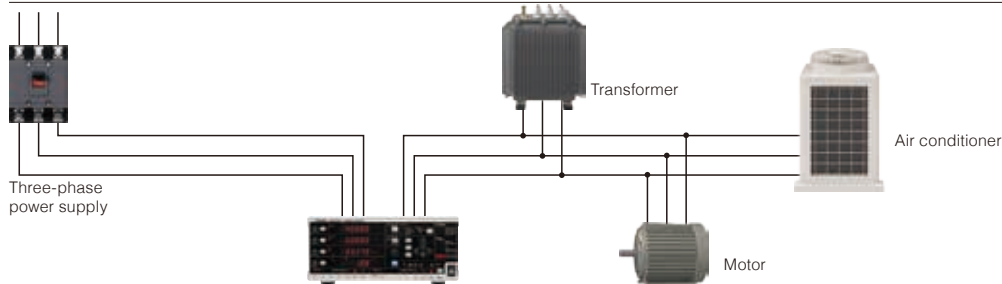
- Half-wave rectified waveforms used for dryers and fans
- Full-wave rectified waveforms used for AC adapters
- Cycle control waveforms used for voltage and temperature adjustment heaters
- DC waveforms with superimposed ripple components





## Research, Development, and Inspection of Three-Phase Equipment

PW333 7 PW333 6



### Key features

- Extensive connection settings
- Max. 65 A direct input
- Harmonic measurement function
- Current sensor input

### Compliant with IEC61000-4-7 Harmonic Measurement Standards

These models are compliant with the IEC61000-4-7 international standard for harmonic measurements. Conduct harmonic analysis up to the 50th order. The upper limit for harmonic analysis can be set from 2nd to 50th, according to the standard used.

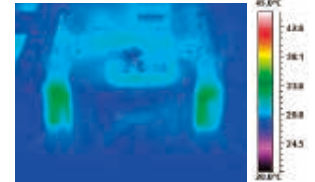
IEC61000-4-7 is an international standard for the measurement of harmonic current and harmonic voltage in power supply systems, and the harmonic current emitted from devices. It specifies the performance of standard measurement instruments. Among the series of standards that include specifications for power measurements, it is used as a reference standard for harmonic measurements.

### Accuracy Guaranteed for Currents Up to 65 A

Because DCCT allows a current with an input resistance of 1 mΩ or less, accuracy is guaranteed up to 65 A. No heat is generated even with the input of large currents, so there is no loss of accuracy due to self heating. Even if the current exceeds 65 A, an optional current sensor allows measurements up to 5000 A.



DCCT current sensor  
(in the PW3337)



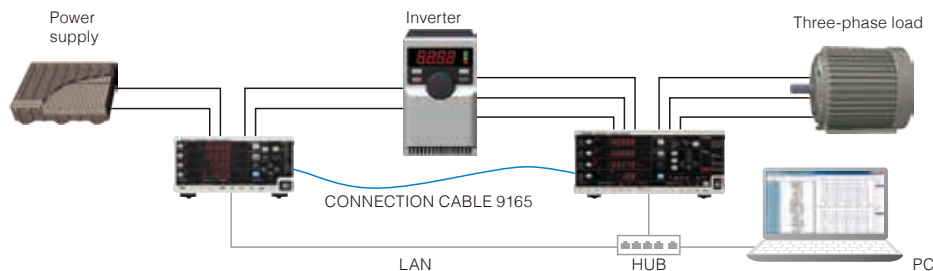
Temperature distribution image at  
30 A DC/10-minute input

### Support for Various Connections

The PW3337 supports not only 3V3A, but also a variety of three-phase connections such as 3P4W, 3P3W2M, and 3P3W3M.

## Inverter Efficiency Measurement

PW333 7 PW333 6 PW333 5

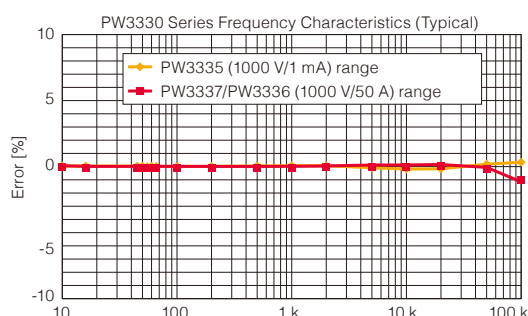


### Key features

- Max. 24-channel power meter
- Wideband  
DC, 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz
- PW Communicator

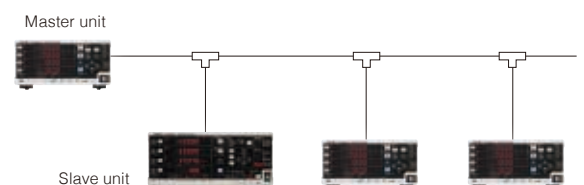
### Wide Frequency Band (DC, 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz)

These models cover not only the fundamental frequency bands for inverters, but also carrier frequency bands, in a wide range that includes DC and frequencies from 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz.



### 24-channel Power Meter with Synchronous Control for up to 8 Units

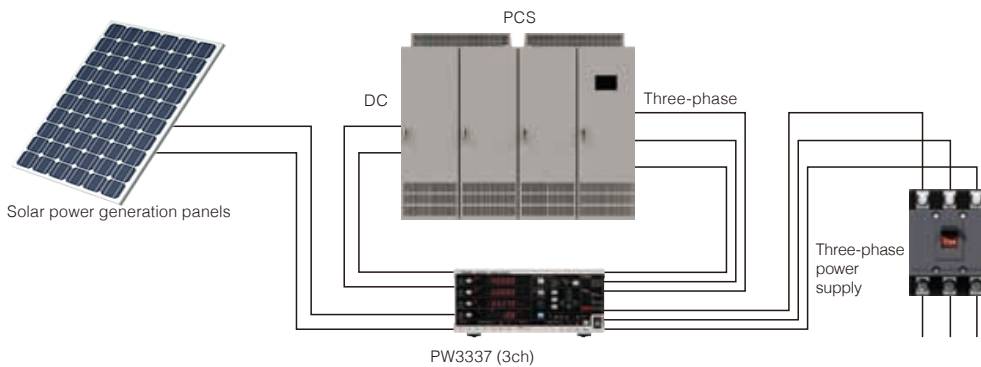
Connect 8 units for synchronous measurement of up to 24 channels. The calculation and control timing for PW3337, PW3336, and PW3335 units that are set as slaves are synchronized with the master unit. Use this feature to measure the I/O efficiency of power supply devices, compare multiple pieces of equipment, or to perform simultaneous parallel testing of production lines. Use the free PW COMMUNICATOR\* software to calculate the efficiency between multiple units and to acquire data simultaneously from multiple units.



## PV Power Conditioner (PCS) Efficiency Measurements

DC - 3-phase/ DC 1-phase/  
3-wire 2-wire

PW333 7 PW333 6



### Key features

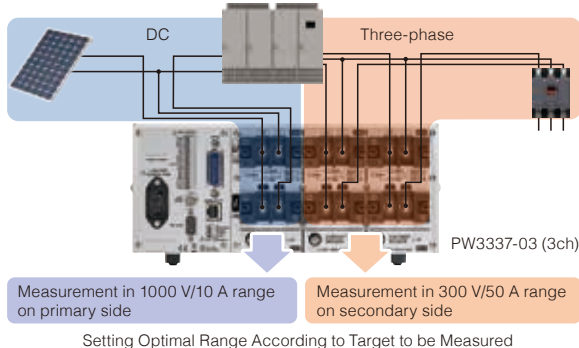
Independent range per channel

Extensive calculation functions

Harmonic measurement function

### Independent Ranges Per Channel for Highly Accurate Measurements

Independent channels allow the selection of the optimal range for each connection. One example is the simultaneous measurement of the primary side (DC) and secondary side (three-phase) of a PCS using a single unit. Selecting the optimal range for each target to be measured enables highly accurate measurements.



### I/O Efficiency Calculation with a Single Unit

Input and output can be measured independently at the optimal ranges, and the PCS efficiency can be calculated and displayed on a single unit. PCS can be evaluated with a simple system configuration.

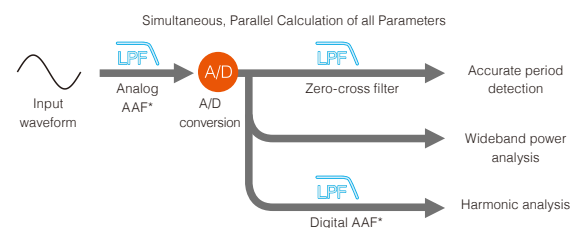
### 1000 V Range for Evaluation of Large Power Conditioners

These models support the measurement of large voltages, which is required in order to measure power conditioners for solar power generation. Measure up to 1000 Vrms and 1500 Vpeak.



### Simultaneous Measurement of Power Data and Harmonics

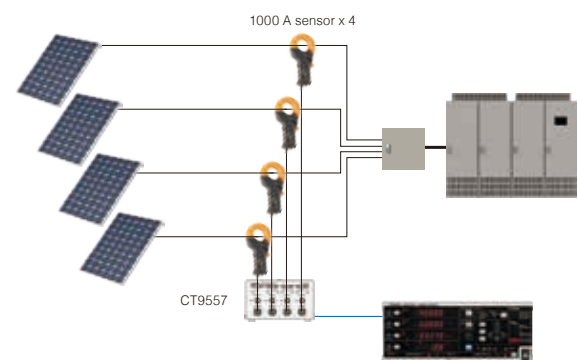
In addition to standard measurement items such as voltage, current, and power, all items related to harmonics, such as distortion and content percentage, are calculated internally in parallel at the same time. Items such as RMS value, MEAN value, DC components, AC components, and fundamental wave components can all be confirmed simply by switching the display. Even for DC waveforms with superimposed ripple components, the AC/DC components can be measured separately. In addition, when using PC software, more than 180 measurement items can be acquired at the same time.



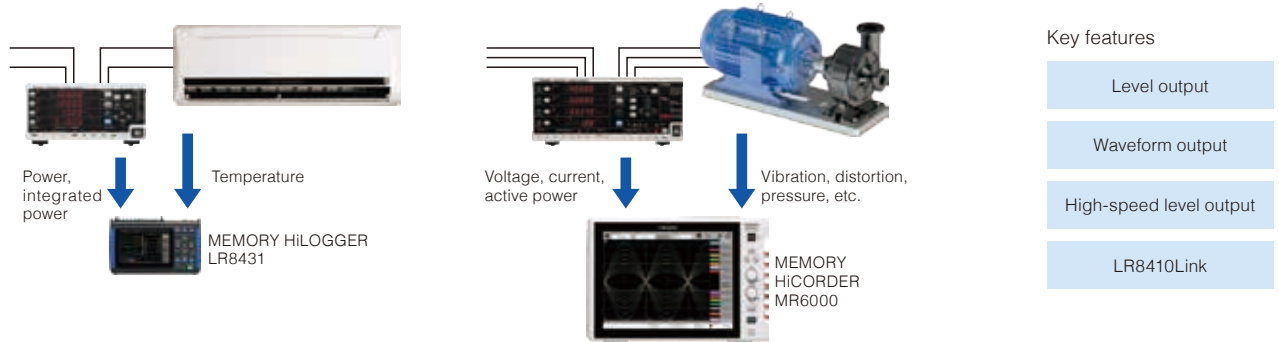
\* AAF (Anti-aliasing filter):

### Aggregation of Output from DC Current Sensors (Up to 4000 A)

SENSOR UNIT CT9557 is a power supply for highly accurate current sensors that have a waveform output function. In addition to using it as a 4-channel power supply, it is also equipped with a sum feature for aggregating the input waveforms into a single waveform to be output.



## Output Function Linked with Recorder

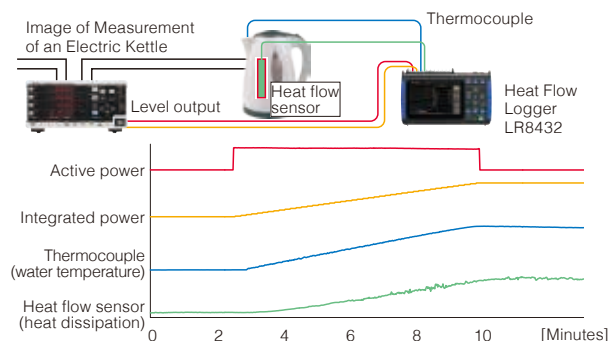


	PW3337-02 PW3337-03	PW3336-02 PW3336-03	PW3335-02 PW3335-04	3334 3334-01	3333 3333-01
Level output (Analog output)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Waveform output	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-
High-speed level output	Active power only		Voltage, current, active power	-	-

### Display Trends with a Data Logger



The level output (analog output) function delivers measured values that are displayed on the power meter with an analog voltage that is updated every 200 ms. Connect the unit to a data logger to check trends through synchronization with data such as temperature and heat flow\*.

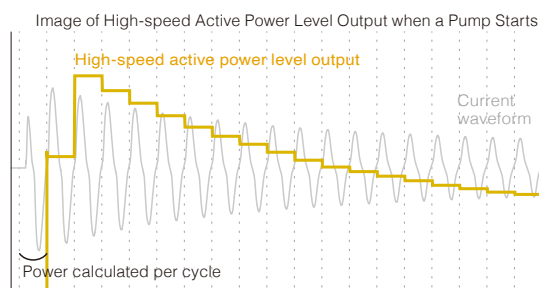


\* Heat flow: Parameter for understanding the heat reception and heat dissipation of an object. Can be measured with a heat flow sensor.

### Observe Power for Each Cycle



The PW3337, PW3336, and PW3335 feature built-in, high-speed active power level output. Level is output for power per cycle. When used in combination with a memory hicorder, fluctuations in power can be observed in real time. This feature is also useful for analyzing equipment that uses power, such as monitoring cutting and grinding tools.

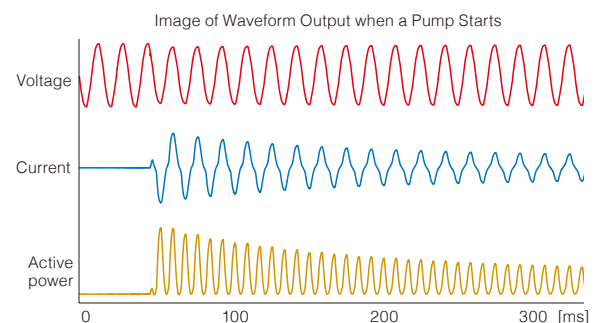


\* With the PW3335, high-speed level output is also possible for 45 Hz to 66 Hz

### Observe Waveforms with a Memory Hicorder



The waveform output function outputs the voltage/current waveforms captured by a power meter in the form of high-speed analog voltage. Connect to a memory recorder to check behavior when load fluctuates, such as with the inrush current of a motor.



