

## Specifications

### ■ Measurement parameters

- Primary parameters  $|Z|$ ,  $|Y|$ , L, C, R, G  
For equivalent circuit of L, C, and R, Parallel / Series / Auto Selection are selectable.
- Secondary parameters Q, D,  $\theta$ , X, B, Rs, Rp, G, Lp, Rdc (direct-current resistance)
- Auto parameter selection Primary parameters (including equivalent circuit) and secondary parameters can be selected automatically.

### ■ Measured value display range

- $|Z|$  0.000m $\Omega$  to 999.999M $\Omega$
- R (Rs, Rp, Rdc), X 0 $\Omega$ ,  $\pm(0.001\text{m}\Omega$  to 999.999M $\Omega)$
- $|Y|$  0.00nS to 9.99999kS
- G, B 0S,  $\pm(0.01\text{nS}$  to 9.99999kS)
- C (Cp, Cs) 0F,  $\pm(0.00001\text{pF}$  to 999.999kF)  
ex. 0.000pF to 999.999mF (1kHz)  
0.00pF to 9.99999F (120Hz)
- L (Ls, Lp) 0H,  $\pm(0.001\text{nH}$  to 99.9999GH)  
ex. 0.0000 $\mu$ H to 99.9999kH (1kHz)
- Q, D 0,  $\pm(0.00001$  to 99999.9)
- $\theta$   $\pm 180.000^\circ$   
Actual measurement and display ranges of respective parameters are restricted by the measurement range or frequency.

### ■ Measurement conditions

- Measurement frequency 1mHz to 100kHz, Resolution 5 digits (1mHz when < 10Hz),  $\pm 0.01\%$
- Measurement signal level 10mV to 5.00V, Resolution 3 digits (1mV when < 100mV),  $\pm(10\% + 5\text{mV})$   
RMS value when output is open
- ALC Constant voltage drive / Constant current drive / Invalid  
Voltage setting range 10mV to 5.00V, Setting resolution 3 digits (1mV when < 100mV)  
Current setting range 1 $\mu$ A to 200mA, Setting resolution 3 digits (0.1 $\mu$ A when < 10 $\mu$ A)  
The constant control range will be narrower than the above specifications depending on the product dispersion or DUT's impedance.  
The current range is restricted depending on the measurement range.
- Output impedance 5 $\Omega$  / 25 $\Omega$  / 100 $\Omega$  (supplementary values). Automatically selected according to the measurement range.  
5 $\Omega$  is selected automatically only when the following conditions are satisfied:  
Minimum output impedance setting = 5 $\Omega$ ,  
Measurement range  $\leq 10\Omega$ ,  
Measurement signal level  $\leq 1\text{V}$ , ALC = invalid,  
Internal DC bias = Off, Secondary parameter  $\neq$  Rdc
- Internal DC bias 0V to +2.50V, Resolution 0.01V,  $\pm(5\% + 3\text{mV})$  when output is open  
On/Off is possible

## Specifications

- Trigger source      INT      Internal (automatic continuous trigger)  
                           MAN      Manual  
                           EXT      Handler interface  
                           BUS      Remote control
- Trigger delay time      Setting range 0.000s to 999.999s, Resolution 0.001s  
                                   (Time after input of trigger until start of signal acquisition)
- Triggered drive      Drive only at measurement / Continuous drive selectable  
                                   (Measurement signal can be output only during the time from trigger to completion of signal acquisition)
- Measurement speed      RAPid / FAST / MEDium / SLOW / VerySLOW  
                                   Typical measurement time  
                                   (Supplementary value. Time from input of trigger to output of measurement end signal EOM)

| Measurement frequency | RAP  | FAST | MED  | SLOW  | VSLO  |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| 120Hz                 | 10ms | 10ms | 26ms | 126ms | 501ms |
| 1kHz                  | 2ms  | 5ms  | 25ms | 121ms | 501ms |
| 10kHz                 | 3ms  | 5ms  | 25ms | 122ms | 502ms |
| 100kHz                | 3ms  | 5ms  | 25ms | 122ms | 502ms |

Conditions: Measurement range fixed, Trigger delay time = 0,  
 Averaging count = 1, Secondary parameter ≠ Rdc

Signal acquisition time is the value subtracted by about 1ms from the above value.

DUT can be replaced immediately after the completion of signal acquisition.

After replacement of DUT, the signal settling time is required additionally.

Additional time when measuring direct-current resistance Rdc (supplementary value)

|      | RAP   | FAST  | MED   | SLOW  | VSLO  |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (DC) | 148ms | 148ms | 148ms | 215ms | 613ms |

Conditions: DC resistance measurement range fixed, Trigger delay time = 0, Averaging count = 1

- Measurement range

| Measurement range | Recommended range | Measurable range |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1MΩ               | 1MΩ to 11MΩ       | ≥ 900kΩ          |
| 100kΩ             | 100kΩ to 1.1MΩ    | ≥ 90kΩ           |
| 10kΩ              | 10kΩ to 110kΩ     | ≥ 9kΩ            |
| 1kΩ               | 1kΩ to 11kΩ       | ≥ 0.9kΩ          |
| 100Ω              | 9Ω to 1.1kΩ       | No limitation    |
| 10Ω               | 0.9Ω to 10Ω       | ≤ 11Ω            |
| 1Ω                | 90mΩ to 1Ω        | ≤ 1.1Ω           |
| 100mΩ             | 9mΩ to 100mΩ      | ≤ 110mΩ          |

Measurable range:      Approximate range in which measurement and display are possible (supplementary value).

Recommended range:    Recommended operating range for high accuracy measurement.

Limitation by frequency

When frequency > 20kHz, 1MΩ range cannot be used.

- Measurement range selection      Auto / Manual

■ **Measurement accuracy**

• Basic accuracy 0.08%

• Impedance measurement accuracy

Z<sub>r</sub>: Measurement range (100mΩ to 1MΩ)

Z<sub>x</sub>: Measured value of impedance magnitude |Z|

With the above definition, the impedance measurement accuracy is obtained as follows:

Accuracy of impedance magnitude |Z| ±A<sub>z</sub> [%]

$$A_z = (A + B \times U + K_z + K_y) \times V \times K_T + K_B \times U$$

Accuracy of phase angle θ of impedance ±P<sub>z</sub> [°]

$$P_z = 0.573 \times A_z$$

The measurement accuracy when A<sub>z</sub> exceeds 10 [%] is a supplementary value.

The measurement accuracy of the measured value smaller than half the lower limit of each recommended measurement range or larger than twice the upper limit is a supplementary value.

Each parameter value in the expression is listed below.

• **U: Ratio coefficient**

| Z <sub>x</sub> | U   |
|----------------|---|
| > 100Ω         | Z <sub>x</sub> / Z <sub>r</sub> (however, 1 when Z <sub>x</sub> / Z <sub>r</sub> < 1) |
| ≤ 100Ω         | Z <sub>r</sub> / Z <sub>x</sub> (however, 1 when Z <sub>r</sub> / Z <sub>x</sub> < 1) |