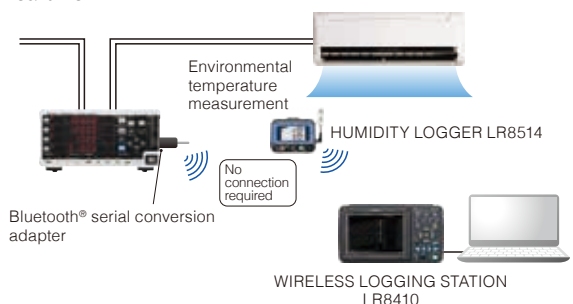
### Log Data Measured by a Power Meter Wirelessly on a Hioki Logger(LR8410 Link)



Wirelessly transmit measurement parameters from the Power Meter PW3335 (excluding model -01) to a Wireless Logging Station LR8410 via Bluetooth® wireless technology\*.

- The PW3335-02 and PW3335-04 can transmit 7 D/A output parameters.
- The PW3335, PW3335-03 can transmit 4 parameters: voltage, current, power and power factor.

This allows you to combine the voltage and temperature data from the Logger with the current and power from the Power Meter in real time.



\* Connection requires the serial - Bluetooth® wireless technology conversion adapter recommended by Hioki. Please inquire with your Hioki distributor.

## No-load Loss Measurements for Transformers

Single-phase only

PW333 7

PW333 6

PW333 5



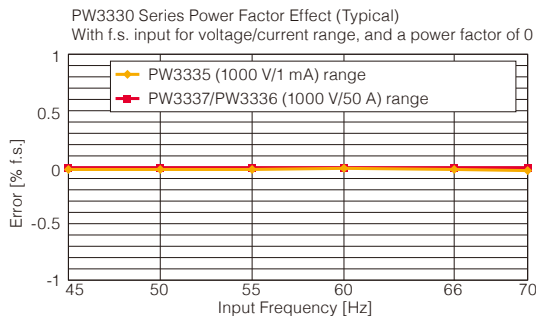
Key features

Power factor effect  
 $\pm 0.1\%$  f.s. or less

Crest factor 6

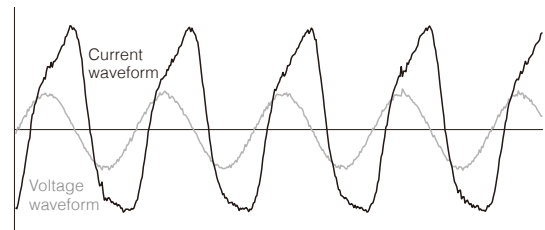
### Power Factor Effect of 0.1% or Less, Even at Low Power Factors

A no-load loss test is one indicator for evaluating energy conservation for transformers and motors. The PW3337 and PW3336 are affected very little by power factor, at  $\pm 0.1\%$  f.s. or less, allowing active power to be measured with a high level of accuracy at low power factors.



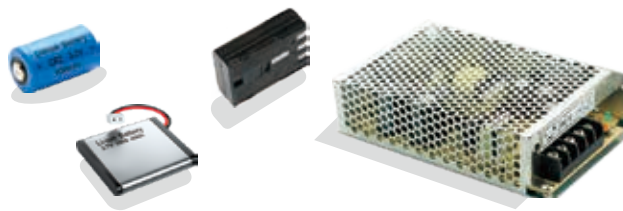
### Support for Crest Factor 6

The crest factor of a current waveform increases during no-load operation. The PW3337, PW3336, and PW3335 support a crest factor 6. Therefore, even if the waveform peak value is large relative to the range, accurate measurements are possible without exceeding the range.



Example of Transformer Current Waveform during No-load Operation

## DC Power Measurement for Batteries and Power Supplies



Key features

DC power accuracy  
 $\pm 0.2\%$  rdg.Power integration function  
by polarity

### Best-in-class DC Power Accuracy

PW333 7  
PW333 6  
PW333 5

These models are best for measuring battery power consumption and output from switching power supplies. Make accurate measurements of DC power, which is an important factor in improving efficiency and saving energy.



PW3337/PW3336



PW3335

DC power accuracy  
 **$\pm 0.1\%$** \*

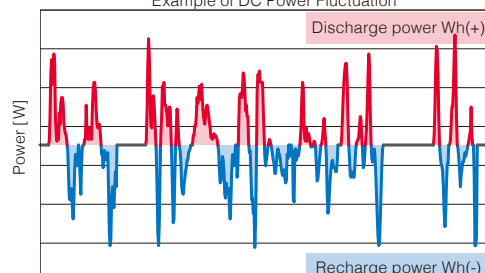
\* For complete details, please refer to the specifications

### Current and Power Integration Function by Polarity

PW333 7  
PW333 6  
PW333 5  
333 4

For integrated measurements, recharging power and discharging power are integrated by polarity every 200 ms. The amount of power in the positive direction, the amount of power in the negative direction, and the sum of the amounts of power in the positive and negative direction during the integration period are measured. Accurate measurement of recharging power and discharging power is possible even if there is rapid repetition of battery recharging/discharging.

Example of DC Power Fluctuation



# Options

## TYPE 1 Current Sensor (General Current Measurements)



Connect this unit to the current sensor input terminal (BNC) on the PW3337/PW3336/PW3335. It can be used with a direct connection.

Wiring method	External appearance	Product name/ model no.	Rated current	Frequency band	Diameter of measurable conductors	Basic accuracy (amplitude) Basic accuracy (phase)	Cord lengths	Power supply
Clamp method		CLAMP ON SENSOR 9660	100 A	40 Hz to 5 kHz	φ 15 mm (0.59 in)	±0.3% rdg. ±0.02% f.s. Within ±1°	3 m (9.84 ft)	Not used
		CLAMP ON SENSOR 9661	500 A	40 Hz to 5 kHz	φ 46 mm (1.81 in)	±0.3% rdg. ±0.01% f.s. Within ±0.5°		
		CLAMP ON SENSOR 9669	1000 A	40 Hz to 5 kHz	φ 55 mm (2.17 in), 80 mm (3.15 in) × 20 mm (0.79 in) BUS BAR	±1.0% rdg. ±0.01% f.s. Within ±1°		
		FLEXIBLE CLAMP ON SENSOR CT9667-01	500 A/ 5000 A	10 Hz to 20 kHz	φ 100 mm (3.94 in)	±2.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. Within ±1°	3 m (9.84 ft)	AA (LR6) Alkaline Batteries x 2 (approx. 7 days) or AC ADAPTER 9445-02 (optional)
		FLEXIBLE CLAMP ON SENSOR CT9667-02			φ 180 mm (7.09 in)			
		FLEXIBLE CLAMP ON SENSOR CT9667-03			φ 254 mm (10.00 in)			

Options for CT9667-01/-02/-03

External appearance	Product name/ model no.	Functions	Power supply
	AC ADAPTER 9445-02	For supplying power to CT9667-01/-02/-03	100 to 240 V AC

## TYPE 2 Current Sensor (Highly Accurate Current Measurements)



Connect this unit to the current sensor input terminal (BNC) on the PW3337/PW3336/PW3335.

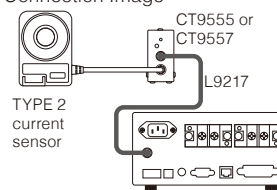
SENSOR UNIT CT9555 or CT9557 and CONNECTION CABLE L9217 are required.

Wiring method	External appearance	Product name/ model no.	Rated current	Frequency band	Diameter of measurable conductors	Basic accuracy (amplitude) Basic accuracy (phase)	Cord lengths	Power supply
Through method		CT6862-05	50 A	DC to 1 MHz	φ 24 mm (0.94 in)	±0.05% rdg. ±0.01% f.s. Within ±0.2°	3 m (9.84 ft)	CT9555 or CT9557
		CT6863-05	200 A	DC to 500 kHz	φ 24 mm (0.94 in)			
		CT6875	500 A	DC to 2 MHz	φ 36 mm (1.42 in)	±0.04% rdg. ±0.008% f.s. Within ±0.1°		
		CT6876	1000 A	DC to 1.5 MHz	φ 36 mm (1.42 in)			
		CT6877	2000 A	DC to 1 MHz	φ 80 mm (3.15 in)			
Clamp method		CT6841-05	20 A	DC to 1 MHz	φ 20 mm (0.79 in)	±0.3% rdg. ±0.01% f.s. Within ±0.1°		
		CT6843-05	200 A	DC to 500 kHz	φ 20 mm (0.79 in)			
		CT6844-05	500 A	DC to 200 kHz	φ 20 mm (0.79 in)			
		CT6845-05	500 A	DC to 100 kHz	φ 50 mm (1.97 in)			
		CT6846-05	1000 A	DC to 20 kHz	φ 50 mm (1.97 in)			
		9272-05	20 A/ 200 A	1 Hz to 100 kHz	φ 46 mm (1.81 in)	±0.3% rdg. ±0.01% f.s. Within ±0.2°		

Options for Current Sensor TYPE 2

External appearance	Product name/ model no.	Max. no. of sensors	Functions	Power supply	Cord lengths
	SENSOR UNIT CT9555	1	For supplying power to the TYPE 2 current sensor	100 V to 240 V AC	-
	SENSOR UNIT CT9557	4	For supplying power to the TYPE 2 current sensor With addition output function	100 V to 240 V AC	-
	CONNECTION CORD L9217	-	For connecting CT9555/CT9557 and PW3330 series units	-	1.6 m (5.25 ft)

Connection Image



## Rack Mount Hardware

HIOKI can also manufacture rack mount hardware (EIA, JIS). Please contact your Hioki distributor or subsidiary for more information.

## Printing with a Printer

Connect the 3333 to PRINTER 9442\* to print out values.

Printing example

```
STATUS, 000000, U, +0200.0E+0, 1, +014.82E+0,
P, +02.727E+3, 8, +02.964E+3, FF, +00.920E+0
```



PRINTER 9442  
Thermal serial dot method, 112 mm (4.41 in) paper width  
Power supply: AC ADAPTER 9443-02, or the included nickel hydride batteries  
Dimensions, mass: 160 mm W × 67 mm H × 170 mm D (6.30 in W × 2.64 in H × 6.69 in D), 580 g (20.5 oz)



CONNECTION CABLE 9444  
9-pin - 9-pin, straight, 1.5 m (4.92 ft)



AC ADAPTER 9443-02  
For printer, 9442, EU type



RECORDING PAPER 1196  
112 mm (4.41 in) × 25 m (82.03 ft), 10 g/m²



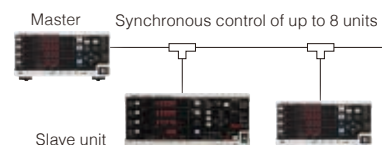
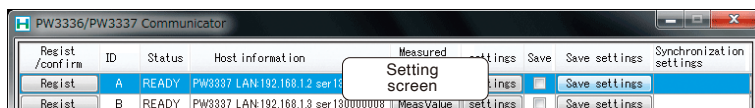
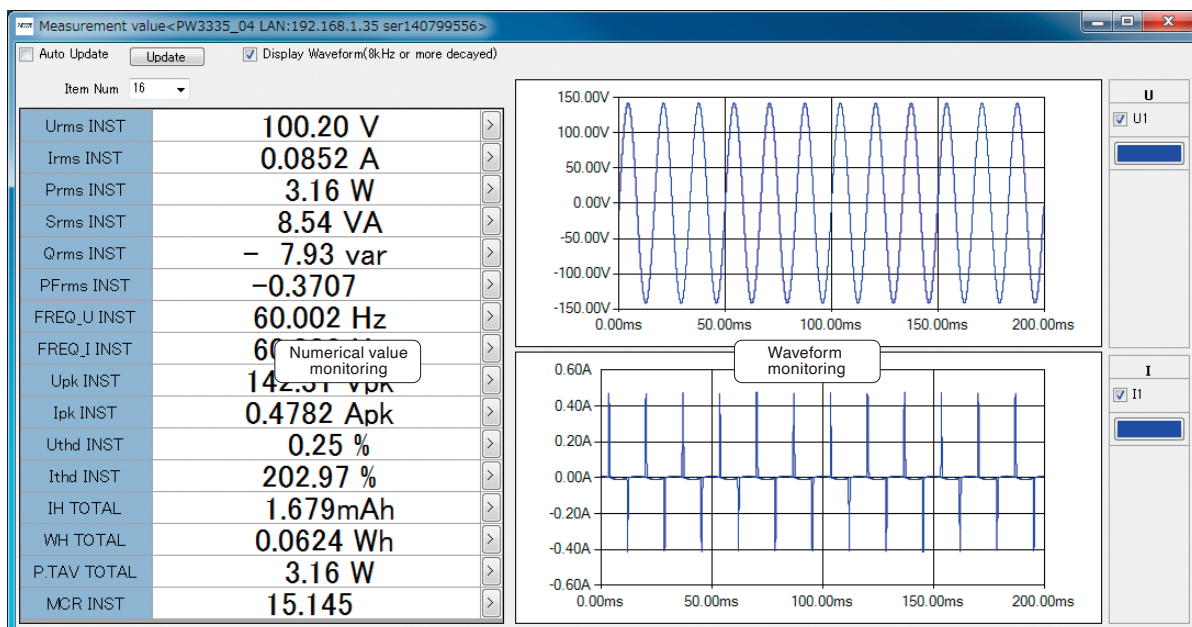


# Software

## PW Communicator



PW Communicator is an application for communicating between a PW3337/PW3336/PW3335 and a PC. This software can be downloaded free of charge from the HIOKI website. Use this software to configure the power meter, acquire interval data with a PC, perform numerical calculations for measurement data, calculate efficiency between multiple units, display 10 or more measurement items, and display waveforms.



- Numerical value monitoring** Display the PW3337/PW3336/PW3335 measurement values on the PC screen. You can freely select up to 64 values, such as voltage, current, power, and harmonics.
- Waveform monitoring** The voltage, current, and waveforms measured by the unit can be monitored on the PC screen.
- Meter setting** The configuration of the connected power meter can be changed on the PC screen.
- Synchronous measurement** Efficiency calculations, such as input/output of the power supply conversion device, are possible between multiple power meters. Use a sync cable to connect and synchronize the control of up to 8 units.
- Save in chronological order** More than 180 pieces of measured data can be recorded to a file in CSV format at regular time intervals. The minimum time interval for recording is 200 ms.

## LabVIEW Driver



Obtain data and configure measurement systems with the LabVIEW driver.  
(LabVIEW is a registered trademark of NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS.)

## Sample Software



Sample software for loading data (via RS-232C) can be downloaded from the HIOKI website.

- The 3333/3334 front panel is displayed on the PC screen. Operate the power meter or change settings directly on the PC.

The software can be downloaded from the HIOKI website. (The software is for the 3333/3334 front panel only. It is not for the 3335/3336/3337 front panel.)