• **V: Signal level coefficient**

| Measurement signal level [V <sub>rms</sub> ] | V  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|--|---|
|  | Z <sub>r</sub> = 1MΩ, 100kΩ (> 20kHz)                            | Z <sub>r</sub> = 100kΩ (≤ 20kHz), 10kΩ, 1kΩ, 100Ω) | Z <sub>r</sub> = 10Ω, 1Ω   | Z <sub>r</sub> = 100mΩ  |
| 2 < Level ≤ 5                                | 1.3 1.3 1.3  | 1.3 1.3 1.3  | 1.3 1.3 1.3  | 3 2 1.3   |
| 1 < Level ≤ 2                                | 1.2 1.2 1.2  | 1.2 1.2 1.2  | 1.2 1.2 1.2  | 1.8 1.5 1.2   |
| 1  | 1 1 1  | 1 1 1  | 1 1 1  | 1 1 1   |
| 0.5 < Level < 1                              | 1.4 1.2 1.2  | 1.4 1.2 1.2  | 1.5 1.5 1.2  | 2.5 2 1.2   |
| 0.2 < Level ≤ 0.5                            | 1.4 1.3 1.3  | 1.4 1.3 1.3  | 2.5 2.2 1.3  | 3 3 1.3<br>× (0.5V <sub>rms</sub> / Meas. signal level [V <sub>rms</sub> ]) |
| 0.1 < Level ≤ 0.2                            | 2.2 2.2 1.4  | 1.4 1.4 1.4  | 3.5 3.5 1.4  |   |
| 0.05 < Level ≤ 0.1                           | 2.5 2.5 1.6  | 1.8 1.6 1.6  | × (0.2V <sub>rms</sub> / Meas. signal level [V <sub>rms</sub> ]) |   |
| 0.02 < Level ≤ 0.05                          | × (0.1V <sub>rms</sub> / Meas. signal level [V <sub>rms</sub> ]) | 4 2.8 2  |  |   |
| 0.01 ≤ Level ≤ 0.02                          | level [V <sub>rms</sub> ])                                       | 8 5 3  |  |   |

Three coefficients in each column are applied to the measurement speeds RAP, FAST, MED from the left in order.

The coefficient for measurement speeds SLOW and VSLO is same as MED.

For FAST, the coefficient of MED is applied when measurement frequency ≤ 40Hz.

For RAP, the coefficient of FAST when measurement frequency ≤ 250Hz, or that of MED when measurement frequency ≤ 40Hz is applied.

The coefficient varies depending on the frequency when measurement range Z<sub>r</sub> = 100kΩ. At all times, V = 1 for the direct-current resistance R<sub>dc</sub>.

• **Kz: Residual impedance coefficient**

| Frequency                        | Kz [%]  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| DC (0Hz), Frequency $\leq$ 120Hz | $(0.003 + Kc) / Zx[\Omega]$                                       |
| 120Hz < Frequency $\leq$ 1kHz    | $(0.005 + Kc) / Zx[\Omega]$                                       |
| 1kHz < Frequency $\leq$ 10kHz    | $(0.005 + 0.002 \times \text{Frequency [kHz]} + Kc) / Zx[\Omega]$ |
| 10kHz < Frequency $\leq$ 100kHz  | $(0.0025 \times \text{Frequency [kHz]} + Kc) / Zx[\Omega]$        |

Cable length coefficient  $Kc = 0.001 \times \text{Frequency [kHz]} \times (\text{Cable length [m]})^2$

• **Ky: Residual admittance coefficient**

| Frequency                       | Ky [%]   |
|---------------------------------|--|
| DC, Frequency $\leq$ 120Hz      | $Zx[\Omega] / (3 \times 10^8)$                               |
| 120Hz < Frequency $\leq$ 100kHz | $Zx[\Omega] \times \text{Frequency [kHz]} / (3 \times 10^7)$ |

• **K<sub>T</sub>: Temperature-dependent coefficient**

| Ambient temperature (T °C) | K <sub>T</sub>            |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0 to +18                   | $1 + 0.1 \times (18 - T)$ |
| +18 to +28                 | 1                         |
| +28 to +40                 | $1 + 0.1 \times (T - 28)$ |

• **K<sub>B</sub>: DC bias coefficient**

| Internal DC bias | Measurement range Z <sub>r</sub> | K <sub>B</sub> [%]                    |                  |
|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
|                  |                                  | Frequency $\leq$ 10kHz                | Frequency >10kHz |
| Disabled         | All ranges                       | 0                                     | 0                |
| Enabled          | 1M $\Omega$                      | 0.02                                  | 0.02             |
|                  | 100 $\Omega$ to 100k $\Omega$    | 0.003                                 | 0.01             |
|                  | 10 $\Omega$                      | 0.03                                  | 0.05             |
|                  | 1 $\Omega$                       | 0.3                                   | 0.5              |
|                  | 100m $\Omega$                    | Measurement accuracy is not specified |                  |

At all times,  $K_B = 0$  for the direct-current resistance R<sub>dc</sub>.

Specifications

- **A (upper row): Basic coefficient [%]**
- **B (lower row): Proportional coefficient [%]**

| Meas. speed     | Meas. range<br>$Z_r$ | Measurement frequency Hz |  |                    |               |                         |                     |                     |                     |                      |
|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
|                 |                      | 0<br>(DC)                | 99.999<br>↑<br>1m  | 999.99<br>↑<br>100 | 1k            | 1.9884k<br>↑<br>1.0001k | 10k<br>↑<br>1.9885k | 20k<br>↑<br>10.001k | 50k<br>↑<br>20.001k | 100k<br>↑<br>50.001k |
| MED, SLOW, VSLO | 1MΩ                  | 0.14<br>0.02             | 0.50<br>0.30   | 0.15<br>0.025      | 0.10<br>0.02  | 0.15<br>0.03            | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.25<br>0.03        | –                   | –                    |
|                 | 100kΩ                | 0.12<br>0.01             | 0.25<br>0.04   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.09<br>0.01  | 0.10<br>0.015           | 0.20<br>0.025       | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.30<br>0.03        | 0.80<br>0.03         |
|                 | 10kΩ                 | 0.09<br>0.01             | 0.20<br>0.03   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.07<br>0.01  | 0.09<br>0.01            | 0.16<br>0.015       | 0.20<br>0.02        | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.80<br>0.03         |
|                 | 1kΩ                  | 0.09<br>0.01             | 0.20<br>0.03   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.07<br>0.01  | 0.09<br>0.01            | 0.16<br>0.015       | 0.20<br>0.02        | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.30<br>0.03         |
|                 | 100Ω                 | 0.09<br>0.01             | 0.20<br>0.03   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.07<br>0.01  | 0.09<br>0.01            | 0.16<br>0.015       | 0.20<br>0.02        | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.30<br>0.03         |
|                 | 10Ω                  | 0.12<br>0.02             | 0.25<br>0.03   | 0.17<br>0.02       | 0.12<br>0.01  | 0.15<br>0.015           | 0.20<br>0.017       | 0.40<br>0.03        | 0.45<br>0.05        | 0.50<br>0.06         |
|                 | 1Ω                   | 0.14<br>0.05             | 0.40<br>0.06   | 0.30<br>0.02       | 0.20<br>0.02  | 0.25<br>0.02            | 0.35<br>0.02        | 0.60<br>0.03        | 0.70<br>0.08        | 0.90<br>0.10         |
|                 | 100mΩ                | 0.14<br>0.30             | 0.60<br>0.40   | 0.30<br>0.10       | 0.30<br>0.04  | 0.30<br>0.04            | 0.40<br>0.03        | 0.60<br>0.06        | 0.90<br>0.10        | 0.90<br>0.10         |
| FAST            | 1MΩ                  | Same<br>as<br>above      | 0.50<br>0.30   | 0.15<br>0.025      | 0.12<br>0.03  | 0.15<br>0.03            | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.25<br>0.03        | –                   | –                    |
|                 | 100kΩ                |                          | 0.25<br>0.04   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.09<br>0.01  | 0.10<br>0.015           | 0.20<br>0.025       | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.30<br>0.03        | 0.80<br>0.03         |
|                 | 10kΩ                 |                          | 0.20<br>0.03   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.08<br>0.01  | 0.09<br>0.01            | 0.16<br>0.015       | 0.20<br>0.02        | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.80<br>0.03         |
|                 | 1kΩ                  |                          | 0.20<br>0.03   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.08<br>0.01  | 0.09<br>0.01            | 0.16<br>0.015       | 0.20<br>0.02        | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.30<br>0.03         |
|                 | 100Ω                 |                          | 0.20<br>0.03   | 0.15<br>0.02       | 0.08<br>0.01  | 0.09<br>0.01            | 0.16<br>0.015       | 0.20<br>0.03        | 0.25<br>0.03        | 0.30<br>0.03         |
|                 | 10Ω                  |                          | 0.25<br>0.03   | 0.17<br>0.02       | 0.13<br>0.015 | 0.15<br>0.02            | 0.20<br>0.02        | 0.40<br>0.08        | 0.45<br>0.08        | 0.50<br>0.08         |
|                 | 1Ω                   |                          | 0.40<br>0.06   | 0.30<br>0.02       | 0.22<br>0.025 | 0.25<br>0.03            | 0.35<br>0.03        | 0.60<br>0.20        | 0.70<br>0.20        | 0.90<br>0.20         |
|                 | 100mΩ                |                          | 0.60<br>0.40   | 0.30<br>0.15       | 0.30<br>0.06  | 0.30<br>0.06            | 0.40<br>0.06        | 0.80<br>0.06        | 1.0<br>0.80         | 1.0<br>0.80          |
| RAP             | –                    | Same<br>as<br>above      | For measurement frequency > 250Hz, multiply FAST value by 1.3.<br>For measurement frequency ≤ 250Hz, use FAST value. |                    |               |                         |                     |                     |                     |                      |