# Standby Power Measurement Software



"Standby Power Measurement Software" is an application software exclusively designed for the Power Meter PW3335. This software lets you to view PW3335 measurement data and also save them as reports or in CSV format via a LAN, GP-IB, or RS-232C. Measure standby power consumption in accordance with IEC62301. Download the software free of charge from the HIOKI website.

## Workflow for Standby Power Test

### 1. Connect to power meter

Configure the settings for communication with a power meter. Connect the PC to a power meter, and enter the settings required for the interface used (LAN/RS-232C/GP-IB).



### 2. Configure the test target

Enter the information of the device under test. The information to be entered includes manufacturer name, model name, serial number, and operation mode. You can also register an image of the test target.



### 3. Configure the test power supply

Enter the information of the test power supply. Information to be entered includes rating and frequency. Also, enter the values of uncertainty due to the connection method, wiring, power supply, and temperature.



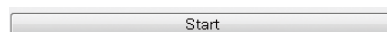
### 4. Configure the test conditions

Set the current range, stop conditions, algorithm used to judge stability, cycle time, and upper limit for test time.



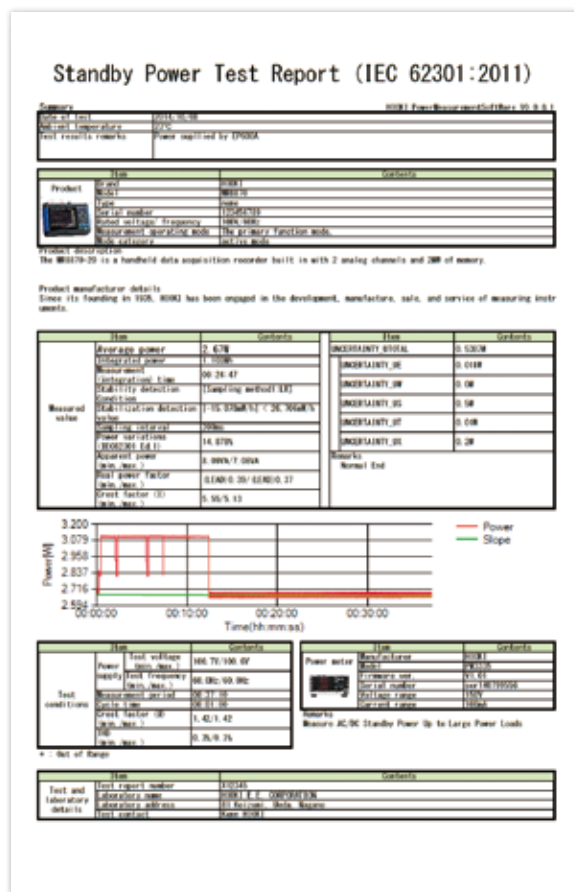
### 5. Run test

The consumed power is measured according to the configured settings.



### 6. Create report

Create a report of the test results. Output either a PDF report or CSV file.



Example of report output

Model	PW3335				
Serial Number	00140700550				
Power supply	100V 50/60Hz				
Start Time	2014	7	50	14	32
Set Range	150V				
Current Range	200mA				
Update Rate	200ms				
Algorithm	1/2	CA	SP1	SP2	CAE
Stop Factor	Power (Coefficient) [LH]				
Valid Period	0	100			
Time (Sec)	Test voltage (V)	Test frequency (Hz)	U-TH (V)	Crest Factor (V)	Crest Factor (V)
14.8	99.49	60.000	0.26	1.4200	5.6212
15	99.49	60.000	0.27	1.4199	5.6205
15.2	99.49	60.000	0.25	1.4199	5.6206
15.4	99.49	60.000	0.26	1.4199	5.6204
15.5	99.49	60.000	0.26	1.4199	5.6202
15.6	99.49	60.000	0.26	1.4199	5.6208
15.8	99.49	60.000	0.26	1.4199	5.6204
16.2	99.49	60.000	0.26	1.4198	5.6205

CSV output example



# PW3337 and PW3336 Specifications

## Input Specifications

Measurement line type	PW3336 series			
	Single-phase 2-wire (1P2W), Single-phase 3-wire (1P3W), Three-phase 3-wire (3P3W, 3P3W2M)			
	Wiring	CH1	CH2	
	1P2Wx2	1P2W	1P2W	
	1P3W	1P3W		
	3P3W	3P3W		
	3P3W2M	3P3W2M		
	PW3337 series			
	Single-phase 2-wire (1P2W), Single-phase 3-wire (1P3W), Three-phase 3-wire (3P3W, 3P3W2M, 3V3A, 3P3W3M), Three-phase 4-wire (3P4W)			
	Wiring	CH1	CH2	CH3
	1P2Wx3	1P2W	1P2W	1P2W
	1P3W&1P2W	1P3W		1P2W
	3P3W&1P2W	3P3W		1P2W
	3P3W2M	3P3W2M		
	3V3A	3V3A		
	3P3W3M	3P3W3M		
	3P4W	3P4W		
Input methods	Voltage Isolated input, resistance voltage division method Current Isolated input, DCCT method Isolated input from current sensors			
Voltage measurement ranges	AUTO/ 15.000 V/ 30.000 V/ 60.000 V/ 150.00 V/ 300.00 V/ 600.00 V/ 1000.0 V (set for each wiring mode)			
Current measurement ranges	AUTO/ 200.00 mA/ 500.00 mA/ 1.0000 A/ 2.0000 A/ 5.0000 A/ 10.000 A/ 20.000 A/ 50.000 A (set for each wiring mode) For more information about external current sensor input, see the external current sensor input specifications			
Power ranges	Depends on the combination of voltage and current ranges; PW3336: from 3.0000W to 100.00kW (also applies to VA, var) PW3337: from 3.0000W to 150.00kW (also applies to VA, var)			
Input resistance (50/60 Hz)	Voltage input terminal : 2 MΩ Current direct input terminal : 1 mΩ or less			

## Basic Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Simultaneous voltage and current digital sampling, zero-cross simultaneous calculation
Sampling frequency	Approx. 700 kHz
A/D converter	16-bit resolution
Frequency bands	DC, 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz
Synchronization sources	U1, U2, U3, I1, I2, I3, DC (fixed at 200 ms) Can be set separately for each wiring mode.
Measurement items	· Voltage · Current · Active power · Apparent power · Reactive power · Power factor · Phase angle · Frequency · Efficiency · Current integration · Active power integration · Integrated time · Voltage waveform peak value · Current waveform peak value · Voltage crest factor · Current crest factor · Time average current · Time average active power · Voltage ripple factor · Current ripple factor Harmonic parameters: · Harmonic voltage RMS value · Harmonic current RMS value · Harmonic active power · Total harmonic voltage distortion · Total harmonic current distortion · Voltage fundamental waveform · Current fundamental waveform · Active power fundamental waveform · Apparent power fundamental waveform · Reactive power fundamental waveform · Power factor fundamental waveform (displacement power factor) · Voltage current phase difference fundamental waveform · Interchannel voltage fundamental wave phase difference · Interchannel current fundamental wave phase difference · Harmonic voltage content % · Harmonic current content % · Harmonic active power content % The following parameters can be downloaded as data during PC communication but not displayed: · Harmonic voltage phase angle · Harmonic current phase angle · Harmonic voltage current phase difference
Rectifiers	AC+DC: AC+DC measurement Display of true RMS values for both voltage and current AC+DC Umn: AC+DC measurement Display of average value rectified RMS converted values for voltage and true RMS values for current DC: DC measurement Display of simple averages for both voltage and current Display of values calculated by (voltage DC value) × (current DC value) for active power AC: AC measurement Display of values calculated by for both voltage and current Display of values calculated by $\sqrt{(\text{AC+DC value})^2 - (\text{DC value})^2}$ for active power FND Extraction and display of the fundamental wave component from harmonic measurement

Zero-Crossing Filter	500 Hz/200 kHz 500 Hz: 0.1 Hz to 500 Hz, 200 kHz: 0.1 Hz to 200 kHz
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Measurement accuracy	
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Voltage	
Frequency (f)	Input < 50% f.s.    50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.    100% f.s. ≤ Input
DC	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.
0.1Hz ≤ f < 16Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±0.3%rdg.    ±0.3%rdg.
16Hz ≤ f < 45Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.    ±0.2%rdg.
45Hz ≤ f ≤ 66Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.05% f.s.    ±0.15%rdg.    ±0.15%rdg.
66Hz < f ≤ 500Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.    ±0.2%rdg.
500Hz < f ≤ 10kHz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±0.3%rdg.    ±0.3%rdg.
10kHz < f ≤ 50kHz	±0.5%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.    ±0.8%rdg.    ±0.8%rdg.
50kHz < f ≤ 100kHz	±2.1%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.    ±2.4%rdg.    ±2.4%rdg.

Current (direct input)	
Frequency (f)	Input < 50% f.s.    50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.    100% f.s. ≤ Input
DC	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.
0.1Hz ≤ f < 16Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±0.3%rdg.    ±0.3%rdg.
16Hz ≤ f < 45Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.    ±0.2%rdg.
45Hz ≤ f ≤ 66Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.05% f.s.    ±0.15%rdg.    ±0.15%rdg.
66Hz < f ≤ 500Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.    ±0.2%rdg.
500Hz < f ≤ 1kHz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±0.3%rdg.    ±0.3%rdg.
1kHz < f ≤ 10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.    ±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.
10kHz < f ≤ 100kHz	±(0.3+0.04×F)%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.    ±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.    ±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.

Active power	
Frequency (f)	Input < 50% f.s.    50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.    100% f.s. ≤ Input
DC	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.
0.1Hz ≤ f < 16Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±0.3%rdg.    ±0.3%rdg.
16Hz ≤ f < 45Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.    ±0.2%rdg.
45Hz ≤ f ≤ 66Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.05% f.s.    ±0.15%rdg.    ±0.15%rdg.
66Hz < f ≤ 500Hz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.1% f.s.    ±0.2%rdg.    ±0.2%rdg.
500Hz < f ≤ 1kHz	±0.1%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±0.3%rdg.    ±0.3%rdg.
1kHz < f ≤ 10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.    ±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.    ±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.
10kHz < f ≤ 50kHz	±(0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.    ±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.    ±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.
50kHz < f ≤ 100kHz	±(0.6+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.    ±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.    ±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.

- Values for f.s. depend on measurement ranges.
- "F" in the tables refers to the frequency in kHz.
- Add ±1mA to DC measurement accuracy for current.
- Add (±1mA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.
- When using the 200mA or 500mA range, add ±0.1% rdg. to current and active power for which 1kHz < f ≤ 10kHz.
- Values for voltage, current, and active power for which 0.1Hz ≤ f < 10Hz are for reference only.
- Values for voltage, current, and active power in excess of 220V or 20A for which 10Hz ≤ f < 16Hz are for reference only.
- Values for current and active power in excess of 20A for which 500Hz < f ≤ 50kHz are for reference only.
- Values for current and active power in excess of 15A for which 50kHz < f ≤ 100kHz are for reference only.
- Values for voltage and active power in excess of 750V for which 30kHz < f ≤ 100kHz are for reference only.

Guaranteed accuracy period	1 year
Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed	6 months
Maximum effective peak voltage	±600% of each voltage range However, for 300 V, 600 V, and 1000 V ranges, ±1500 Vpeak
Maximum effective peak current	±600% of each current range However, for 20 A range and 50 A range, ±100 Apeak
Conditions of guaranteed accuracy	Temperature and humidity: 23°C ±5°C, 80% RH or less Warm-up time: 30 minutes Input: Sine wave input, power factor of 1, terminal-to-ground voltage of 0V, after zero adjustment; within range in which the fundamental wave satisfies synchronization source conditions
Temperature characteristic	±0.03% f.s. per °C or less
Power factor effects	±0.1% f.s. or less (45 to 66 Hz, at power factor = 0) Internal circuitry voltage/current phase difference: ±0.0573°
Effect of common mode voltage	±0.02% f.s. or less (600 V, 50/60 Hz, applied between input terminals and enclosure)
Effect of external magnetic field interference	400 A/m, DC and 50/60 Hz magnetic field Voltage : ±1.5% f.s. or less Current : ±1.5% f.s. or ±10 mA, whichever is greater, or less Active power : ±3.0% f.s. or (voltage influence quantity) × (±10 mA), whichever is greater, or less
Magnetization effect	±10 mA equivalent or less (after inputting 100 A DC to the current direct input terminals)
Adjacent channel input effect	±10 mA equivalent or less (when inputting 50 A to adjacent channel)

## Voltage/ Current/ Active Power Measurement Specifications

Measurement types	Rectifiers: AC+DC, DC, AC, FND, AC+DC Umn
Effective measuring range	Voltage: 1% to 130% of range (However, up to ±1500 V peak value and 1000 V RMS value) Current: 1% to 130% of range Active power: 0% to 169% of the range (However, defined when the voltage and current fall within the effective measurement range.)
Display range	Voltage/ Current: 0.5% to 140% of range (zero-suppression when less than 0.5%) Active power: 0% to 196% of the range (no zero-suppression)
Polarity	Voltage/ Current: Displayed when using DC rectifier Active power: +: Positive: Power consumption (no polarity display) -: Regenerated power

## Voltage/ Current/ Active power channel and sum value calculation formulas

Wiring	X: U (Voltage) or I (Current)	P (Active power)
All channels	1P2W $X_{(i)}$	$P_{(i)}$
	1P3W $X_{sum} = \frac{1}{2} (X_{(1)} + X_{(2)})$	$P_{sum} = (P_{(1)} + P_{(2)})$
	3P3W	
	3P3W2M	
Sum values	3V3A $X_{sum} = \frac{1}{3} (X_{(1)} + X_{(2)} + X_{(3)})$	$P_{sum} = (P_{(1)} + P_{(2)} + P_{(3)})$
	3P3W3M	
	3P4W	

(i): Measurement channel

## Voltage Waveform Peak Value / Current Waveform Peak Value Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Measures the waveform's peak value (for both positive and negative polarity) based on sampled instantaneous voltage values.
Sampling frequency	Approx. 700 kHz
Voltage peak range	
Voltage range	15V    30V    60V    150V    300V    600V    1000V
Voltage peak range	90.000V    180.00V    360.00V    900.00V    1.8000kV    3.6000kV    6.0000kV
Current peak range	
Current range	200mA    500mA    1A    2A    5A    10A    20A    50A
Current peak range	1.2000A    3.0000A    6.0000A    12.000A    30.000A    60.000A    120.00A    300.00A
Measurement accuracy	Same as the voltage or current measurement accuracy at DC and when 10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz (f.s.: voltage peak range or current peak range). Provided as reference value when 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz and when in excess of 1 kHz.
Effective measuring range	±5% to ±100% of voltage peak range (up to ±1500 V) or ±5% to ±100% of current peak range (up to ±100 A)
Display range	±0.3% to ±102% of voltage peak range or current peak range (values less than ±0.3% are subject to zero-suppression)

## Voltage Crest Factor/ Current Crest Factor Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates values from display values once each display update interval for voltage and voltage waveform peak values or current and current waveform peak values.
Effective measuring range	As per voltage and voltage waveform peak value or current and current waveform peak value effective measurement ranges.