• Other conditions

- Warm-up 30 minutes or more
  - Zero correction Execute open correction and short correction.
  - Cable length correction Execute according to the cable length.
- Measurement accuracy is not guaranteed in a range other than the following applicable frequency range.

| Cable  | Applicable frequency range        |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| 0m, 1m | All ranges including DC           |
| 2m     | DC, Frequency $\leq 20\text{kHz}$ |
| 4m     | DC, Frequency $\leq 1\text{kHz}$  |

Calibration cycle 1 year

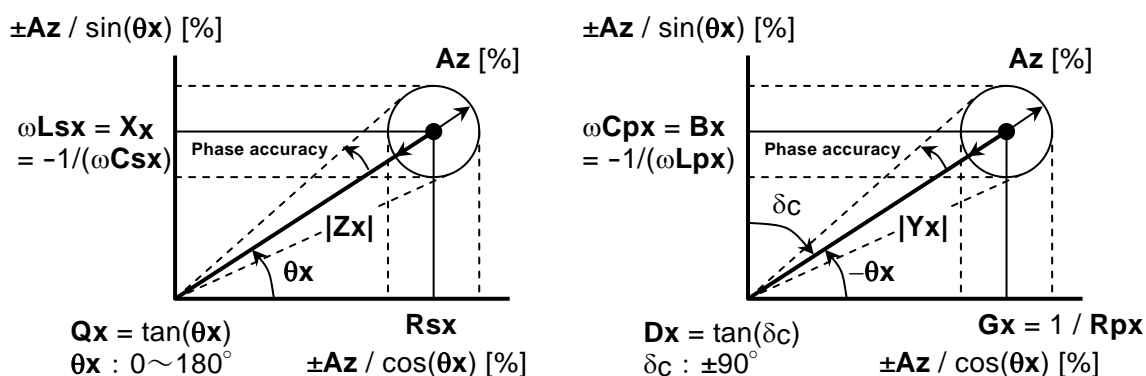
• Measurement accuracy of measurement parameters except Z and  $\theta$

From the measurement accuracy of impedance, obtain as follows.