### Voltage Ripple Rate / Current Ripple Factor Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the AC component (peak to peak [peak width]) as a proportion of the voltage or current DC component
Effective measuring range	As per voltage and voltage waveform peak value or current and current waveform peak value effective measurement ranges
Display range	0.00[%] to 500.00[%]
Polarity	None

### Apparent Power/ Reactive Power/ Power Factor/ Phase Angle Measurement Specifications

Measurement types	Rectifiers Apparent Power/ Reactive Power/ Power Factor : AC+DC, AC, FND, AC+DC Umn Phase Angle : AC, FND
Effective measuring range	As per voltage, current, and active power effective measurement ranges.
Display range	Apparent Power/ Reactive Power : 0% to 196% of the range (no zero-suppression) Power Factor : $\pm 0.0000$ to $\pm 1.0000$ Phase Angle : $\pm 180.00$ to $-180.00$
Polarity	Reactive Power/ Power Factor/ Phase Angle Polarity is assigned according to the lead/lag relationship of the voltage waveform rising edge and the current waveform rising edge. + : When current lags voltage (no polarity display) - : When current leads voltage

### Power channel and sum value calculation formulas

Wiring	S : Apparent power	Q : Reactive power
All channels	1P2W $S_{(1)} = U_{(1)} \times I_{(1)}$	$Q_{(1)} = s i(i) \sqrt{S_{(1)}^2 - P_{(1)}^2}$
Sum values	1P3W $S_{sum} = S_{(1)} + S_{(2)}$	$Q_{sum} = Q_{(1)} + Q_{(2)}$
	3P3W $S_{sum} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (S_{(1)} + S_{(2)})$	
	3P3W2M $S_{sum} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (S_{(1)} + S_{(2)} + S_{(3)})$	
	3V3A $S_{sum} = S_{(1)} + S_{(2)} + S_{(3)}$	
	3P3W3M $S_{sum} = S_{(1)} + S_{(2)} + S_{(3)}$	

(i) : Measurement channel

Wiring	$\lambda$ : Power factor	$\phi$ : Phase angle
All channels	1P2W $\lambda_{(1)} = s i(i) \left  \frac{P_{sum}}{S_{sum}} \right $	$\phi_{(1)} = s i(i) \cos^{-1} \lambda_{(1)}$
Sum values	1P3W $\lambda_{sum} = S_{sum} \left  \frac{P_{sum}}{S_{sum}} \right $	When $P_{sum} \geq 0$ $\phi_{sum} = S_{sum} \cos^{-1} \lambda_{sum}$ (0° to ±90°) When $P_{sum} < 0$ $\phi_{sum} = S_{sum} \cos^{-1} \lambda_{sum}$ (±90° to ±180°)
	3P3W	
	3P3W2M	
	3V3A	
	3P3W3M 3P4W	

(i) : Measurement channel ; The polarity symbol sium is acquired from the Qsum symbol.

### Frequency Measurement Specifications

Number of measurement channels	3 ch
Measurement source	Select from U (VHz) or I (AHz) by channel
Measurement method	Calculated from input waveform period (reciprocal method)
Measurement range	500 Hz/ 200 kHz (linked to zero-cross filter)
Measurement accuracy	$\pm 0.1\%$ rdg. $\pm 1$ dgt. (0°C to 40°C)
Effective measuring range	0.1 Hz to 100 kHz For sine wave input that is at least 20% of the measurement source's measurement range. Measurement lower limit frequency setting: 0.1 sec. / 1 sec. / 10 sec.
Display format	0.1000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.900 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 99.00 Hz to 999.99 Hz, 9900 kHz to 9.9999 kHz, 9.900 kHz to 99.999 kHz, 99.00 kHz to 220.00 kHz

### Efficiency Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the efficiency h [%] from the ratio of active power values for channels and wires				
Wiring modes and calculation equations	Calculated based on the AC+DC rectifier active power PW3336				
	Wiring	CH1	CH2	Calculation formulas	
	1P2W x 2	1P2W	1P2W	$\eta_1=100\times P_2  /  P_1 $ $\eta_2=100\times P_1  /  P_2 $	
	1P3W	1P3W			
	3P3W	3P3W			
	3P3W2M	3P3W2M			
PW3337	Wiring	CH1	CH2	CH3	Calculation formulas
	1P2W x 3	1P2W	1P2W	1P2W	$\eta_1=100\times P_3  /  P_1 $ $\eta_2=100\times P_1  /  P_3 $
	1P3W & 1P2W	1P3W	1P2W		$\eta_1=100\times P_3  /  P_{sum} $ $\eta_2=100\times P_{sum}  /  P_3 $
	3P3W & 1P2W	3P3W	1P2W		
	3P3W2M	3P3W2M			
	3V3A	3V3A			
	3P3W3M	3P3W3M			
	3P4W	3P4W			
Effective measuring range	As per the active power effective measurement range.				
Display range	0.00[%] to 200.00[%]				

### Time Average Current / Time Average Active Power Measurement Specifications (T.AV)

Measurement method	Calculates the average by dividing the integrated value by the integration time
Measurement accuracy	$\pm$ (Current or active power measurement accuracy) $\pm$ ( $\pm 0.01\%$ rdg. $\pm 1$ dgt.)
Effective measuring range	As per the current or active power effective measurement range

### Functional Specifications

Auto-range (AUTO)	Automatically changes the voltage and current range for each wiring mode according to the input Range up: The range is increased when input exceeds 130% of the range or when the peak is exceeded. Range down: The range is decreased when input falls below 15% of the range. However, the range is not decreased when the peak is exceeded at the lower range.
Averaging (AVG)	· Averages the voltage, current, active power, apparent power, and reactive power. · The power factor and phase angle are calculated from averaged data. · Measured values other than peak values, power factor, frequency, integrated values, T.AV, crest factor, ripple rate, total harmonic distortion, and harmonics are averaged. Method : Simple averaging Number of averaging iterations and display update interval
Number of averaging iterations	1 (OFF)
Display update interval	2 5 10 25 50 100 (200ms 400ms 1s 2s 5s 10s 20s)

Scaling (VT, CT)	Applies user-defined VT and CT ratio settings to measured values. These settings can be configured separately for each wiring mode. VT ratio setting range : OFF (1.0), 0.1 to 1000 (setting: 0000) CT ratio setting range : OFF (1.0), 0.001 to 1000 (setting: 0000)
HOLD (HOLD)	· Stops display updates for all measured values and fixes the display values at that point in time. · Measurement data acquired by communications is also fixed at that point in time. · Internal calculations (including integration and integration elapsed time) will continue. · Analog output and waveform output are not held.
Maximum value/ minimum value hold (MAX/MIN HOLD)	· Detects maximum and minimum measured values as well as maximum and minimum values for the voltage and current waveform peak and holds them on the display. · For data with polarity, display of the maximum value and minimum value for the data's absolute values is held (so that both positive and negative polarity values are shown). · Internal calculations (including integration and integration elapsed time) will continue. · Analog output and waveform output are not held.
Zero Adjustment (0 ADJ)	Degausses the current input unit DCCT and then zeroes out the current input offset.
Key-lock (KEY LOCK)	Disables key input in the measurement state, except for the SHIFT key and KEY LOCK key.
Backup	Backs up settings and integration data if the instrument is turned off and if a power outage occurs.
System Reset	Initializes the instrument's settings. Communications-related settings (communications speed, address, and LAN-related settings) are not initialized.

### Integration Measurement Specifications

Measurement items	Simultaneous integration of the following 6 parameters for each channel (total of 18 parameters): Sum of current integrated values (displayed as Ah on panel display) Positive current integrated value (displayed as Ah+ on panel display) Negative current integrated value (displayed as Ah- on panel display) Sum of active power integrated values (displayed as Wh on panel display) Positive active power integrated value (displayed as Wh+ on panel display) Negative active power integrated value (displayed as Wh- on panel display)
Measurement types	Rectifiers: AC+DC, AC+DC Umn Current: Displays the result of integrating current RMS value data (display values) once every display update interval (approx. 200 ms) as an integrated value. Active power: Displays the result of integrating active power values by polarity calculated once every cycle for the selected synchronization source as integrated values. Rectifier: DC Displays the result of integrating instantaneous data obtained by sampling both current and active power by polarity as integrated values (When the active power contains both AC and DC, the DC component will not be integrated)
Integration time	1 min. to 10000 hr., settable in 1 min. blocks
Integration time accuracy	$\pm 100$ ppm $\pm 1$ dgt. (0°C to 40°C)
Integration measurement accuracy	(Current or active power measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 0.01\%$ rdg. $\pm 1$ dgt.)
Effective measuring range	Until PEAK OVER U or PEAK OVER I occurs
Display resolution	999999 (6 digits + decimal point)
Functions	· Stopping integration based on integration time setting (timer) · Displaying the integration elapsed time (displayed as TIME on panel display) · Additional integration by repeatedly starting/stopping integration · Backing up integrated values and the integration elapsed time during power outages · Stopping integration when power returns
External control	Stopping/starting integration and resetting integrated values based on external control
Measuring range	Corresponds to the range set for START integration

### Harmonic Measurement Specifications (built-in function)

Measurement method	· Zero-cross simultaneous calculation method (separate windows by channel according to the wiring mode) · Uniform thinning between zero-cross events after processing with a digital antialiasing filter · Interpolation calculations (Lagrange interpolation) · When the synchronization frequency falls within the 45 Hz to 66 Hz range » IEC 61000-4-7:2002 compliant » Gaps and overlaps may occur if the measurement frequency is not 50 Hz or 60 Hz · When the synchronization frequency falls outside the 45 Hz to 66 Hz range » No gaps or overlap will occur
Synchronization source	Conforms to synchronization source (SYNC) for the basic measurement specifications
Measurement channels	3
Measurement items	· Harmonic voltage RMS value · Harmonic voltage content % · Harmonic voltage phase angle · Harmonic current RMS value · Harmonic current content % · Harmonic current phase angle · Harmonic active power · Harmonic active power content % · Harmonic voltage current phase difference · Total harmonic voltage distortion · Total harmonic current distortion · Voltage fundamental waveform · Current fundamental waveform · Active power fundamental waveform · Apparent power fundamental waveform · Reactive power fundamental waveform · Power factor fundamental waveform · Voltage current phase difference fundamental waveform · Interchannel voltage fundamental wave phase difference · Interchannel current fundamental wave phase difference
The following parameters can be downloaded as data during PC communication but not displayed: · Harmonic voltage phase angle · Harmonic current phase angle · Harmonic voltage current phase difference	
FFT processing word length	32 bits
Number of FFT points	4096
Window function	Rectangular
Analysis window width	45 Hz $\leq f < 56$ Hz: 178.57 ms to 222.22 ms (10 cycles) 56 Hz $\leq f < 66$ Hz: 181.82 ms to 214.29 ms (12 cycles) Frequencies other than the above: 185.92 ms to 214.08 ms
Data update rate	Depends on window width
Synchronization range	10 Hz to 640 Hz
Maximum analysis order	Synchronization frequency (f) range      Analysis order 10 Hz $\leq f < 45$ Hz      50th 45 Hz $\leq f < 56$ Hz      50th 56 Hz $\leq f < 66$ Hz      50th 66 Hz $\leq f < 100$ Hz      50th 100 Hz $\leq f < 200$ Hz      40th 200 Hz $\leq f < 300$ Hz      25th 300 Hz $\leq f < 500$ Hz      15th

Analysis order upper limit setting	2nd to 50th																
Measurement accuracy	<table border="1"> <tr> <th colspan="2">f.s.: Measurement range</th></tr> <tr> <th>Frequency (f)</th><th>Voltage, Current, Active power</th></tr> <tr> <td>DC</td><td>±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs</td></tr> <tr> <td>10 Hz ≤ f &lt; 30 Hz</td><td>±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs</td></tr> <tr> <td>30 Hz ≤ f ≤ 400 Hz</td><td>±0.3%rdg ±0.1%fs</td></tr> <tr> <td>400 Hz &lt; f ≤ 1 kHz</td><td>±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs</td></tr> <tr> <td>1 kHz &lt; f ≤ 5 kHz</td><td>±1.0%rdg ±0.5%fs</td></tr> <tr> <td>5 kHz &lt; f ≤ 8 kHz</td><td>±4.0%rdg ±1.0%fs</td></tr> </table>	f.s.: Measurement range		Frequency (f)	Voltage, Current, Active power	DC	±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs	10 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz	±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs	30 Hz ≤ f ≤ 400 Hz	±0.3%rdg ±0.1%fs	400 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs	1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	±1.0%rdg ±0.5%fs	5 kHz < f ≤ 8 kHz	±4.0%rdg ±1.0%fs
f.s.: Measurement range																	
Frequency (f)	Voltage, Current, Active power																
DC	±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs																
10 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz	±0.4%rdg ±0.2%fs																
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1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	±1.0%rdg ±0.5%fs																
5 kHz < f ≤ 8 kHz	±4.0%rdg ±1.0%fs																
	For DC, add ±1 mA to current and (±1 mA) × (voltage read value) to active power.																

## Display Specifications

Display	7-segment LED
Number of display parameters	4
Display resolution	Other than integrated values: 99999 count Integrated values: 999999 count
Display update rate	200 ms to 20 s (varies with number of averaging iterations setting)

## Synchronized Control

Functions	Timing of calculations, display updates, data updates, integration start/stop/reset events, display hold operation, key lock operation, and zero-adjustment operation for the slave PW3336/ PW3337 are synchronized with the master PW3336/ PW3337
Terminal	BNC terminal × 1 (non-isolated)
Terminal name	EXT SYNC
I/O settings	Off: Synchronized control function off In : The EXT SYNC terminal is set to input, and a dedicated synchronization signal can be input (slave). Out: The EXT SYNC terminal is set to output, and a dedicated synchronization signal can be output (master).
Number of units for which synchronized control can be performed	1 master unit and 7 slave units (total 8 units)

### External Current Sensor Input Specifications (built-in feature)

Terminal	Isolated BNC terminals, 1 for each channel
Current sensor type switching	Off / Type 1 / Type 2
Current sensor options	When set to off, input from the external current sensor input terminal is ignored. TYPE1 (100 A to 5000 A sensors) 9660, 9661, 9669, CT9667-01/-02/-03 TYPE2 (20 A to 1000 A sensors, Power supply is required to use) CT6862-05, CT6863-05, CT6875, CT6876, CT6877, 9272-05, CT6841-05, CT6843-05, CT6844-05, CT6845-05, CT6846-05, etc.
Current measurement range	Auto / 10 A / 20 A / 50 A (range noted on panel) User-selectable for each wiring mode. Can be read directly by manually setting the CT ratio.
Power range configuration	Depends on the combination of voltage and current ranges; from 60.000W to 15.000MW (also applies to VA, var)
Measurement accuracy	
Current, Active power	

Frequency	Input < 50% f.s	50% f.s. < Input < 100% f.s	100% f.s. < Input
DC	±0.2%rdg. ±0.6% f.s	±0.2%rdg. ±0.6% f.s	±0.8%rdg.
0.1Hz ≤ f < 16Hz	±0.2%rdg. ±0.2% f.s	±0.4%rdg.	±0.4%rdg.
16Hz ≤ f < 45Hz	±0.2%rdg. ±0.2% f.s	±0.4%rdg.	±0.4%rdg.
45Hz ≤ f < 66Hz	±0.2%rdg. ±0.1% f.s	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.
66Hz < f < 500Hz	±0.2%rdg. ±0.2% f.s	±0.4%rdg.	±0.4%rdg.
500Hz < f ≤ 1kHz	±0.2%rdg. ±0.3% f.s	±0.5%rdg.	±0.5%rdg.
1kHz < f ≤ 10kHz	±5.0%rdg.	±5.0%rdg.	±5.0%rdg.
10kHz < f ≤ 50kHz			
50kHz < f ≤ 100kHz			

f.s. : Each measurement range

- To obtain the current or active power accuracy, add the current sensor's accuracy to the above current and active power accuracy figures.
- The effective measurement range and frequency characteristics conform to the current sensor's specifications.
- Values for current, and active power for which  $0.1 \text{ Hz} \leq f < 10 \text{ Hz}$  are for reference only.
- Values for voltage in excess of 220 V active power for which  $10 \text{ Hz} \leq f < 16 \text{ Hz}$  are for reference only.

Temperature characteristics	Current, active power: ±0.08% f.s./°C (instrument temperature coefficient; f.s.: instrument measurement range) Add current sensor temperature coefficient to above.																					
Power factor effects	Instrument: ±0.15% f.s. or less (45 Hz to 66 Hz with power factor = 0) Internal circuit voltage/current phase difference: ±0.086° Add the current sensor phase accuracy to the internal circuit voltage/current phase difference noted above.																					
Current peak value measurement accuracy	(External current sensor input instrument accuracy) + (±2.0% f.s.) (f.s.: current peak range) Add the current sensor accuracy to the above.																					
Harmonic measurement accuracy	<table><tr><th>Frequency</th><th>Voltage</th><th>Current, Active power</th></tr><tr><td>DC</td><td>±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.</td><td>±0.6%rdg. ±0.8%.s.f.</td></tr><tr><td>10Hz ≤ f &lt; 30Hz</td><td>±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.</td><td>±0.6%rdg. ±0.4%.s.f.</td></tr><tr><td>30Hz ≤ f ≤ 400Hz</td><td>±0.3%rdg. ±0.1%.s.</td><td>±0.5%rdg. ±0.3%.s.f.</td></tr><tr><td>400Hz &lt; f ≤ 1kHz</td><td>±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.</td><td>±0.6%rdg. ±0.5%.s.f.</td></tr><tr><td>1kHz &lt; f ≤ 5kHz</td><td>±1.0%rdg. ±0.5%.s.</td><td>±1.0%rdg. ±5.5%.s.f.</td></tr><tr><td>5kHz &lt; f ≤ 8kHz</td><td>±4.0%rdg. ±1.0%.s.</td><td>±2.0%rdg. ±6.0%.s.f.</td></tr></table>	Frequency	Voltage	Current, Active power	DC	±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.	±0.6%rdg. ±0.8%.s.f.	10Hz ≤ f < 30Hz	±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.	±0.6%rdg. ±0.4%.s.f.	30Hz ≤ f ≤ 400Hz	±0.3%rdg. ±0.1%.s.	±0.5%rdg. ±0.3%.s.f.	400Hz < f ≤ 1kHz	±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.	±0.6%rdg. ±0.5%.s.f.	1kHz < f ≤ 5kHz	±1.0%rdg. ±0.5%.s.	±1.0%rdg. ±5.5%.s.f.	5kHz < f ≤ 8kHz	±4.0%rdg. ±1.0%.s.	±2.0%rdg. ±6.0%.s.f.
Frequency	Voltage	Current, Active power																				
DC	±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.	±0.6%rdg. ±0.8%.s.f.																				
10Hz ≤ f < 30Hz	±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.	±0.6%rdg. ±0.4%.s.f.																				
30Hz ≤ f ≤ 400Hz	±0.3%rdg. ±0.1%.s.	±0.5%rdg. ±0.3%.s.f.																				
400Hz < f ≤ 1kHz	±0.4%rdg. ±0.2%.s.	±0.6%rdg. ±0.5%.s.f.																				
1kHz < f ≤ 5kHz	±1.0%rdg. ±0.5%.s.	±1.0%rdg. ±5.5%.s.f.																				
5kHz < f ≤ 8kHz	±4.0%rdg. ±1.0%.s.	±2.0%rdg. ±6.0%.s.f.																				

f.s.: Each measurement range

- To obtain the current or active power accuracy, add the current sensor's accuracy to the above current and active power accuracy figures

### D/A Output Specifications (PW3336-02/-03 and PW3337-02/-03)

Number of output channels	16
Configuration	16-bit D/A converter (polarity + 15 bits)
Output parameters	<p>U1 to U3 (voltage level) or u1 to u3 (instantaneous voltage waveform) (switchable)  I1 to I3 (current level) or i1 to i3 (instantaneous current waveform) (switchable)  P1 to P3 (active power level) or p1 to p3 (instantaneous power waveform) (switchable)  Psum (active power level) or Hi-Psum (high-speed active power level) (switchable)  Psum and Hi-Psum output is not available (0 V) when using the 1P2W wiring mode. P12 is output when using 1P3W, 3P3W, or 3P3W2M, and P123 is output when using 3V3A, 3P3W3M, or 3P4W.</p> <p>D/A1 to D/A3  : Select any 3 from channel or sum value for Voltage, Current, Active power, Apparent power, Reactive power, Power factor, Phase angle, Total harmonic voltage/current distortion, Inter-channel voltage/current fundamental wave phase difference, Voltage/current crest factor, Time average current/active power, Voltage/current ripple rate, Frequency Efficiency, Current integration, Active power integration  (Harmonic output is not available for individual orders).</p> <p>Hi-P1 to Hi-P3 and Hi-Psum (high-speed active power level): Fixed to AC+DC</p>

Output accuracy	f.s.: Relative to the output voltage rated value for each output parameter Level output : (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.) High-speed active power level output : (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 0.2\%$ f.s.) Instantaneous waveform output : (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 1.0\%$ f.s.) Instantaneous voltage, instantaneous current: RMS value level Instantaneous power: Average value level
Output frequency band	Instantaneous waveform output, high-speed active power level output At DC or 10 Hz to 5 kHz, accuracy is as defined above.
Output voltage	Level output Voltage, Current, Active power, Apparent power, Reactive power, Time average current/active power : $\pm 2$ V DC for $\pm 100\%$ of range Power factor : $\pm 2$ V DC at $\pm 0.0000$ , 0 V DC at $\pm 1.0000$ Phase angle : 0 V DC at $0.00^\circ$ , $\pm 2$ V DC at $\pm 180.00^\circ$ Voltage/current ripple rate, total harmonic voltage/current distortion : $\pm 2$ V DC at 100.00% Voltage/current crest factor : $\pm 2$ V DC at 10.000 Frequency : Varies with measured value. +2 V DC per 100 Hz from 0.1000 Hz to 300.00 Hz +2 V DC per 10 kHz from 300.01 Hz to 30.000 kHz +2 V DC per 100 kHz from 30.001 kHz to 220.00 kHz Efficiency : $\pm 2$ V DC at 200.00% Current integration, active power integration : $\pm 5$ V DC at (range) $\times$ (integration set time) Waveform output : 1 V f.s. relative to 100% of range
Maximum output voltage	Approx. $\pm 12$ V DC
Output update rate	Level output : Fixed at 200 ms $\pm 50$ ms (approx. 5 times per sec.) Update rate is unrelated to number of averaging iterations setting and display hold operation. Waveform output : Approx. 11.4 $\mu$ s (approx. 87.5 kHz) High-speed P level : Updated once every cycle for the input waveform set as the synchronization source.
Response time	Level output : 0.6 sec. or less (when the input changes abruptly from 0% to 90%, or from 100% to 10%, the time required in order to satisfy the accuracy range) Waveform output : 0.2 ms or less High-speed active power level output : 1 cycle
Temperature characteristic	$\pm 0.05\%$ f.s./ $^\circ$ C or less
Output resistance	100 $\Omega$ $\pm 5$ $\Omega$

External control (built-in feature)

Functions	Integration start/stop, integration reset and hold via external control		
External control	Input signal level: 0 to 5 V (high-speed CMOS level or shorted [Lo]/open [Hi])		
	Functions	External control signal	External control terminal
	Start	Hi → Lo	START/STOP
	Stop	Lo → Hi	
	Reset	Lo interval of at least 200 ms	RESET
	Hold on	Hi → Lo	HOLD
	Hold off	Lo → Hi	

## GP-IB interface (PW3336-01/-03, PW3337-01/-03)

Method	IEEE488.1 1978 compliant; see IEEE488.2 1987 Interface functions: SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT1, C0 Remote control by controller
Address	00 to 30

RS-232C interface (built-in feature)

Connector	D-sub 9-pin connector x 1
Communication method	Full duplex, Start-stop synchronization, Stop bits: 1 (fixed), Data bits: 8 (fixed), Parity: None Remote control by controller
Communication Speed	9600bps/ 38400bps

LAN interface (built-in feature)

Connector	RJ-45 connector x 1
Electrical Specifications	IEEE802.3 compliant
Transmission Method	10BASE-T/100BASE-TX (automatic detection)
Protocol	TCP/IP
Functions	HTTP server (remote operation, firmware updates) Dedicated ports (command control, data transfer) Remote control by controller (REMOTE lamp will light up.)

General Specifications (product guaranteed for 3 year)

Operating environment	Indoors, altitude up to 2000 m (6562-ft.), pollution degree 2
Operating temperature and humidity	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F), 80% RH or less (non-condensating)
Storage temperature and humidity	-10 to 50°C (14 to 122°F) 80% RH or less (non-condensating)
Dielectric strength	4290 Vrms AC (sensed current: 1 mA) Between voltage input terminals and (case, interface, and output terminals) Between current direct input terminals and (case, interface, and output terminals) Between voltage input terminals and current direct input terminals
Maximum rated voltage to earth	Voltage input terminal, Current direct input terminal Measurement category III 600 V (anticipated transient overvoltage 6000 V) Measurement category II 1000 V (anticipated transient overvoltage 6000 V)
Maximum input voltage	Between voltage input terminals U: 1000 V, $\pm 1500$ Vpeak
Maximum input current	Between +/– current direct input terminals I: $\pm 70$ A, $\pm 100$ Apeak
Applicable Standards	Safety: EN61010, EMC: EN61326 Class A/ EN61000-3-2/ EN61000-3-3
Rated supply voltage	100 VAC to 240 VAC, Rated power supply frequency: 50/60 Hz
Maximum rated power	40 VA or less
Dimensions	Approx. 305W(12.01") × 132H(5.20") × 256D(10.08") mm (excluding protrusions)
Mass	PW3336 series Approx. 5.2 kg (183.4 oz.) PW3337 series Approx. 5.6 kg (197.5 oz.)
Accessories	Instruction manual × 1, Measurement guide × 1, Power cord × 1



# PW3335 Specifications

## Input Specifications

Measurement line type	Single-phase 2-wire(1P2W)
Input methods	Voltage Isolated input, resistive voltage divider method Current Isolated input, shunt input method
Voltage measurement ranges	AUTO/ 6 .0000 V/ 15.000 V/ 30.000 V/ 60.000 V/ 150.00 V/ 300.00 V/ 600.00 V/ 1.0000 kV
Current measurement ranges	AUTO/ 1.0000 mA/ 2.0000 mA/ 5.0000 mA/ 10.000 mA/ 20.000 mA/ 50.000 mA/ 100.00 mA/ 200.00 mA/ 500.00 mA/ 1.0000 A/ 2.0000 A/ 5.0000 A/ 10.000 A/ 20.000 A
Power ranges	Depends on the combination of voltage and current ranges; From 6.0000 mW to 20.000 kW (also applies to VA, var) The details are as below.
Input resistance	Voltage input terminal: 2 MΩ Current input terminal: 1 mA to 100 mA range 520 mΩ or less 200 mA to 20 A range 15 mΩ or less

## Basic Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Simultaneous voltage and current digital sampling, zero-cross simultaneous calculation			
Sampling frequency	Approx. 700 kHz			
A/D converter resolution	16-bit			
Frequency bandwidth	DC, 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz (Values within 0.1Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz are for reference only)			
Synchronization sources	U, I, DC (fixed to 200 ms)			
Measurement items	Voltage	Current	Active power	
	Apparent power	Reactive power	Power factor	
	Phase angle	Frequency	Current integration	
	Active power integration		Integration time	
	Voltage waveform peak value		Current waveform peak value	
	Voltage crest factor		Current crest factor	
	Maximum current ratio		Time average current	
	Time average active power			
	Voltage ripple rate		Current ripple rate	
	Harmonic parameters			
	Harmonic voltage RMS value		Harmonic current RMS value	
	Harmonic active power		Total harmonic voltage distortion	
	Total harmonic current distortion		Fundamental wave voltage	
	Fundamental wave current		Fundamental wave active power	
	Fundamental wave apparent power		Fundamental wave reactive power	
	Fundamental wave power factor (Displacement power factor)			
	Fundamental wave voltage current phase difference			
	Harmonic voltage content percentage			
	Harmonic current content percentage			
	Harmonic active power content percentage			
	(The following parameters can be downloaded as data via PC communication)			
	Harmonic voltage phase angle			
	Harmonic current phase angle			
	Harmonic voltage current phase difference			
	Rectifiers	AC+DC : AC+DC measurement		
		Display of true RMS values for both voltage and current		
AC+DC U <sub>mn</sub> : AC+DC measurement				
Display of average value rectified RMS converted values for voltage and true RMS values for current				
DC : DC measurement				
Display of simple averages for both voltage and current				
Display of values calculated by (voltage DC value) × (current DC value) for active power				
AC : AC measurement				
Display of values calculated by $\sqrt{(AC+DC \text{ value})^2 - (DC \text{ value})^2}$ for both voltage and current				
Display of values calculated by (AC+DC value) - (DC value) for active power				
FND : Extraction and display of the fundamental wave component from harmonic measurement				
Zero-cross Filter	100 Hz: 0.1 Hz to 100 Hz		500 Hz: 0.1 Hz to 500 Hz	
	5 kHz: 0.1 Hz to 5 kHz		100 kHz: 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz	
Measurement accuracy				
Voltage				
Frequency ( f )	Input < 50% f.s.	50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.	100% f.s. ≤ Input	
DC	±0.1rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.1rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	
0.1Hz≤f<16Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
16Hz≤f<45Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
45Hz≤f≤66Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.05% f.s.	±0.15%rdg.	±0.15%rdg.	
66Hz<f≤500Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
500Hz<f≤10kHz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
10kHz<f≤50kHz	±0.5%rdg.±0.3% f.s.	±0.8%rdg.	±0.8%rdg.	
50kHz<f≤100kHz	±2.1%rdg.±0.3% f.s.	±2.4%rdg.	±2.4%rdg.	
Current				
Frequency ( f )	Input < 50% f.s.	50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.	100% f.s. ≤ Input	
DC	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	
0.1Hz≤f<16Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
16Hz≤f<45Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
45Hz≤f≤66Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.05% f.s.	±0.15%rdg.	±0.15%rdg.	
66Hz<f≤500Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.	
500Hz<f≤10kHz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.	
10kHz<f≤50kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	
50kHz<f≤100kHz	±(0.3+0.04×F)%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	