Here,  $Q_x$  is a measured value of Q,  $D_x$  is a measured value of D, and  $\theta_x$  is a measured value of  $\theta$ .  $\theta_x$  used for accuracy calculation may be obtained from  $(90^\circ - \tan^{-1} |1/Q_x|)$  or  $(90^\circ - \tan^{-1} |D_x|)$ .

| Parameter     | Measurement accuracy  |
|---------------|---|
| Y             | $\pm A_z$ [%]   |
| $L_p, L_s, X$ | $\pm A_z$ [%] ( $ Q_x  \geq 10$ ), $\pm A_z / \sin\theta_x$ [%] ( $ Q_x  < 10$ )  |
| $C_p, C_s, B$ | $\pm A_z$ [%] ( $ D_x  \leq 0.1$ ), $\pm A_z / \sin\theta_x$ [%] ( $ D_x  > 0.1$ )  |
| $R_p, R_s, G$ | $\pm A_z$ [%] ( $ Q_x  \leq 0.1$ ), $\pm A_z / \cos\theta_x$ [%] ( $ Q_x  > 0.1$ )  |
| Rdc           | $\pm A_z$ [%]   |
| Q             | $\pm Q_x^2 \times P_e / (1 -  Q_x  \times P_e)$ ( $ Q_x  \geq 10,  Q_x  \times P_e \leq 0.1$ )<br>Here, the phase angle error $P_e$ [rad] = $0.01 \times A_z$ [%].<br>It differs from $P_z$ [°].<br>Measurement accuracy of Q is absolute value. It is not a % value. |
| D             | $\pm(0.01 \times A_z)$ ( $ D_x  \leq 0.1$ )<br>Measurement accuracy of D is absolute value. It is not a % value.  |

In general, a range of each measurement parameter (maximum value and minimum value) can be calculated based on an error circle of the impedance.



$\omega = 2 \times \pi \times$  Measurement frequency [Hz], Suffix "x" of the parameter indicates a measured value.

Figure 9-1 Range of error

Pure L [H] and C [F] can be converted into |Z| [Ω] by the following expression:

$$|Z| [\Omega] = 2 \times \pi \times \text{Frequency [Hz]} \times L [\text{H}]$$

$$|Z| [\Omega] = 1 / (2 \times \pi \times \text{Frequency [Hz]} \times C [\text{F}])$$

Approximate value can be read from the following graph.

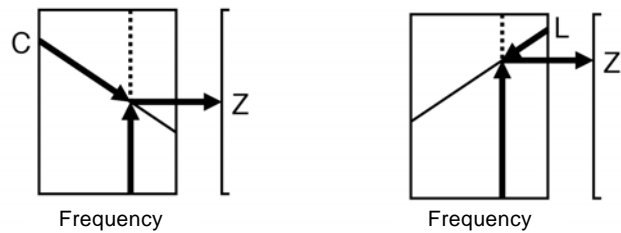
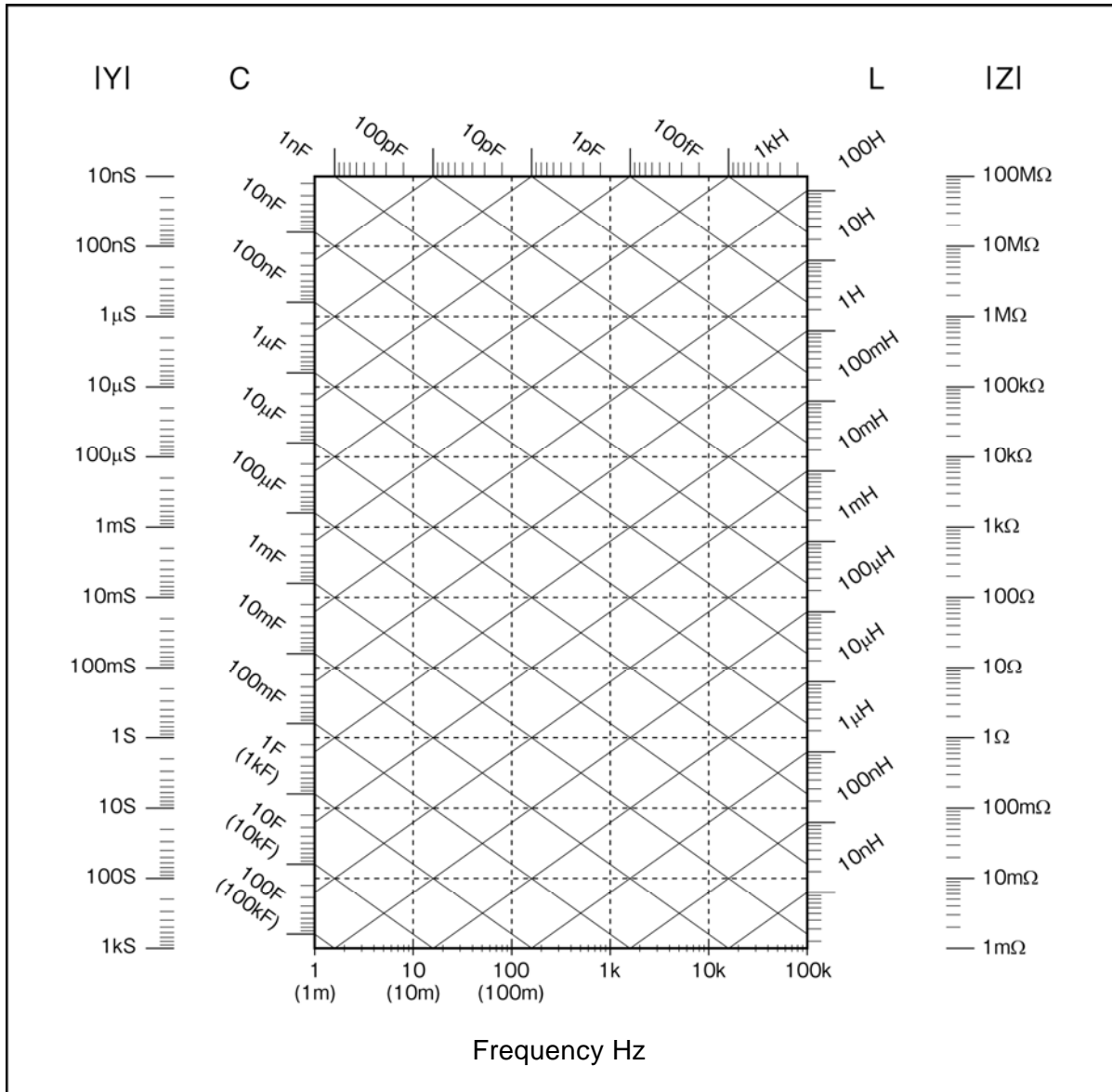


Figure 9-2 LC - Z conversion graph

■ **Other measurement related functions**

- Zero correction                    Open correction and short correction provided. Both can be turned on or off.
- Load correction                    Provided. It can be turned on or off.
- Cable length correction            0m / 1m / 2m / 4m
- Contact check                      (Standard for **ZM2372**. Not provided for **ZM2371**)  
For all 4 terminals, a contact failure to DUT is detected.  
Additional time 4ms (supplementary value)
- Averaging                            1 to 256 times
- Deviation measurement            Primary parameters:    Deviation and deviation % from reference value can be displayed.  
Secondary parameters: Deviation and deviation % from reference value can be displayed.
- Comparator                         Primary parameters:    Max. 9 bins (**ZM2371**) / Max. 14 bins (**ZM2372**)  
Original measured value / Deviation / Deviation % can be sorted.  
Secondary parameters: Upper limit and lower limit comparison  
Original measured value / Deviation / Deviation % can be sorted.  
Beeper:                                Sounds according to comparator result (Pass / Fail / Off)
- Handler interface                    (Standard for **ZM2372**. Not provided for **ZM2371**)  
Signal isolation:                      All I/O signals are optically isolated (withstand voltage  $\pm 42V$ )  
Input signals:                         Trigger, Key lock, Settings/correction value memory designation  
Output signals:                        Comparator result BIN1 to BIN11, NC / BIN12, PHI / BIN13, PLO / BIN14, OUT OF BINS, S-NG, ERR, INDEX, EOM (NC, PHI, and PLO cannot be used when BIN10 - BIN14 are used)  
Rated power voltage:                External +5V to +24V,  
Internal +5V (non- isolated)
- Monitor display                      Voltage: Voltage value applied to the DUT  
Voltage monitor accuracy  $\pm(2\%+2mV_{rms})$     10Hz to 50kHz  
 $\pm(3.5\%+2mV_{rms})$     50kHz <  
Current: Current value flowing in the DUT  
Current monitor accuracy (supplementary value)  
Voltage monitor accuracy + Measurement accuracy of impedance Z
- Discharge protection                8J or less when voltage is below 250V, or 1J or less when below 1kV.  
However, for output impedance  $5\Omega$ , below 250V and 2J or less.  
(All are supplementary values)