Active power	Frequency ( f )	Input < 50% f.s.	50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.	100% f.s. ≤ Input
DC		±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.
0.1Hz≤f<16Hz		±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.
16Hz≤f<45Hz		±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.
45Hz≤f≤66Hz		±0.1%rdg.±0.05% f.s.	±0.15%rdg.	±0.15%rdg.
66Hz<f≤500Hz		±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.
500Hz<f≤1kHz		±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.
1kHz<f≤10kHz		±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.
10kHz<f≤50kHz		±(0.07×F)%rdg.±0.3% f.s.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.
50kHz<f≤100kHz		±(0.6+0.07×F)%rdg.±0.3% f.s.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Values for f.s. depend on measurement ranges.</li> <li>• "F" in the tables refers to the frequency in kHz.</li> <li>• When using the 1 mA/ 2 mA range: Add ±1 μA to 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 μA) × (voltage read value) to 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>• When using the 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: Add ±1 mA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 mA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>• When using the 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range: Add ±10 μA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±10 μA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.</li> <li>• When using the 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: Add ±(0.02×F)% rdg. to the measurement accuracy for current and active power for which (10 kHz &lt; f ≤ 100 kHz).</li> <li>• The measurement results for following input are considered reference values: Values for voltage, current, and active power for which 0.1 Hz ≤ f &lt; 10 Hz. Values for voltage, current, and active power in excess of 220 V or 20 A for which 10 Hz ≤ f &lt; 16 Hz. Values for current and active power in excess of 20 A for which 500 Hz &lt; f ≤ 50 kHz. Values for current and active power in excess of 10 A for which 50 kHz &lt; f ≤ 100 kHz. Values for voltage and active power in excess of 750 V for which 30 kHz &lt; f ≤ 100 kHz.</li> </ul>
Effective measuring range	Voltage 1% to 150% of the range (1000 V range, up to 1000 V) Current 1% to 150% of the range Active power 0% to 225% of the range (when using 1000 V range, up to 150%) However, valid when the voltage and current fall within the effective measurement range.
Maximum effective peak voltage	±600% of each voltage range However, for 300 V, 600 V, and 1000 V ranges, ±1500 V peak
Maximum effective peak current	±600% of each current range However, for 20 A range, ±60 A peak
Guaranteed accuracy period	1 year
Post-adjustment accuracy guaranteed	6 months
Conditions of guaranteed accuracy	Temperature and humidity range: 23°C±5°C (73°F±9°F), 80% RH or less Warm-up time: 30 minutes Input: Sine wave input, power factor of 1, voltage to earth of 0 V, after zero-adjustment; within range in which the fundamental wave satisfies synchronization source conditions
Temperature coefficient	±0.03% f.s. per °C or less. However, for 1 mA range, ±0.06% f.s. per °C or less.
Effect of power factor	±0.1% f.s. or less (45 to 66 Hz, at power factor = 0) Internal circuitry voltage/current phase difference: ±0.0573°
Effect of common mode voltage	±0.01% f.s. or less (600 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz, applied between input terminals and enclosure)
Effect of magnetic field	400 A/m, DC and 50 Hz/60 Hz magnetic field
	Voltage ±1.5% f.s. or less Current ±1.5% f.s. or less than or equal to the following value, whichever is greater 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: ±20 mA 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range: ±200 μA Active power ±3.0% f.s. or less than or equal to the following value, whichever is greater 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: (Voltage influence quantity) × (±20 mA) 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range: (Voltage influence quantity) × (±200 μA)
Effect of self-heating	With input of at least 15 A to current input terminals Current AC input signal ±(0.025+0.005×(I-15))%rdg. or less DC input signal 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range ±((0.025+0.005×(I-15))% rdg. + (0.5+0.1×(I-15))μA) or less 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range ±((0.025+0.005×(I-15))% rdg. + (5+1×(I-15))μA) or less I: Current read value (A) Active power (above current influence quantity) × (voltage read value) or less The effects of self-heating will continue to manifest themselves until the input resistance temperature falls, even if the current value is low.

## Range table (Power ranges)

Current	6.0000 V	15.000 V	30.000 V	60.000 V	150.00 V	300.00 V	600.00 V	1.0000 kV
Voltage								
1.0000 mA	6.0000 mW	15.000 mW	30.000 mW	60.000 mW	150.00 mW	300.00 mW	600.00 mW	1.0000 W
2.0000 mA	12.000 mW	30.000 mW	60.000 mW	120.00 mW	300.00 mW	600.00 mW	1.2000 W	2.0000 W
5.0000 mA	30.000 mW	75.000 mW	150.00 mW	300.00 mW	750.00 mW	1.5000 W	3.0000 W	5.0000 W
10.000 mA	60.000 mW	150.00 mW	300.00 mW	600.00 mW	1.5000 W	3.0000 W	6.0000 W	10.000 W
20.000 mA	120.00 mW	300.00 mW	600.00 mW	1.2000 W	3.0000 W	6.0000 W	12.000 W	20.000 W
50.000 mA	300.00 mW	750.00 mW	1.5000 W	3.0000 W	7.5000 W	15.000 W	30.000 W	50.000 W
100.00 mA	600.00 mW	1.5000 W	3.0000 W	6.0000 W	15.000 W	30.000 W	60.000 W	100.00 W
200.00 mA	1.2000 W	3.0000 W	6.0000 W	12.000 W	30.000 W	60.000 W	120.00 W	200.00 W
500.00 mA	3.0000 W	7.5000 W	15.000 W	30.000 W	75.000 W	150.00 W	300.00 W	500.00 W
1.0000 A	6.0000 W	15.000 W	30.000 W	60.000 W	150.00 W	300.00 W	600.00 W	1.0000 kW
2.0000 A	12.000 W	30.000 W	60.000 W	120.00 W	300.00 W	600.00 W	1.2000 kW	2.0000 kW
5.0000 A	30.000 W	75.000 W	150.00 W	300.00 W	750.00 W	1.5000 kW	3.0000 kW	5.0000 kW
10.000 A	60.000 W	150.00 W	300.00 W	600.00 W	1.5000 kW	3.0000 kW	6.0000 kW	10.000 kW
20.000 A	120.00 W	300.00 W	600.00 W	1.2000 kW	3.0000 kW	6.0000 kW	12.000 kW	20.000 kW



### Voltage/ Current/ Active Power Measurement Specifications

Measurement types	Rectifiers: AC+DC, DC, AC, FND, AC+DC Umn
Effective measuring range	Voltage $\pm 1\%$ to $\pm 150\%$ of the range. However, up to $\pm 1500$ V peak value and $1000$ V RMS value  Current $\pm 1\%$ to $\pm 150\%$ of the range  Active Power $\pm 0\%$ to $\pm 225\%$ of the range. However, valid when the voltage and current fall within the effective measurement range.
Display range	Voltage Up to $\pm 152\%$ of the range. However, zero-suppression when less than $\pm 0.5\%$  Current Up to $\pm 152\%$ of the range. However, zero-suppression when less than $\pm 0.5\%$ or less than $\pm 9 \mu A$ .  Active Power $\pm 0\%$ to $\pm 231.04\%$ of the range (no zero-suppression)
Polarity	Voltage/ Current Displayed when using DC rectifier  Active Power Positive : Power consumption (no polarity display) Negative : generation or regenerated power

### Voltage Waveform Peak Value/ Current Waveform Peak Value Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Measures the voltage waveform's peak value (for both positive and negative polarity) based on sampled instantaneous voltage values.	
Range configuration	Voltage	
	Voltage range	Voltage peak range
	6.0000 V	36.000 V
	15.000 V	90.000 V
	30.000 V	180.00 V
	60.000 V	360.00 V
	150.00 V	900.00 V
	300.00 V	1.8000 kV
	600.00 V	3.6000 kV
	1.0000 kV	6.0000 kV
	Current	
	Current range	Current peak range
	1.0000 mA	6.0000 mA
	2.0000 mA	12.000 mA
	5.0000 mA	30.000 mA
10.000 mA	60.000 mA	
20.000 mA	120.00 mA	
50.000 mA	300.00 mA	
100.00 mA	600.00 mA	
200.00 mA	1.2000 A	
500.00 mA	3.0000 A	
1.0000 A	6.0000 A	
2.0000 A	12.000 A	
5.0000 A	30.000 A	
10.000 A	60.000 A	
20.000 A	120.00 A	
Measurement accuracy	±2.0%f.s. at DC and when 10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz (f.s.: current peak range). Provided as reference value when 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz and when 1 kHz < f. The above measurement accuracy is multiplied by 2 for the 1 mA range.	
Effective measuring range	±5% to ±100% of current peak range, however, up to ±60 A	
Display range	Up to ±102% of current peak range, however, the value 0 will be displayed if the current RMS value triggers the instrument's zero suppression function.	

### Voltage Crest Factor/Current Crest Factor Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the ratio of the voltage waveform peak value to the voltage RMS value.
Effective measuring range	As per voltage and voltage waveform peak value, or current and current waveform peak value effective measurement ranges.
Display range	1.0000 to 612.00 (no polarity)

### Voltage Ripple Rate/ Current Ripple Rate Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the AC component (peak to peak [peak width]) as a proportion of the voltage or current DC component.
Effective measuring range	As per voltage and voltage waveform peak value, or current and current waveform peak value effective measurement ranges.
Display range	0.00 to 500.00 (No polarity)

### Apparent Power/ Reactive Power/ Power Factor/ Phase Angle Measurement Specifications

Measurement types	Rectifiers Apparent Power/ Reactive Power/ Power Factor AC+DC, AC, FND, AC+DC Umn Phase Angle AC, FND
Effective measuring range	As per voltage, current, and active power effective measurement ranges
Display range	Apparent Power/ Reactive Power 0% to 231.04% of the range (no zero-suppression)  Power Factor $\pm 0.0000$ to $\pm 1.0000$  Phase Angle $\pm 90^\circ$ to $\pm 180^\circ$

Polarity	Reactive Power/ Power Factor/ Phase Angle Polarity is assigned according to the lead/lag relationship of the voltage waveform rising edge and the current waveform rising edge. +: When current lags voltage (no polarity display) -: When current leads voltage
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### Power Calculation Formulas

S : Apparent power	$S = U \times I$
Q : Reactive power	$Q = si \sqrt{S^2 - P^2}$
$\lambda$ : Power factor	$\lambda = si / P / S$
$\phi$ : Phase angle	$\phi = si \cos^{-1} \lambda$ ( $\pm 90^\circ$ to $\pm 180^\circ$ ) $\phi = si / 180 - \cos^{-1} \lambda / \lambda$ ( $0^\circ$ to $\pm 90^\circ$ )

U: Voltage, I: Current, P: Active Power, si: Polarity symbol (acquired based on voltage waveform and current waveform lead and lag)

### Frequency Measurement Specifications

Number of measurement channels	2 (Voltage, current)
Measurement method	Calculated from input waveform period (reciprocal method)
Measurement ranges	100 Hz/ 500 Hz/ 5 kHz/ 100 kHz (linked to zero-cross filter)
Measurement accuracy	$\pm 0.1\%$ rdg. $\pm 1$ dgt. However, for 1 mA range, $\pm 0.2\%$ rdg. $\pm 1$ dgt.
Effective measuring range	0.1 Hz to 100 kHz For sine wave input that is at least 20% of the measurement source's measurement range Measurement lower limit frequency setting: 0.1 sec. / 1 sec. / 10 sec. (linked to synchronization timeout setting)
Display format	0.1000 Hz to 9.9999 Hz, 9.900 Hz to 99.999 Hz, 99.00 Hz to 999.99 Hz, 0.9900 kHz to 9.9999 kHz, 9.900 kHz to 99.999 kHz, 99.00 kHz to 100.00 kHz

### Maximum Current Ratio Measurement Specifications (MCR)

Measurement method	Calculates the ratio of the current crest factor to the power factor. (MCR) = (Current Crest Factor) / (Power Factor)
Effective measuring range	As per power factor (voltage, current, active power) and current crest factor (current, current waveform peak value) effective measurement ranges.
Display range	1.0000 to 6.1200 M (no polarity)

### Time Average Current/ Time Average Active Power Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	Calculates the average by dividing the current or active power integrated value by the integration time.
Measurement accuracy	(Current or Active power measurement accuracy) + ( $\pm 0.01\%$ rdg. $\pm 1$ dgt.)
Effective measuring range	As per the current or active power integration effective measurement range.
Display range	Time Average Current $\pm 0\%$ to $\pm 612\%$ of the range (Has polarity when using the DC rectifier.)  Time Average Active Power $\pm 0\%$ to $\pm 3745.4\%$ of the range (Has polarity)

### Functional Specifications

Auto-range (AUTO)	Automatically changes the voltage and current range according to the input.  Range up: The range is increased when input exceeds 150% of the range or when the peak is exceeded.  Range down: The range is decreased when input falls below 15% of the range. However, the range is not decreased when the peak is exceeded at the lower range.  The input level is monitored, and the range is switched over multiple ranges. Range select can be used to disable ranges so that they are not selected.																
Range select	Selects whether to enable (turn on) or disable (turn off) individual voltage and current ranges.  Enabled (use): Ranges can be selected with the range keys. Range switching occurs using auto-range operation. Range switching occurs during auto-range integration.  Disabled (do not use): Ranges cannot be selected with the range keys. Range switching does not occur using auto-range operation. Range switching does not occur during auto-range integration.																
Zero-cross filter's threshold level	Sets the zero-cross filter's threshold level for voltage and current ranges. Set from 1% to 15% (in 1% intervals). Synchronization occurs when the percentage level set for each measurement range is exceeded.																
Averaging	Averages the voltage, current, active power, apparent power, and reactive power. (Other than harmonic measurement parameters.) The power factor and phase angle are calculated from averaged data. Averaging is not performed for parameters other than those listed above. Method: Simple averaging  Number of averaging iterations and display update interval <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of averaging iterations</th><th>Display update interval</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1 (OFF)</td><td>200 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>400 ms</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>1 s</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>2 s</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>5 s</td></tr> <tr><td>50</td><td>10 s</td></tr> <tr><td>100</td><td>20 s</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Number of averaging iterations	Display update interval	1 (OFF)	200 ms	2	400 ms	5	1 s	10	2 s	25	5 s	50	10 s	100	20 s
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25	5 s																
50	10 s																
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Scaling (VT, CT)	Applies user-defined VT and CT ratio settings to measured values. VT ratio setting range OFF (1.0), 0.001 to 1000 CT ratio setting range OFF (1.0), 0.001 to 1000																
Hold	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stops display updates for all measured values and fixes the display values at that point in time.</li> <li>Measurement data acquired by communications is also fixed at that point in time.</li> <li>Internal calculations (including integration and integration elapsed time) will continue.</li> </ul>																

Maximum value/ minimum value hold (MAX/MIN HOLD)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detects maximum and minimum measured values (except current integration, active power integration, integration elapsed time, time average current, and time average active power values) as well as maximum and minimum values for the voltage waveform peak and current waveform peak and holds them on the display.</li> <li>• For data with polarity, display of the maximum value and minimum value for the data's absolute values is held (so that both positive and negative polarity values are shown). However, this does not apply to the voltage waveform peak value or the current waveform peak value.</li> <li>• Internal calculations (including integration and integration elapsed time) will continue.</li> <li>• The maximum and minimum values during integration are detected (maximum/minimum value measurement during the integration interval).</li> <li>• Analog output and waveform output are not held.</li> </ul>
Zero Adjustment	Zeros out the voltage and current input offset.
Key-lock	Disables key input in the measurement state, except for the KEY LOCK key.
Backup	Backs up settings and integration data if the instrument is turned off and if a power outage occurs.
System Reset	Initializes the instrument's settings.

### Integration Measurement Specifications

Integration operation modes	<p>Switchable between fixed-range integration and auto-range integration.</p> <p>Fixed-range integration Integration can be performed for all voltage and current ranges. The voltage and current ranges are fixed once integration starts.</p> <p>Auto-range integration Integration can be performed for all voltage ranges. The current is set to auto-range operation using ranges from 200 mA to 20 A. The integrated value for each range can be displayed by switching the current range (200 mA to 20 A) while integration is stopped.</p>
Measurement items and display	<p>Simultaneous integration of the following 6 parameters:</p> <p>Positive current integrated value (Ah+) Negative current integrated value (Ah-) Sum of current integrated values (Ah) Positive active power integrated value (Wh+) Negative active power integrated value (Wh-) Sum of active power integrated values (Wh)</p>
Measurement types	<p>Rectifiers: AC+DC, AC+DC Umn Current: Displays the result of integrating current RMS value data (display values) once every display update interval as an integrated value.</p> <p>Active power: Displays the result of integrating active power values by polarity calculated once every cycle for the selected synchronization source as integrated values.</p> <p>Rectifier: DC Displays the result of integrating instantaneous data obtained by sampling both current and active power by polarity as integrated values (these values are not integrated values for the DC component when active power contains both DC and AC components)</p>
Integration time	1 min. to 10000 hr., settable in 1 min. blocks
Integration time accuracy	±0.01% rdg. ±1 dgt.
Integration measurement accuracy	(Current or active power measurement accuracy) + (±0.01% rdg. ±1 dgt.)
Effective measuring range	Until PEAK OVER U lamp or PEAK OVER I lamp lights up.
Display resolution	999999 (6 digits + decimal point)
Functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stopping integration based on integration time setting (timer)</li> <li>• Stopping/starting integration and resetting integrated values based on external control</li> <li>• Displaying the integration elapsed time (displayed as TIME on panel display)</li> <li>• Additional integration by repeatedly starting/stopping integration</li> <li>• Backing up integrated values and the integration elapsed time during power outages</li> <li>• Stopping integration when power returns</li> </ul>

### Harmonic Measurement Specifications

Measurement method	<p>Zero-cross simultaneous calculation method</p> <p>Uniform thinning between zero-cross events after processing with a digital antialiasing filter</p> <p>Interpolation calculations (Lagrange interpolation)</p> <p>When the synchronization frequency falls within the 45 Hz to 66 Hz range: IEC 61000-4-7:2002 compliant</p> <p>Gaps and overlaps may occur if the measurement frequency is not 50 Hz or 60 Hz.</p> <p>When the synchronization frequency falls outside the 45 Hz to 66 Hz range: No gaps or overlap will occur.</p>																								
Synchronization source	Conforms to synchronization source (SYNC) for the basic measurement specifications.																								
Measurement items	<table> <tr> <td>Harmonic voltage RMS value</td><td>Harmonic voltage content percentage</td></tr> <tr> <td>Harmonic voltage phase angle</td><td>Harmonic current RMS value</td></tr> <tr> <td>Harmonic current content percentage</td><td>Harmonic current phase angle</td></tr> <tr> <td>Harmonic active power</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Harmonic active power content percentage</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Harmonic voltage current phase difference</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Total harmonic voltage distortion</td><td>Total harmonic current distortion</td></tr> <tr> <td>Fundamental wave voltage</td><td>Fundamental wave current</td></tr> <tr> <td>Fundamental wave active power</td><td>Fundamental wave apparent power</td></tr> <tr> <td>Fundamental wave reactive power</td><td>Fundamental wave power factor</td></tr> <tr> <td>Fundamental wave voltage current phase difference</td><td></td></tr> </table> <p>(The following parameters can be downloaded as data with communications)</p> <table> <tr> <td>Harmonic voltage phase angle</td><td>Harmonic current phase angle</td></tr> </table>	Harmonic voltage RMS value	Harmonic voltage content percentage	Harmonic voltage phase angle	Harmonic current RMS value	Harmonic current content percentage	Harmonic current phase angle	Harmonic active power		Harmonic active power content percentage		Harmonic voltage current phase difference		Total harmonic voltage distortion	Total harmonic current distortion	Fundamental wave voltage	Fundamental wave current	Fundamental wave active power	Fundamental wave apparent power	Fundamental wave reactive power	Fundamental wave power factor	Fundamental wave voltage current phase difference		Harmonic voltage phase angle	Harmonic current phase angle
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FFT processing	FFT processing word length : 32 bits Number of FFT points : 4096 points	
Window function	Rectangular	
Analysis window width	45 Hz ≤ f < 56 Hz : 178.57 ms to 222.22 ms (10 cycles) 56 Hz ≤ f < 66 Hz : 181.82 ms to 214.29 ms (12 cycles) Frequencies other than the above : 185.92 ms to 214.08 ms	
Data update rate	Depends on window width.	
Maximum analysis order	Synchronization frequency (f) range	Analysis order
	10 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz	50th
	45 Hz ≤ f < 56 Hz	50th
	56 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	50th
	66 Hz < f ≤ 100 Hz	50th
	100 Hz < f ≤ 200 Hz	40th
	200 Hz < f ≤ 300 Hz	25th
	300 Hz < f ≤ 500 Hz	15th
	500 Hz < f ≤ 640 Hz	11th
Analysis order upper limit setting	2nd to 50th	
Measurement accuracy	f.s.: Measurement range	
	Frequency (f)	Voltage, Current, Active power
	DC	±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.
	10 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz	±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.
	30 Hz ≤ f ≤ 400 Hz	±0.3% rdg. ±0.1%f.s.
	400 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	±0.4% rdg. ±0.2%f.s.
	1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	±1.0% rdg. ±0.5%f.s.
	5 kHz < f ≤ 8 kHz	±4.0% rdg. ±1.0%f.s.
	• When using the 1 mA/ 2 mA range: Add ±1 µA to 10 Hz to 8 kHz measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 µA) × (voltage read value) to 10 Hz to 8 kHz measurement accuracy for active power.	
	• When using the 200 mA/ 500 mA/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A/ 10 A/ 20 A range: Add ±1 mA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±1 mA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.	
• When using the 1 mA/ 2 mA/ 5 mA/ 10 mA/ 20 mA/ 50 mA/ 100 mA range: Add ±10 µA to DC measurement accuracy for current. Add (±10 µA) × (voltage read value) to DC measurement accuracy for active power.		

### Display Specifications

Display	7-segment LED
Number of display parameters	4 (display area a, b, c, and d)
Display resolution	Other than integrated values: 99999 count (5 digits) Integrated values: 999999 count (6 digits)
Display update rate	200 ms ±50 ms (approx. 5 updates per sec.) to 20 s (varies with number of averaging iterations setting)

### Synchronized control

Functions	The timing of calculations; display updates; data updates; integration start, stop, and reset events; display hold operation; key lock operation; and zero-adjustment operation for the slave PW3335 series is synchronized with the master PW3335 series. Synchronization with the PW3336 series and PW3337 series is also supported.
Terminal	BNC terminal × 1 (non-isolated)
Terminal name	External synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC)
I/O settings	<p>Off Synchronized control function off (signals input to the external synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC) are ignored)</p> <p>In The external synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC) is set to input, and a dedicated synchronization signal can be input (slave).</p> <p>Out The external synchronization terminal (EXT.SYNC) is set to output, and a dedicated synchronization signal can be output (master).</p>
Number of units for which synchronized control can be performed	Up to 7 slaves per master (total of 8 units including the PW3336/PW3337 series)

### External Current Sensor Input Specifications (PW3335-03 and PW3335-04)

Terminal	Isolated BNC terminals
Current sensor type switching	Off / TYPE.1 / TYPE.2 When set to off, input from the external current sensor input terminal is ignored.
Current sensor options	<p>TYPE1 (100 A to 5000 A sensors) 9660, 9661, 9669, CT9667-01/-02/-03</p> <p>TYPE2 (20 A to 1000 A sensors, Power supply is required to use) CT6862-05, CT6863-05, CT6875, CT6876, CT6877, 9272-05, CT6841-05, CT6843-05, CT6844-05, CT6845-05, CT6846-05, etc.</p>
Current measurement range	Auto/ 1 A/ 2 A/ 5 A (range noted on panel) Can be read directly by manually setting the CT ratio.



Power range configuration	Depends on the combination of voltage and current ranges; from 24.000 W to 5.0000 MW (also applies to VA, var)		
Measurement accuracy			
Current/ Active Power			
Frequency ( f )	Input < 50% f.s.	50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.	100% f.s. ≤ Input
DC	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.
0.1Hz≤f<16Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.
16Hz≤f<45Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.
45Hz≤f≤66Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.1% f.s.	±0.2%rdg.	±0.2%rdg.
66Hz≤f≤500Hz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.
500Hz≤f≤1kHz	±0.1%rdg.±0.2% f.s.	±0.3%rdg.	±0.3%rdg.

Current			
Frequency ( f )	Input < 50% f.s.	50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.	100% f.s. ≤ Input
1kHz≤f<10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.
10kHz≤f<100kHz	±(0.3+0.04×F)%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.	±(0.6+0.04×F)%rdg.

Active Power			
Frequency ( f )	Input < 50% f.s.	50% f.s. ≤ Input < 100% f.s.	100% f.s. ≤ Input
1kHz≤f<10kHz	±(0.03+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.2% f.s.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.23+0.07×F)%rdg.
10kHz≤f<50kHz	±(0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.3+0.07×F)%rdg.
50kHz≤f<100kHz	±(0.6+0.07×F)%rdg. ±0.3% f.s.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.	±(0.9+0.07×F)%rdg.

- Values for f.s. depend on measurement ranges.
- "F" in the tables refers to the frequency in kHz.
- To obtain the current or active power accuracy, add the current sensor's accuracy to the above current and active power accuracy figures.
- The effective measurement range and frequency characteristics conform to the current sensor's specifications.
- The following input are considered reference values:  
Values for voltage, current, and active power for which 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz.  
Values for voltage and active power in excess of 220 V for which 10 Hz ≤ f < 16 Hz.  
Values for voltage and active power in excess of 750 V for which 30 kHz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz.
- When using the CT684x-05 series, add ±2 mV to the CT684x-05 series accuracy after performing CT684x-05 series zero adjustment using the 1 A range noted on the panel.

Temperature coefficient	Current, active power: ±0.08% f.s./°C or less (instrument temperature coefficient; f.s. : instrument measurement range) Add current sensor temperature coefficient to above.	
Effect of power factor	Instrument: ±0.15% f.s. or less (45 to 66 Hz with power factor = 0) Internal circuit voltage/current phase difference: ±0.0859° Add the current sensor phase accuracy to the internal circuit voltage/current phase difference noted above.	
Current waveform peak value measurement specifications	±2.0% at DC or 10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz (f.s.: current peak range) Add the current sensor accuracy to the above.	
Harmonic measurement accuracy	External current sensor input instrument measurement accuracy only	
	Frequency (f)	Voltage, Current, Active power
	DC	±0.4% rdg.±0.2% f.s.
	10 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz	±0.4% rdg.±0.2% f.s.
	30 Hz ≤ f ≤ 400 Hz	±0.3% rdg.±0.1% f.s.
	400 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz	±0.4% rdg.±0.2% f.s.
	1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz	±1.0% rdg.±0.5% f.s.
	5 kHz < f ≤ 8 kHz	±4.0% rdg.±1.0% f.s.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Values for f.s. depend on measurement ranges.</li> <li>• To obtain the current or active power accuracy, add the current sensor's accuracy to the above current and active power accuracy figures.</li> <li>• When using the CT684x-05 series, add ±2 mV to the CT684x-05 series accuracy after performing CT684x-05 series zero adjustment using the 1 A range noted on the panel.</li> </ul>		

#### D/A Output Specifications (PW3335-02 and PW3335-04)

Number of output channels	7 channels
Configuration	16-bit D/A converter (polarity + 15 bits)
Output voltage	The output level, output speed, and waveform output can be selected. Level output 2 V f.s. or 5 V f.s., linked to display updates High-speed level output 2 V f.s. or 5 V f.s., linked to synchronization interval Waveform output 1 V f.s., linked to sampling
Output parameters	Output parameters for all channels Available selections vary with the output parameter.  Level output/ High-speed level output/ Waveform output Voltage, current, active power Only Level output Apparent power, reactive power, power factor, phase angle, total harmonic voltage distortion, total harmonic current distortion, voltage ripple rate, current ripple rate, voltage crest factor, current crest factor, time average current, time average active power, maximum current ratio Only Level output 5 V f.s. Frequency, current integration, active power integration  The rectifier can be selected. Harmonic order output is not supported.