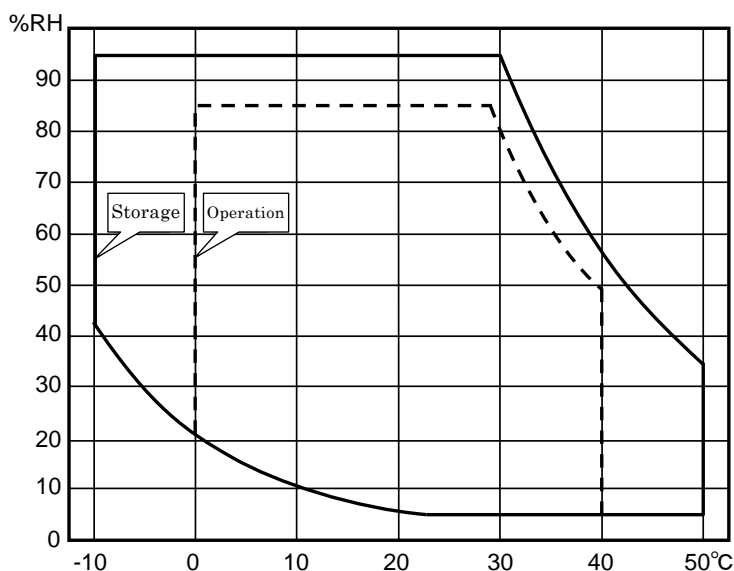


■ **Remote control interface**

- USB                      USBTMC, USB 1.1 full speed
- RS-232                    Data rate  
                                  4800 / 9600 / 19200 / 38400 / 57600 / 115200 / 230400bps  
                                  For the data rate exceeding 19200bps, communication may fail  
                                  depending on the characteristics of cable or controller.  
                                  Flow control  
                                  None, Software (X-ON/X-OFF), Hardware (RTS/CTS)
- GPIB (standard for **ZM2372**. Not provided for **ZM2371**)  
                                  Conforms to IEEE 488.1 and IEEE 488.2 Standards

■ **General specifications**

- Power supply
  - Voltage: AC 100V to 230V  $\pm 10\%$ , but 250V or less
  - Frequency: 50Hz/60Hz  $\pm 2\text{Hz}$
  - Power consumption: 70VA or less (**ZM2371**),  
75VA or less (**ZM2372**)
  - Over voltage category II
- Environmental conditions
  - Operation
    - Temperature: 0 to  $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$
    - Humidity: 5 to 85%RH Absolute humidity 1 to  $25\text{g/m}^3$ , non-condensing
    - Altitude: 2000m or less
  - Storage
    - Temperature:  $-10$  to  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$
    - Humidity: 5 to 95%RH Absolute humidity 1 to  $29\text{g/m}^3$ , non-condensing



Pollution Degree 2 (indoor use)

- Warn-up time 30 minutes
- Settings/correction value memory 32 sets. Settings and correction values can be saved and restore individually or together.
- Resume Last setting and correction value are restore when power is turned on.
- Safety regulation EN 61010-1: 2001
- EMC EN 61326-1: 2006
- External dimensions Approx. 260 (W)  $\times$  88 (H)  $\times$  220 (D) mm, not including protuberances
- Weight Approx. 2.0kg (**ZM2371**), approx. 2.1kg (**ZM2372**) (not including accessories)