Output accuracy	f.s.: Relative to the output voltage rated value for each output parameter Level output (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + (±0.2% f.s.) High-speed level output (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + (±0.2% f.s.) Waveform output (Output parameter measurement accuracy) + (±1.0% f.s.)
Output frequency band	Waveform output, high-speed level output At DC or 10 Hz to 30 kHz, accuracy is as defined above.
Maximum output voltage	Approx. ±12 V DC
Output update rate	Level output Same as the data update period. High-speed level output AC Updated once every cycle for the input waveform set as the synchronization source. However, voltage and current are only updated once every cycle for input signals from 45 to 66 Hz. Waveform output Approx. 1.43 μs (approx. 700 kHz)
Response time	Level output 0.6 sec. or less High-speed level output 2 ms or less Waveform output 0.2 ms or less
Temperature coefficient	±0.05% f.s./°C or less
Output resistance	Approx. 100 Ω

#### External control

Functions	Integration start/stop, integration reset and hold via external control
Input signal level	0 to 5 V (high-speed CMOS level) or shorted [Lo]/ open [Hi]

#### GP-IB interface (PW3335-01 and PW3335-04)

Method	Compliant with IEEE488.1 1987, in reference to IEEE488.2 1987 Interface functions SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT1, C0
Address	00 to 30

#### RS-232C interface (PW3335, PW3335-02, PW3335-03, and PW3335-04)

Connector	D-sub 9-pin connector × 1
Communication method	Full duplex, Start-stop synchronization Stop bits: 1 (fixed) Data length: 8 (fixed) Parity: None
Communication speed	9600 bps/ 38400 bps

#### LAN interface

Connector	RJ-45 connector × 1
Electrical specifications	Compliant with IEEE802.3
Transmission method	10Base-T/ 100Base-TX (automatic detection)
Protocol	TCP/ IP
Functions	HTTP server (remote operation, firmware updates) Dedicated ports (command control, data transfer) Remote control by controller

#### General Specifications

Product warranty period	3 year
Operating environment	Indoors, altitude up to 2000 m (6562 ft.), pollution degree 2
Operating temperature and humidity	0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F), 80% RH or less (no condensation)
Storage temperature and humidity	-10°C to 50°C (14°F to 122°F), 80% RH or less (no condensation)
Dielectric strength	4290 V rms AC (current sensitivity: 1 mA) Between the voltage input terminals and a connection consisting of chassis, interfaces, and output terminals Between the current input terminals and a connection consisting of chassis, interfaces, and output terminals Between the voltage input terminals and current input terminals
Maximum rated voltage to earth	Voltage input terminal, Current input terminal Measurement category III 600 V (anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V) Measurement category II 1000 V (anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V)
Maximum input voltage	Between the voltage input terminals U and ± 1000 V, ±1500 V peak
Maximum input current	Between the current input terminals I and ± 200 mA to 20 A range 30 A, ±100 A peak 1 mA to 100 mA range 20 A, ±30 A peak
Applicable Standards	Safety EN61010 EMC EN61326 Class A EN61000-3-2 EN61000-3-3
Rated supply voltage	100 V AC to 240 V AC 50 Hz/60 Hz
Maximum rated power	30 VA or less
Dimensions	Approx. 210W × 100H × 245D mm (8.27"W × 3.94"H × 9.65"D) (excluding protrusions)
Mass	Approx. 3 kg (105.8 oz.)
Accessories	Instruction manual x1 Power cord x1



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## 4 3334 Specifications

### Basic Specifications

Measurable lines	Single-phase, 2-wire (AC/DC)					
Measurement parameters	Voltage, current, active power, apparent power, power factor, frequency, integrated current and active power, waveform peak (voltage and current)					
Measurement method	Simultaneous digital sampling of voltage and current, True RMS					
Sampling Frequency	Approx. 74.4kHz					
Measurement Ranges						
<div> <div>Current</div> <div>Voltage</div> </div>	100.00 mA	300.0 mA	1.0000 A	3.000 A	10.000 A	30.00 A
	15.000 V	1.5000 W	4.500 W	15.000 W	45.00 W	150.00 W
	30.00 V	3.000 W	9.000 W	30.00 W	90.00 W	300.0 W
	150.00 V	15.000 W	45.00 W	150.00 W	450.0 W	1.5000 kW
	300.0 V	30.00 W	90.00 W	300.0 W	900.0 W	3.000 kW

Frequency bandwidth DC, 45Hz to 5kHz

### Measurement accuracy

(Guaranteed at 23°C±5, max. 80%/h, sine wave input, power factor=1, in-phase voltage =0V, accuracy specifications differ depending on usage period of 1 or 3 years)

Warm-up time	3 minutes
Period of guaranteed accuracy	3 years (better accuracy specifications available for 1-year period)
Post-adjustment accuracy guarantee	1 year (accuracy specifications available for 1-year period)
Effective measurement range	Voltage, current: 1% to 100% (Power: 0% to 100%) Measurements below 0.5% of the voltage or current range will be zero suppressed.
Effect of power factor (at pf=0.5)	Maximum ±0.4%±rdg. (45 to 66Hz)
Temperature Coefficient	Maximum ±0.03%/s.°C

Frequency	Guaranteed Period	Voltage, current and active power (at less than 50% of input range)	Current and active power (at 50% to 100% of input range)
DC *	1 year	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.2 %f.s.	±0.2 %rdg.
	3 years	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.35 %f.s.	±0.3 %rdg.
45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	1 year	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.1 %f.s.	±0.2 %rdg.
	3 years	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.2 %f.s.	±0.3 %rdg.
66 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz **	1 year	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.2 %f.s.	±0.3 %rdg.
	3 years	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.35 %f.s.	±0.45 %rdg.
1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz **	1 year	±3.0 %f.s.	±3.0 %rdg.
	3 years	±4.5 %f.s.	±4.5 %rdg.

\*Add ±50µA to the accuracy when measuring DC current

Add (±50µA x voltage value) to the accuracy when measuring DC active power

\*\* Accuracy not defined for current input exceeding 20A

### Input Specifications

Input impedance	2.4 MΩ for voltage, 10 mΩ or better (50/ 60 Hz) for current
Maximum input voltage	300 V, ±425 Vpeak
Maximum input current	30 A, ±54.0 Apeak
Maximum effective peak voltage	±300% of each voltage range, Within ±425 Vpeak
Maximum effective peak current	±300% of each current range, Within ±54.0 Apeak *1
Max. rated voltage to earth	300 V (DC, 50/ 60 Hz)

### Display Specifications

Display indication range	Voltage and current: 0.5% to 105% of range Active power: 0% to 110.25% of range
Displacement power factor	0.000 to 1.000 (no polarity display)
Display refresh rate	approx. 5 times per second
Response time	within 0.5 s (Time to rated accuracy after abrupt change in input [0 to 90% or 100 to 10% of range])

### Functional Specifications

Integration measurement	No. of displayed digits:	Six digits
	Current Integration:	From 0.00000mAh, Polarity-independent integration and Sum value
	Active power Integration:	From 0.00000mWh, Polarity-independent integration and Sum value
	Integration time:	1 min to 10000 h
Wave peak measurement	Measurement accuracy:	Measurement accuracy of active power ±1dgt.
	Maximum value of positive and negative waveform of voltage/ current (up to 300% of full scale range)	
	Measurement accuracy:	±1.2%f.s. (*f.s.* is 300% of each range)
Rectification method	Switchable between AC+DC (True RMS), DC (simple average display) and AC (True RMS)	
Analog output (D/A output)	Parameter output representation:	
	Voltage, Current and Active power (3 simultaneous channels)	
	D/A select an item from Current integration, Active power integration, Apparent power, power factor	
	Voltage output: ±2 VDC f.s. for each range Output accuracy: ±0.5% f.s. + individual measurement accuracy	
Waveform output	Parameter output representation:	
	Voltage, Current and Active power (3 simultaneous channels)	
	Voltage output: 1 VDC f.s. for each range	
	Output accuracy: ±1.0% f.s. + individual measurement accuracy	
Average function	Simple averaging of specified number of samples: 1, 2, 5, 10, 25, 50 or 100	
VT or CT ratio	VT ratios: 1, 2, 4, 10, 20, 30, 60, 100	
	CT ratios: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 16, 20, 24, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75, 80, 100, 200, 300, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 5000, 10000	
External Interfaces	RS-232C interface: Included as standard	
	Asynchronous communication method:	
	full-duplex; Baud rate: 9600 bps (fixed)	
	GP-IB interface (Model 3334-01 only) IEEE-488.1 1987 compliant, IEEE-488.2 1987 reference	
Miscellaneous	Display hold, Maximum value hold, Peak value hold, Key lock, Backup function (preserves settings, integration data)	

### General Specifications

Safety	EN61010 Pollution Factor 2, Measurement Category III (4000 V anticipated overvoltage)
EMC	EN61326, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3
Operating environment	0 to 40 °C, 80% RH or less, non-condensating
Storage environment	-10 to 50 °C, 80% RH or less, non-condensating
Rated supply voltage	100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Maximum rated power	20 VA
Dimensions and mass	210 mm (8.27 in)W × 100 mm (3.94 in)H × 245 mm (9.65 in)D (excluding feet and projections), 2.5 kg (8.82 oz)

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## 3 3333 Specifications

### Basic specifications

Measurable lines	Single-phase, 2-wire (AC)					
Measurement parameters	Voltage, Current, Active power, Apparent power, Power factor					
Measurement method	Simultaneous digital sampling of voltage and current, True RMS					
Sampling frequency	Approx. 48kHz					
Measurement ranges						
<div> <div>Current</div> <div>Voltage</div> </div>	50.00 mA	200.0 mA	500.0 mA	2.000 A	5.000 A	20.00 A
	200.0 V	10.000 W	40.00 W	100.00 W	400.0 W	1.0000 kW

Frequency bandwidth 45Hz to 5kHz

### Measurement accuracy

(Guaranteed at 23°C±5, max. 80%/h, sine wave input, power factor=1, in-phase voltage =0V, accuracy specifications differ depending on usage period of 1 or 3 years)

Warm-up time	10 minutes
Period of guaranteed accuracy	3 years (better accuracy specifications available for 1-year period)
Post-adjustment accuracy guarantee	1 year (accuracy specifications available for 1-year period)
Effective measurement range	Voltage, current, power: 10% to 150% Measurements below 1% of the voltage or current range will be zero suppressed.
Effect of power factor (at pf=0.5)	Maximum ±0.4%±rdg. (45 to 66Hz)
Temperature Coefficient	Maximum ±0.03%/s.°C

Frequency	Guaranteed Period	Voltage, current and active power
45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz	1 year	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.1 %f.s.
	3 years	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.2 %f.s.
66 Hz < f ≤ 1 kHz *	1 year	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.2 %f.s.
	3 years	±0.1 %rdg. ±0.35 %f.s.
1 kHz < f ≤ 5 kHz *	1 year	±3.0 %f.s.
	3 years	±4.5 %f.s.

\* Accuracy not defined for current input exceeding 20A

### Input specifications

Input impedance	2.4 MΩ for voltage, 7 mΩ or better (50/60 Hz) for current
Maximum input voltage	300 Vrms, 425 Vpeak
Maximum input current	30 Arms, 42.5 Apeak
Maximum effective peak voltage	Within 425Vpeak
Maximum effective peak current	±300% of each current range, Within ±42.5Apeak
Max. rated voltage to earth	300V (50/60Hz)

### Display specifications

Display indication range	voltage and current: 1% to 152% of range active power: 0% to 231.04% of range
Displacement power factor	0.000 to 1.000 (no polarity display)
Display refresh rate	approx. 5 times per second
Response time	within 0.5 s (Time to rated accuracy after abrupt change in input [0 to 90% or 100 to 10% of range])

### Functional Specifications

Rectification method	AC (True RMS)
Analog output (D/A output)	Parameter output representation: voltage, current and active power (3 simultaneous channels) Voltage output: +2 VDC f.s. for each range Output accuracy: ±0.5% f.s. + individual measurement accuracy
Average function	Simple averaging of specified number of samples: 1, 2, 5, 10, 25, 50 or 100
VT or CT ratio	VT ratios: 1, 2, 4, 10, 20, 30, 60, 100
	CT ratios: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 16, 20, 24, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75, 80, 100
External Interfaces	RS-232C interface: Included as standard
	Asynchronous communication method:
	full-duplex; Baud rate: 9600 bps (fixed)
	GP-IB interface (Model 3333-01 only) IEEE-488.1 1987 compliant, IEEE-488.2 1987 reference
Miscellaneous	Display hold, Key lock, Settings backup (preserves settings)

### General Specifications


Safety	EN61010 Pollution Factor 2, Measurement Category III (4000 V anticipated overvoltage)
EMC	EN61326, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3
Operating environment	0 to 40 °C, 80% RH or less, non-condensating
Storage environment	-10 to 50 °C, 80% RH or less, non-condensating
Rated supply voltage	100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Maximum rated power	20 VA
Dimensions and mass	160 mm (6.30 in)W × 100 mm (3.94 in)H × 227 mm (8.94 in)D (excluding feet and projections), 1.9 kg (67.0 oz)

### Calculation formulas (3333 & 3334)

Measurement Parameters	Formula
Apparent Power (S)	$S = U \times I$
Power Factor (λ)	$\lambda = I P / S I$
Integrated Current*	(Sum of I from start of integration)/ (Number of 1 hour data)
Integrated Active Power*	(Sum of P from start of integration)/ (Number of 1 hour data)



## 3-phase Power Meter

Model & Appearance	Model No. (Order Code)	Number of Channels	AC/ DC	Harmonic Measurement	LAN	RS-232C	GP-IB	D/A output	Current Sensor Input	Synchronized Control
	PW3337	3	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	×	×	✓	✓
	PW3337-01	3	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓
	PW3337-02	3	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓
	PW3337-03	3	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	PW3336	2	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	×	×	✓	✓
	PW3336-01	2	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓
	PW3336-02	2	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	✓
	PW3336-03	2	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Accessories: Instruction manual x1, Measurement guide x1, Power cord x1

## Single-phase Power Meter

Model & Appearance	Model No. (Order Code)	Number of Channels	AC/ DC	Harmonic Measurement	LAN	RS-232C	GP-IB	D/A output	Current Sensor Input	Synchronized Control
	PW3335	1	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×	✓
	PW3335-01	1	AC/ DC	✓	✓	×	✓	×	✓	✓
	PW3335-02	1	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	×	✓
	PW3335-03	1	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	×	×	✓	✓
	PW3335-04	1	AC/ DC	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	3334	1	AC/ DC	×	×	✓	×	✓	×	×
	3334-01	1	AC/ DC	×	×	✓	✓	✓	×	×
	3333	1	AC	×	×	✓	×	✓	×	×
	3333-01	1	AC	×	×	✓	✓	✓	×	×

Accessories : Instruction manual x1, Power cord x1

### Communications and control options



RS-232C CABLE  
9637  
Cable length: 1.8 m (5.91 ft)  
9pin to 9pin



GP-IB CONNECTOR  
CABLE 9151-02  
Cable length: 2 m (6.56 ft)



LAN CABLE  
9642  
Cable length: 5 m (16.41 ft)  
supplied with straight to  
cross conversion cable



CONNECTION CORD  
9165  
For synchronized control  
Cable length: 1.5 m (4.92 ft),  
metal BNC to metal BNC

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# HIOKI

HIOKI E. E. CORPORATION

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